

FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BODY

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

Gregory P. Hansen

COMMISIONERS

Craig Pope 15040 Airlie Road Monmouth, Oregon 97361

Jeremy Gordon 180 Dayton Street Fall City, Oregon 97344

Lyle Mordhorst 6030 Bethel Heights Road Salem, Oregon 97304

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Valerie Patoine, Assessor Valerie Unger, Clerk Aaron Felton, District Attorney Mark Garton, Sheriff Steve Milligan, Treasurer

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Polk County Dallas, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Polk County (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Polk County, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Public Works, Behavioral Health and American Rescue Plan funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Board of Commissioners Polk County Independent Auditor's Report January 25, 2024

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect material misstatements when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Commissioners Polk County Independent Auditor's Report January 25, 2024

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages i –viii and the schedules on pages 59 –63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining statements, individual fund schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Board of Commissioners Polk County Independent Auditor's Report January 25, 2024

Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2024, on our consideration of the County's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

January 25, 2024

By:

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Partner





POLK COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

The management of Polk County, Oregon presents this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements as well as provide additional information to readers. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements. This narrative is based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditors' report.

Financial Highlights

- The County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$53,311,387 at June 30, 2023, on its government-wide statement of net position. Of this amount, \$49,649,387 is the net investment in capital assets and \$25,767,136 is restricted for various purposes.
- The County's total net position increased \$11,429,079 during the current fiscal year. This increase is attributable to revenue in excess of expenses. Expenses include \$4,232,580 for depreciation and amortization non-cash expenses. Expenses in the current year were decreased by pension cost adjustments of \$623,497 and increased for OPEB cost adjustments of \$106,050 as required by governmental accounting standards.
- At June 30, 2023, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,352,369 or approximately 26% of total General Fund expenditures for the year.
- Actual pension contributions paid during this fiscal year were \$5,960,323, but due to adjustments required by GASB 68, pension expense for the year was a decrease of \$623,497. This standard is likely to produce large shifts in pension costs and pension liability from year to year in the future.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements are made up of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all assets and liabilities of the County, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may be a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents a summary of current fiscal year income and expense and shows how the County's net position changed during the year on an accrual basis. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee vacation leave).

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

It is required that both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). All functions of Polk County are classified as governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements are financial reports that provide more detail than the government-wide financial statements. A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Polk County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

• Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements are presented on a modified-accrual basis. The measurement focus for the fund statements is based on the acquisition and use of current spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

The County maintains 26 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Public Works, Behavioral Health, and American Rescue Plan, all of which are considered to be major governmental funds. Data for the other 22 governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. The Polk County Extension District is considered a component unit of the County and, for the purposes of the financial statements, is included with the County governmental funds. Financial information for governmental funds is included on pages 3 through 14 in this report and is reconciled to the government-wide statements on pages 4 and 6. Individual fund data for each of the non-major funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements and schedules on pages 64 through 90 in this report.

- Proprietary funds are used by the County to allocate costs internally among various functions and to report business-type activities. The County currently maintains no business-type activities, but uses proprietary internal service funds to account for overall management activities including finance, Board of Commissioners, insurance and risk management, fleet management, telephone and data processing, mail processing and facilities management. Because these services benefit governmental functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Summary information about Polk County's internal service funds is contained on pages 15-17 and detailed fund information can be found on pages 91 through 97 of this report.
- **Fiduciary funds** (agency funds) are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds do not belong to the County and are not available to support County programs. The County maintains agency funds for taxing districts, for inmates at the jail and various other miscellaneous trust accounts as the need arises. Information about Agency fund activity for the year is located on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental and proprietary funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with budget.

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 20 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America provide for certain required supplementary information to supplement the County's basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This required supplementary information is presented on pages 59-63.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information required by State regulations and by the Federal government. This supplementary information is presented on pages 64-99.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Assets exceeded liabilities by \$53,311,387 at June 30,2023. Net investment in capital assets is \$49,649,387. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

NET POSITION

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2023		<u>Change</u>
Assets					
Current Assets	\$ 42,10	51,832 \$	\$ 4	5,795,460	\$ 3,633,628
Capital Assets, net	63,0	59,601	6	6,856,283	 3,786,682
Total Assets	105,23	31,433	11	2,651,743	7,420,310
Deferred Outflows	16,66	66,261	1	6,167,726	 (498,535)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	121,89	97,694	12	8,819,469	 6,921,775
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	14,0	51,836	1	1,353,870	(2,697,966)
Long-Term Liabilities	22,0	30,393	2	0,793,114	(1,237,279)
Net Pension Liability	24,40	51,258	3	2,914,302	8,453,044
Total Liabilities	60,5	13 , 487	6	5,061,286	 4,517,799
Deferred Inflows	19,4	71,899_	1	0,446,796	 (9,025,103)
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	80,0	L5,386	7	5,508,082	 (4,507,304)
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	45,0	71,470	4	9,649,387	4,577,917
Restricted Net Position	19,3	36,033	2	5,767,136	6,431,103
Unrestricted	(22,5	25,195 <u>)</u>	(2	2,105,136)	 420,059
Total Net Position	\$ 41,8	32,308 \$	\$ 5	3,311,387	\$ 11,429,079

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

During the year, current assets increased \$3,633,628. Net capital assets increased \$3,786,682. Details of capital assets acquired appears later in this narrative.

At June 30, 2023, the balance of deferred outflows relating to pension was \$15,946,864, a decrease of \$452,052 from the prior year. At June 30, 2023, the balance of deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$220,862, a decrease of \$46,483 from the prior year.

Liabilities increased \$4,517,799 during the year. This change includes a \$2,697,966 decrease in current liabilities, a \$1,237,279 decrease in long term liabilities and an \$8,453,044 increase in net pension liability. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities increased \$3,006,456, and unearned revenues decreased \$5,703,472 due to the use of coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds. Current portion of long-term debt, leases and SIBTA decreased \$118,514 and liability for compensated absences increased \$26,570. Long term liabilities for debt obligations decreased \$1,383,959 due to payments on debt obligations and amortization of lease and SBITA liabilities. However, there was an \$7,980,430 increase in net pension liability and other post-employment benefits.

Net position of the County increased \$11,429,079 during the year. This change includes an increase of \$4,577,917 in net investment in capital assets, increase of \$6,431,103 in restricted net position, and an increase of \$420,059 in unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets is defined as the total purchase price of the capital assets owned reduced by the accumulated depreciation on those assets, less the balance of debt relating to these assets. The remaining deficit net position of \$22,525,195 is unrestricted.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Key elements of the net position increase and a comparison with the prior year are as follows.

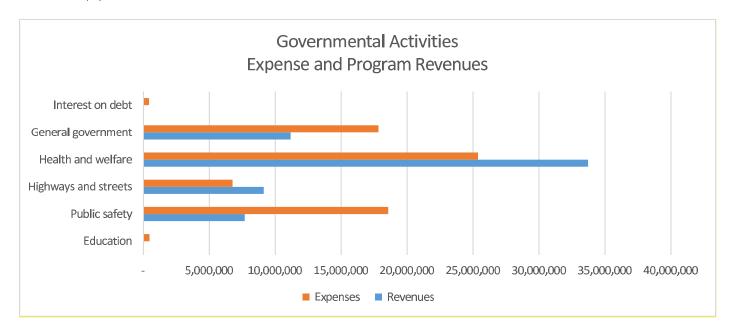
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	Change
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 6,013,577	\$ 6,786,911	\$ 773,334
Program grants and contributions	44,922,208	54,915,966	9,993,758
General revenues:			
Property taxes	15,034,209	15,638,848	604,639
Franchise fees	636,249	719,963	83,714
Other grants and contributions	842,229	805,012	(37,217)
Interest earnings	179,124	1,107,797	928,673
Miscellaneous	308,416	858,504	550,088
	•	_	
Total Revenues	67,936,012	80,833,001	12,896,989
Expenses:			
General government	16,134,834	17,825,373	1,690,539
Public safety	16,504,810	18,560,646	2,055,836
Highways and streets	6,081,500	6,757,626	676,126
Health and welfare	20,306,464	25,367,633	5,061,169
Education	472,294	467,904	(4,390)
Interest on long-term debt	433,014	424,740	(8,274)
Total Expense	59,932,916	69,403,922	9,471,006
Increase (decrease) in net position	8,003,096	11,429,079	3,425,983
Beginning net position	33,879,212	• •	8,003,096
	, ,		
Ending net position	\$ 41,882,308	\$ \$ 53,311,387	\$ 11,429,079

Total revenues for the year were \$80,833,001, an increase of \$12,896,989 over the prior year. Revenues include direct program revenue of \$61,702,877 and general revenue of \$19,130,124. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and operating grants and revenues, which are allocable directly to programs. Program revenue increased \$10,767,092 and general revenue increased by \$2,129,897 when compared to the prior year. Program revenue increased \$773,334 for charges for services and \$9,993,758 for grants and contributions. General revenues increased \$604,639 for property tax and \$83,714 for franchise fees. Other grants and contributions decreased \$37,217, interest earnings increased \$928,673, and miscellaneous revenues increased \$550,088.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Total expenses increased \$9,471,006 this year when compared to the prior year. Per the Statement of Activities, expenses increased in most categories: General government \$1,690,539, Public safety \$2,055,836, Highways and streets \$676,126, and Health and welfare \$5,061,169. Education decreased \$4,390 and Interest on long term debt decreased \$8,274.



The chart above compares direct program revenue with program expenses. During the past year, there were increases in General government, Public safety, Health and welfare, and Highways and streets expenses due to the effects of the increase in pension liabilities, and an increase in Health and welfare operating grants and contributions due to increases in health services as full operations were resumed.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As required, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2023, the County's governmental funds have combined ending fund balances of \$32,302,791, which includes an increase of \$6,342,757 during the current fiscal year. The ending fund balance consists of \$971,492 defined as nonspendable, \$24,877,103 defined as restricted and \$153,008 defined as committed. Nonspendable fund balances include inventory and prepaid expenses which are nonspendable due to the nature of the item. Restricted fund balances are restricted by agencies or funding sources outside the County organization. Committed fund balances are committed for designated purposes by the County Board of Commissioners. Fund balances not included in these defined categories are considered unassigned and available for appropriation in the subsequent year at the Board's discretion. The County's unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2023 is \$6,301,188, a decrease of \$90,857 increase over the \$6,392,045 unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2022.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2023, unassigned General Fund balance was \$6,352,369, approximately 91% of the total General Fund balance. The General Fund balance increased \$154,684 during the current fiscal year, compared to an increase of \$732,402 in the prior year.

The fund balances of the County's major funds changed during the year as follows: General Fund – increase \$154,684, Public Works – increase \$681,027, and Behavioral Health – increase \$4,109,063, American Rescue Plan – increase \$10,237. The fund increases were the result of revenues in excess of expenditures. Other non-major governmental funds combined showed a fund balance increase of \$1,387,746. The fund increases were the result of revenues in excess of expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, two budget modifications were adopted by the Board. The modifications transferred \$1,203,000 from general fund operating contingency to various departments. Appropriation increases included the following: Community Development - \$25,000 Clerk Elections - \$70,000, District Attorney - \$10,000, Sheriff - \$375,000, Emergency Management - \$350,000 and Non-Departmental - \$5,000. There was also an increase in transfers to other funds in the amount of \$368,000.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The County's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation at June 30, 2023, is \$66,856,283. This investment in capital assets includes land, building and improvements, machinery and equipment, roads and bridges, vehicles and construction in progress. The net increase during the current year was \$3,786,682.

New assets acquired include finishing construction on the Evidence and Public Works/Emergency Management Building (\$9,702,385), other improvements to buildings (\$228,790), machinery and equipment (\$338,622), vehicles (\$703,076), and computers (\$1,574,490). In addition, the implementation of GASB 96 added \$726,738 in right to use assets as of the beginning of the year. Currently, the county has a few large projects sitting in work in process. Of those projects, the largest one is FCO building which will be completed in the 2023-2024 fiscal year. In addition to the FCO building, the following are the larger county projects, Grand Ronde Road upgrade (\$942,848), Hankel Transitional Housing Project (\$657,014), Buena Vista Boat Launch and Park (\$380,170), Jail Cameras (\$1,196,302), Fairgrounds Upgrades (\$273,189) and HVAC Upgrade - Jail (\$73,829). Eleven new vehicles were purchased during the year for a total of \$703,076.18. Four of the vehicles belong to the Sheriff's office, three of the vehicles to Public Works, one to Community Corrections, and the other vehicles were for Emergency Crisis.

The investment in capital assets balance for the year is increased by asset acquisitions net of reclassifications of CIP (\$7,311,927) and initial capitalization of right of use acquisitions in accordance with GASB 96 (\$726,738), decreased by depreciation expense (\$3,548,755) amortization expense (\$683,825), and asset dispositions (\$19,404). Additional detail about capital asset changes can be found in Note 5 labeled "Capital Assets" in the financial statements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration (continued)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County owed \$13,134,531 in long-term obligations, which is the total of three bond issues and a land sales contract. Bonds (certificates of participation) in the amount of \$2,250,000 were issued in 2011 for the primary purpose of debt payoff and remodeling to the Academy Building. Additional bonds (\$790,000) were issued in April 2012 for the purpose of paying off debt which financed the 2004 Falls City road project. Additional bonds (\$14,300,000) were issued in 2019 for the remodel of the Courthouse and for construction of new Emergency Management and Public Works buildings. Principal payments of \$845,000 and interest of \$309,772 were paid on the bonds during the year. Bond payments for the certificates of participation are made from the Building Improvement Fund using savings in rental costs. Bond payments for the Falls City road project are made by the Public Works Fund from revenue. Bond payments for the Courthouse remodel and Emergency Management/Public Works complex were made from savings in rental costs.

During 2019, a land sales contract was incurred in the amount of \$525,000 for the purchase of land and buildings. Principal payments of \$17,620 and interest payments of \$23,957 were made during the year.

Additional details about debt and repayment terms are contained (Note 6) in notes to the financial statements.

Key Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget Information

- Polk County's fiscal year 2023-24 budgeted appropriations increased \$7,028,950 compared to the prior year budget.
- General Fund resources for fiscal year 2023-24 are budgeted at \$32,417,550. This includes a beginning fund balance of \$6,400,000.
- Significant changes in fiscal year 2023-24 budgeted expenses, including percentage change from the prior year's final budget are:
 - Public Works increase \$4,022,000 (30%), increase as a result of receiving additional funding for projects previously completed and in progress.
 - Health Services increase \$2,715,000 (44%), due to a budgeted inter-fund loan to finish construction of a new building and prevention monies from the State to address homelessness.
 - Public Health decrease \$432,500 (11%) mainly due to the ramp down of COVID.
 - Behavioral Health increase \$5,000,000 (14%) increase as a result of receiving additional federal and state funding due to new state programs and funding streams.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide a general overview of Polk County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to:

Katlyn D'Agostini
Polk County Finance Director
850 Main Street
Dallas, Oregon 97338

Phone: 503-623-9264



	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,086,088
Receivables, net	6,066,675
Inventory	423,915
Assets held for sale	765,029
Prepaid items	803,257
Net other postemployment benefit asset	450,496
Deposit on property	200,000
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	9,001,226
Other capital assets, net	57,855,057
Total assets	112,651,743
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension related items	15,946,864
Other postemployment benefit related items	220,862
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>16,167,726</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,347,018
Deposits	3,300
Unearned revenue	6,003,552
Long-term liabilities:	3,333,332
Due within one year	2,968,010
Due in more than one year	50,739,406
Total liabilities	65,061,286
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension related items	9,412,958
Other postemployment benefit related items	1,033,838
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,446,796
Not no Mio	
Net position	40.040.207
Net investment in capital assets	49,649,387
Restricted for:	2.050.200
Highways and streets	3,950,298
Health and welfare Public safety	15,848,853
•	608,500
Economic development	626,436
Community housing	3,327,786
Education	68,084
Other purposes	1,337,179
Unrestricted	(22,105,136)
Total net position	<u>\$ 53,311,387</u>

			Rev	renues	N.	et (Expense)	
	_				Operating	Revenue and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	•	charges for Services		Grants and contributions	Cr	nanges in Net Position
Governmental activities:	LAPCHSCS		00111003	_	on thousand		rosition
General government	\$ 17,825,373	\$	2,626,885	\$	8,536,778	\$	(6,661,710)
Public safety	18,560,646	Ψ	1,247,532	Ψ	6,442,317	Ψ	(10,870,797)
Highways and streets	6,757,626		665,076		8,458,755		2,366,205
Health and welfare	25,367,633		2,247,418		31,478,116		8,357,901
Education	467,904		-		- , -, -		(467,904)
Interest	424,740		-				(424,740)
Total governmental activities	\$ 69,403,922	\$	6,786,911	<u>\$</u>	54,915,966		(7,701,045)
	General revenues	:					
	Taxes levied for	r.					
	General purp	oses	6				15,115,328
	Education						523,520
	Franchise fees						719,963
	Grants and con	tribu	itions not rest	ricte	ed to		
	specific prog	rams	6				805,012
	Unrestricted inv	estr/	ment earnings				1,107,797
	Miscellaneous						753,895
	Gain on sale of	ass	et				104,609
	Total general	reve	enues and tra	nsfe	ers		19,130,124
	Change in net pos	sition	า				11,429,079
	Net position - beg	inni	ng				41,882,308
	Net position - end	ding				\$	53,311,387

							Am	erican Rescue	Tot	-	Tota	al Governmental
		General	P	ublic Works	Be	havioral Health		Plan		Funds		Funds
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,430,114	\$	4,068,913	\$	12,909,888	\$	6,942,567	\$	6,155,781	\$	36,507,263
Receivables		1,901,693		1,206,933		1,798,534		8,811		1,132,62 7		6,048,598
Inventory		-		423,915				-		-		423,915
Assets held for resale		-				765,029				-		765,029
Prepaid items		47,681		414,913		17,438		43,750		23,795		547,577
Due from other funds	_	232,925	_	-	_		_		_	-	_	232,925
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	8,612,413	<u>\$</u>	6,114,674	<u>\$</u>	15,490,889	<u>\$</u>	6,995,128	<u>\$</u>	7,312,203	\$	44,525,307
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	972,749	\$	1,325,548	\$	1,088,149	\$	1,324,831	\$	446,100	\$	5,157,377
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		5,660,060		343,492		6,003,552
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		155,300		155,300
Consumer deposits	_		_		_				_	3,300		3,300
Total liabilities		972,749	_	1,325,548	_	1,088,149		6,984,891		948,192		11,319,529
Deferred inflows of resources												
Unavailable revenue	_	660,436	_	4,784	_		_		_	237,767		902,987
Fund balances												
Nonspendable		47,681		838,828		17,438		43,750		23,795		971,492
Restricted		579,178		3,945,514		14,385,302				5,967,109		24,877,103
Committed				-		-		-		153,008		153,008
Unassigned	_	6,352,369	_	-	_		_	(33,513)	_	(17,668)		6,301,188
Total fund balances	_	6,979,228	_	4,784,342	_	14,402,740		10,237	_	6,126,244		32,302,791
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	8,612,413	<u>\$</u>	6,114,674	\$	15,490,889	\$	6,995,128	\$	7,312,203	\$	44,525,307

53,311,387

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** June 30, 2023

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 32,302,791
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
The statement of net position reports a net other postemployment benefit asset for the County's participation in the Oregon PERS Retiree Health Insurance Account	450,496
The deposit on property is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds	200,000
Capital and lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds	66,856,283
The government-wide statements report as a deferred outflow contributions made to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and changes in assumptions and investment returns related to its participation in OPERS	15,946,864
The government-wide statements report a deferred outflow related to changes in assumptions and investment returns related to participation in other postemployment benefit plans	220,862
Other long-term assets are not available for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds	902,987
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	(53,707,416)
The government-wide statements report as a deferred inflow the effect of difference between projected and actual earnings and changes in proportionate share of contributions to OPERS	(9,412,958)
The government-wide statements report as a deferred inflow the effect of difference between projected and actual earnings and changes in proportionate share of contributions to other postemployment benefit plans	(1,033,838)
Current assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities:	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 596,493 Receivables, net 18,077 Prepaid items 255,680 Accounts payable (189,641)	
Due to other funds (95,293)	585,316

Net position of governmental activities

	General	Public Works	Behavioral Health	American Rescue Plan	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 15,094,092	\$ 397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 521,645	\$ 15,616,134
Franchise fees	474,658	_	-	-	245,305	719,963
Licenses, permits and fees	261,956	10	-	-	849,484	1,111,450
Fines and forfeitures	110,373	-	-	-	4,931	115,304
Charges for services	1,903,854	665,066	2,434,739	-	2,783,584	7,787,243
Donations	274		-	-	1,605,295	1,605,569
Intergovernmental	8,129,427	8,661,106	23,299,123	5,023,530	8,993,919	54,107,105
Interest	706,300	85,104	300,863		15,530	1,107,797
Miscellaneous	557,141		266,822	10,237	22,374	859,278
		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total revenues	27,238,075	9,414,387	26,301,547	5,033,767	15,042,067	83,029,843
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	4,012,336	-	-	4,701,316	3,776,139	12,489,791
Public safety	19,878,806	-	-	-	1,608,307	21,487,113
Highways and streets	,	7,907,858	-	-	170,933	8,078,791
Health and welfare	265,485	-	21,649,156	-	9,482,575	31,397,216
Education		-	-	-	438,937	438,937
Debt service	9,440	66,120	261,235	-	1,162,001	1,498,796
Capital outlay	703,564	280,142	282,093	172,214	258,429	1,696,442
Total expenditures	24,869,631	8,254,120	22,192,484	4,873,530	16,897,321	77,087,086
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,368,444	1,160,267	4,109,063	160,237	(1,855,254)	5,942,757
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		20,760	-	-	3,243,000	3,263,760
Transfers out	(2,213,760	(500,000)		(150,000)		(2,863,760)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,213,760)(479,240)		(150,000)	3,243,000	400,000
Net change in fund balances	154,684	681,027	4,109,063	10,237	1,387,746	6,342,757
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,824,544	4,103,315	10,293,677		4,738,498	25,960,034
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 6,979,228	\$ 4,784,342	\$ 14,402,740	\$ 10,237	\$ 6,126,244	\$ 32,302,791

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	6,342,757
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following		
Governmental funds report the acquistion of capital assets as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. The difference between		
those two amounts is: Acquisition of capital assets Depreciation	\$ 7,311,928 (3,548,755)	3,763,173
The net effect of transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position		(19,404)
Leases in which the County is the lessee in governmental activities, an expenditure is recorded in the governmental funds for the amount of the present value of future lease payments; however, in the statement of activities, the present value of future lease		
payments is recognized as an intangible asset and amortized over the lease term. Amortization	(668,825)	(668,825)
In the statement of activities, revenues are recognized when earned. However, in the governmental fund statements, revenues are reported when the amount is measurable and available. This results in differences in amounts reported for other revenues.		275,266
Repayment of long-term debt and lease payments is an expenditure in the governmental fund statements, but the repayment reduces long-term and lease liabilities in the statement of net position Payments on long-term debt	862,620	
Amortization	640,353	1,502,973
Changes in net pension liability, and pension related deferred outflows and inflows increase the pension expense in the current year, but do not require the use of current financial resources		623,497
Changes in the net other postemployment benefits asset, liability, and related deferred outflows and inflow increase the employee benefit expense in the year, but to not require the use of current financial resources		(106,050)
Internal service funds are used to account for costs of the County's central services and insurance programs. The primary funding sources are charges		
to other runds Change in net position Depreciation and amortization expense included above Decrease In lease liability included above Decrease in pension expense included above Increase in employee benefit expense included above	(419,210) 458,385 (347,109) 17,876 11,665	
Increase in compensated absences included above	20,654	(257,739)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds. Compensated absences	_	(26,569)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	11,429,079

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	dget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 15,120,000	\$ 15,120,000	\$ 15,094,092	\$ (25,908)
Franchise fees	420,000	420,000	474,658	54,658
Licenses, permits and fees	277,500	277,500	261,956	(15,544)
Fines and forfeitures	114,500	114,500	110,373	(4,127)
Charges for services	2,076,500	2,076,500	1,903,854	(172,646)
Intergovernmental	8,121,600	8,121,600	8,129,427	7,827
Donations	1,000	1,000	274	(726)
Interest	100,000	100,000	706,300	606,300
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	557,141	527,141
Total revenues	26,261,100	26,261,100	27,238,075	976,975
Expenditures				
County clerk				
Recording				
Personnel services	143,129	153,129	152,612	517
Materials and services	8,550	8,550	3,112	5,438
Interdepartment charges	77,816	77,816	77,816	
Total recording	229,495	239,495	233,540	5,955
Elections				
Personnel services	197,890	197,890	199,582	(1,692)
Materials and services	120,000	180,000	169,607	10,393
Interdepartment charges	93,178	93,178	93,178	
Total elections	411,068	471,068	462,367	8,701
Total County clerk	640,563	710,563	695,907	14,656
Treasurer				
Personnel services	48,460	48,460	25,703	22,757
Materials and services	7,400	7,400	2,381	5,019
Interdepartment charges	12,036	12,036	12,036	
Total treasurer	67,896	67,896	40,120	27,776
Non-departmental				
Fund-wide				
Materials and services	6,500	11,500	6,436	5,064
Total non-deparmental	6,500	11,500	6,436	5,064
O & C Timber Title III				
Personnel services	60,000	60,000	6,375	53,625

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bue	lget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Assessor				
	\$ 1,271,008	\$ 1,271,008	\$ 1,248,951	\$ 22,057
Materials and services	57,000	57,000	55,374	1,626
Interdepartment charges	416,600	416,600	416,600	
Total assessment	1,744,608	1,744,608	1,720,925	23,683
Tax collector				
Personnel services	278,735	278,735	194,389	84,346
Materials and services	34,760	34,760	43,182	(8,422)
Interdepartment charges	81,935	81,935	81,935	_
Total tax collector	395,430	395,430	319,506	75,924
Community Development				
Environmental Health				
Personnel services	325,682	325,682	170,405	155,277
Materials and services	30,750	30,750	25,235	5,515
Interdepartment charges	69,845	69,845	69,845	
Total environmental health	426,277	426,277	265,485	160,792
Planning				
Personnel services	493,426	493,426	458,741	34,685
Materials and services	36,750	61,750	73,816	(12,066)
Interdepartment charges	147,029	147,029	147,029	
Total planning	677,205	702,205	679,586	22,619
Total community development	1,103,482	1,128,482	945,071	183,411
District Attomey				
Prosecution				
Personnel services	1,580,661	1,580,661	1,348,383	232,278
Materials and services	100,500	100,500	133,662	(33,162)
Interdepartment charges	238,943	238,943	238,943	
Total prosecution	1,920,104	1,920,104	1,720,988	199,116
Support enforcement				
Personnel services	372,333	382,333	383,160	(827)
Materials and services	25,325	25,325	16,053	9,272
Interdepartment charges	67,679	67,679	67,679	
Total support enforcement	465,337	475,337	466,892	8,445

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Budget		_				
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Victim's assistance								
Personnel services	\$	347,518	\$	347,518	\$	282,179	\$	65,339
Materials and services		15,300		15,300		27,958		(12,658)
Interdepartment charges	_	68,459		68,459		68,459		
Total victim's assistance		431,277		431,277	_	378,596		52,681
Court appointed special advisor (CASA)								
Materials and services		25,000		25,000		25,000		
Medical examiner								
Personnel services		59,584		59,584		49,698		9,886
Materials and services		12,550		12,550		12,438		112
Interdepartment charges		2,039		2,039		2,039		
Total medical examiner		74,173		74,173		64,175		9,998
Total District Attomey		2,915,891		2,925,891		2,655,651		270,240
Sheriff								
Patrol								
Personnel services		5,247,209		5,247,209		4,738,890		508,319
Materials and services		1,051,500		1,051,500		1,098,634		(47,134)
Interdepartment charges		559,132		559,132		559,132		-
Capital outlay		125,000		175,000		406,953		(231,953)
Total patrol		6,982,841		7,032,841		6,803,609		229,232
Jail								
Personnel services		4,840,264		4,840,264		5,017,870		(177,606)
Materials and services		1,570,500		1,895,500		1,699,074		196,426
Interdepartment charges		733,935		733,935		733,935		
Capital outlay					_	16,969	_	(16,969)
Total jail		7,144,699		7,469,699		7,467,848		1,851
Total sheriff		14,127,540		14,502,540		14,271,457		231,083
Emergency management								
Personnel services		213,285		213,285		215,028		(1,743)
Materials and services		321,900		671,900		598,535		73,365
Interdepartment charges		69,933		69,933		69,933		
Capital outlay	_					27,500		(27,500)
Total emergency management		605,118		955,118		910,996		44,122
Oy				,		0,000		-, <u>-</u>

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Community corrections								
Personnel services	\$	1,742,681	\$	1,742,681	\$	1,799,385	\$	(56,704)
Materials and services	•	562,500	•	562,500	•	371,585	•	190,915
Interdepartment charges		330,594		330,594		330,594		/
Capital outlay		40,000	_	40,000		34,912	_	5,088
Total community corrections		2,675,775		2,675,775		2,536,476		139,299
Community service - diversion								
Personnel services		344,767		344,767		253,338		91,429
Materials and services		48,800		48,800		41,386		7,414
Interdepartment charges		26,351	_	26,351		26,351	_	<u>-</u>
Total community service - diversion		419,918		419,918		321,075		98,843
Parks Maintenance								
Materials and services		75,250		75,250		219,164		(143,914)
Interdepartment charges		3,242		3,242		3,242		-
Capital outlay		1,300,000		1,300,000		217,230		1,082,770
Total parks maintenance		1,378,492		1,378,492		439,636	_	938,856
Contingency		4,194,887		2,991,887				2,991,887
Total expenditures	3	30,336,100		29,968,100		24,869,631		5,098,469
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(4,075,000)		(3,707,000)		2,368,444		6,075,444
Other financing sources (uses)								
Sale of capital assets		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Transfers out		(2,130,000)		(2,498,000)		(2,213,760)		284,240
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,125,000)		(2,493,000)		(2,213,760)	_	279,240
Net change in fund balance		(6,200,000)		(6,200,000)		154,684		6,354,684
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,200,000		6,200,000		6,824,544		624,544
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	6,979,228	\$	6,979,228

PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bu	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 397	\$ 397
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	10	10
Charges for services	507,000	507,000	665,066	158,066
Intergovernmental	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,661,106	501,106
Interest	10,000	10,000	85,104	75,104
Miscellaneous			2,704	2,704
Total revenues	8,677,000	8,677,000	9,414,387	737,387
Expenditures				
Administration				
Personnel services	407,100	407,100	422,735	(15,635)
Materials and services	141,350	141,350	113,283	28,067
Interdepartment charges	445,220	445,220	445,220	-
Capital outlay			8,379	(8,379)
Total administration	993,670	993,670	989,617	4,053
County shops				
Personnel services	347,486	387,486	361,557	25,929
Materials and services	307,000	367,000	330,554	36,446
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000		5,000
Total county shops	659,486	759,486	692,111	67,375
Road maintenance				
Personnel services	1,613,156	1,613,156	1,514,099	99,057
Materials and services	3,883,000	3,883,000	2,734,257	1,148,743
Capital outlay	400,000	400,000	271,763	128,237
Total road maintenance	5,896,156	5,896,156	4,520,119	1,376,037
Road construction				
Materials and services	675,500	1,075,500	1,127,444	(51,944)
Debt payment	65,000	65,000	66,120	(1,120)
Capital outlay	90,000	90,000		90,000
Total road construction	830,500	1,230,500	1,193,564	36,936
Survey				
Personnel services	391,196	411,196	430,919	(19,723)
Materials and services	46,500	56,500	12,406	44,094
Total survey	437,696	467,696	443,325	24,371

PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
Engineering								_
Personnel services	\$	438,964	\$	438,964	\$	407,049	\$	31,915
Materials and services		14,500		14,500		8,335		6,165
Total engineering		453,464	_	453,464		415,384		38,080
Contingency	_	3,121,028		2,591,028				2,591,028
Total expenditures		12,392,000	_	12,392,000		8,254,120		4,137,880
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,715,000)	_	(3,715,000)		1,160,267		4,875,267
Other financing sources (uses)								
Sale of capital assets		15,000		15,000		-		(15,000)
Transfers in		400,000		400,000		20,760		(379,240)
Transfers out		(500,000)	-	(500,000)		(500,000)		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(85,000)		(85,000)		(479,240)		(394,240)
Net change in fund balance		(3,800,000)		(3,800,000)		681,027		4,481,027
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,800,000	_	3,800,000		4,103,315		303,315
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	4,784,342	\$	4,784,342

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Dud	Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Devenues		I IIIQI	Actual	Variance	
Revenues Charges for services	\$ 2,330,000	\$ 2,330,000	\$ 2,434,739	\$ 104,739	
Intergovernmental	21,461,000	21,461,000	23,299,123	1,838,123	
Interest	50,000	50,000	300,863	250,863	
Miscellaneous	50,000	30,000	266,822	266,822	
Miscellaneous					
Total revenues	23,841,000	23,841,000	26,301,547	2,460,547	
Expenditures					
Support services					
Personnel services	1,830,278	1,830,278	1,434,909	395,369	
Materials and services	67,500	67,500	140,715	(73,215)	
Interdepartment charges	415,701	415,701	415,701	-	
Capital outlay	1,750,000	1,750,000	107,144	1,642,856	
Total administration	4,063,479	4,063,479	2,098,469	1,965,010	
Addiction program					
Personnel services	1,058,783	1,208,783	1,233,692	(24,909)	
Materials and services	68,100	218,100	174,500	43,600	
Interdepartment charges	380,102	380,102	380,102		
Total addiction program	1,506,985	1,806,985	1,788,294	18,691	
Outpatient mental health services					
Personnel services	7,960,795	7,960,795	7,282,294	678,501	
Materials and services	6,804,200	6,804,200	3,631,608	3,172,592	
Interdepartment charges	3,735,624	3,735,624	3,735,624	-	
Capital outlay			174,949	(174,949)	
Total outpatient mental health services	<u>18,500,619</u>	18,500,619	14,824,475	3,676,144	
Developmental disabilities					
Personnel services	3,005,615	3,005,615	2,806,604	199,011	
Materials and services	145,200	145,200	173,398	(28,198)	
Interdepartment charges	501,244	501,244	501,244	_	
Total developmental disabilities	3,652,059	3,652,059	3,481,246	170,813	
Contingency	4,117,858	3,817,858		3,817,858	
Total expenditures	31,841,000	31,841,000	22,192,484	9,648,516	
Net change in fund balance	(8,000,000)	(8,000,000)	4,109,063	12,109,063	
Fund balance at beginning of year	8,000,000	8,000,000	10,293,677	2,293,677	
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 14,402,740	\$ 14,402,740	

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Due	lget		
	Original	iget Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 71,103	\$ 71,103
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>		10,237	10,237
Total revenues			81,340	81,340
Expenditures				
American Rescue Plan				
Personnel services	-	-	483,030	(483,030)
Materials and services	2,850,000	2,850,000	4,218,286	(1,368,286)
Capital outlay	3,000,000	3,000,000	172,214	2,827,786
Contingency	5,300,000	5,300,000		5,300,000
Total expenditures	11,150,000	11,150,000	4,873,530	6,276,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(11,150,000)	(11,150,000)	(4,792,190)	6,357,810
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(1,050,000)	(1,050,000)	(150,000)	900,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,050,000)	(1,050,000)	(150,000)	900,000
Net change in fund balance	(12,200,000)	(12,200,000)	(4,942,190)	7,257,810
Fund balance at beginning of year	12,200,000	12,200,000	10,612,487	(1,587,513)
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	5,670,297	\$ 5,670,297
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting print Uneamed revenue	nciples		(5,660,060)	
			\$ 10,237	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
	Intemal Service Funds
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 596,493
Receivables, net	18,077
Prepaid items	255,680
Total current assets	870,250
Net other postemployment benefits asset	49,555
Capital assets, net	3,673,252
Total assets	4,593,057
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension related items	1,729,553
Other postemployment benefit related items	24,295
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,753,848
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	189,641
Due to other funds	95,293
Long-term obligations:	E44 740
Long-term obligations due within one year	511,716
Long-term obligations due in more than one year	7,027,485
Total liabilities	7,824,135
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension related items	1,020,903
Other postemployment benefit related items	113,722
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,134,625
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	3,673,252
Unrestricted	(6,285,107)
Total net position	\$ (2,611,855)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating revenues Intergovernmental Charges for services Rents	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds \$ 11,520 8,055,904 19,380
Total operating revenues	8,086,804
Operating expenses Personnel services Materials and services Interdepartmental charges Amortization and depreciation	4,648,475 2,582,787 334,559 458,385
Total operating expenses	8,024,206
Operating income (loss)	62,598
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest expense	(81,808)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(81,808)
Income (loss) before transfers Transfers in Transfers out	(19,210) 100,000 (500,000)
Change in net position	(419,210)
Net position - beginning	(2,192,645)
Net position - ending	<u>\$ (2,611,855)</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	•	Governmental Activities
		Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers	\$	9,659
Receipts from other funds		8,055,904
Miscellaneous receipts		19,380
Payments to suppliers		(2,758,013)
Payments to employees		(4,598,280)
		(334,559)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		394,091
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Loans from other funds		95,293
Transfers in		100,000
Transfers out		(500,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(304,707)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Principal paid on lease liabilities		(347,109)
Interest paid on lease liabilities		(81,808)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(428,917)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(339,533)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		936,026
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>\$</u>	596,493
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	62,598
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation		458,385
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows		
Receivables, net		(1,861)
Prepaid items		(117,705)
Net other postemployment benefits asset		3,156
Pension related items		(2,893)
Other postemployment benefit related items		5,113
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows		(57.504)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(57,521)
Compensated absences payable		20,654
Net pension liability		994,242
Net other postemployment benefits liability		(51,988)
Pension related items Other postemployment benefit related items		(973,473) 55,384
•		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$</u>	394,091

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

		Custodial		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,373,611		
Receivables		2,909,309		
Total assets		4,282,920		
Liabilities				
Due to local governments		1,373,611		
Net position				
Net position held for individuals, organizations,				
and other governments	<u>\$</u>	2,909,309		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial
Additions	_
Taxes collected for other governments	\$ 111,794,699
Other amounts collected	 4,553,504
Total additions	 116,348,203
Deductions	
Payments to other governments	113,918,402
Other payments	 1,964,852
Total deductions	 115,883,254
Change in net position	464,949
Net position - beginning of year	 2,444,360
Net position - end of year	\$ 2,909,309

NOTE 1 - FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Polk County (the "County") was created by the Provincial Legislature from the original Yamhill district on December 22, 1845, and now operates under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) title 20, Chapters 201 and 215 inclusive. The governing board is a Board of Commissioners, elected at-large from throughout the County. The Commissioners are full-time employees of the County. The Board votes on all ordinances and determines matters of County policy. The Administrative Officer acts as the Chief of Staff for the Commissioners and serves at the pleasure of the Board. Other elected officers of the County include the Assessor, Clerk, District Attorney, Sheriff, and Treasurer. Polk County provides a full range of services to the community which includes planning and zoning, sheriff services, incarceration, courts, tax collections and assessment, document recording, parks, and health and human services.

The accompanying basic financial statements present all activities, funds, and component units for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria used for making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of these criteria, the County is a primary government with one blended component unit— Polk County Extension Service District.

Blended component unit

The Polk County Extension Service District (PESD) was formed May 18, 2010, by a vote of the people, under ORS Chapter 451. The purpose of the PSED is to provide Oregon State University extension educational programs, training and information to Polk County residents. The County is not financially accountable for the PESD but, because the Board of County Commissioners acts as the governing board of the PSED, this entity has been included as a blended component in the basic financial statements of the County. Complete financial statements of the PSED can be obtained from the Treasurer at the courthouse.

Other component unit

The Grand Ronde Sanitary District (GRSD) was formed under ORS Chapter 450. The purpose of the GRSD is to provide wastewater disposal and treatment services. The County is not financially accountable for the GRSD, but the Board of County Commissioners acts as the governing board of the District. Separately issued financial statements of the GRSD can be obtained from the Treasurer at the courthouse. The County has opted not to include the GRSD's financial information in the County financial statements as they have determined that the effect of excluding them is not material.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the County, the eliminations of which would distort the direct cost and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported in separate columns in the respective fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued) Governmental fund financial statements (balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances) are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Significant revenues, which are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting, include property taxes and federal and state grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The bases of accounting described above are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General - accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Public Works - accounts for the receipt and expenditure of state gasoline taxes for road repair and construction.

Behavioral Health - accounts for the receipt and expenditure of patient funds, and state and federal grants for the County's behavioral health programs including community treatment services, alcohol and drug rehabilitation, and developmental disability services.

American Rescue Plan – accounts for proceeds from the American Rescue Plan for Coronavirus relief.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue - accounts for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to the operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued)

Capital Projects - accounts for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisition. The principal sources of revenues for capital expenditures are general obligation bond proceeds and grant funds.

Internal Service - accounts for the cost of providing services to other funds which are charged a fee on a cost reimbursement basis for those services.

Custodial - accounts for resources received and held in a fiduciary capacity. Disbursements from these funds are made in accordance with the trust agreement or applicable legislative enactment for each particular fund.

Net Position

Government-wide fund reporting

On the statement of net position, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any
 bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund balance

Governmental fund type fund balance reporting

Governmental type fund balance amounts are reported within one of the five fund balance categories list below:

 Non-spendable — Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Fund balance</u> (continued)

Governmental fund type fund balance reporting

- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal
 action of the Board of Commissioners, as the highest level of decision-making authority
 for the County. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through
 ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board of Commissioners.
- Assigned Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The Commissioners has granted authority to the County Administrator to assign fund balance amounts.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the government's general fund and any other spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. Additionally, other funds may report negative unassigned fund balance in certain circumstances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Commissioners has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Budget policies and budgetary control

Generally, Oregon Local Budget Law requires annual budgets be adopted for all funds of the County except agency funds. The County uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for all budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The County begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The County Commissioners adopt the budget, make appropriations, and declare the tax levy no later than June 30. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

Budget policies and budgetary control (continued)

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The County established the levels of budgetary control at the program or department level for all funds.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements have been revised since the original budget amounts were adopted. The County Commissioners must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

Risk management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to errors and omissions; automobile; damage to and destruction of assets; bodily injury; and worker's compensation for which the County carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not reached the level of commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts, and any highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

Property taxes

Uncollected property taxes in the governmental fund balance sheet as receivables; the portion which is available to finance expenditures of the current period is recorded as revenue and the remaining balance is recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Property taxes collected within 60 days of the end of the current period are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue.

Property taxes receivable in the agency funds are offset by amounts held in trust and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic remittances of collections to entities levying taxes. Real and personal property taxes are levied upon all taxable property and become a lien against the property as of July 1 of each year. Property taxes are payable in three installments which are due on November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date.

Grants and entitlements

Receivables for federal and state grants and state shared revenue are recorded as revenue in all fund types as earned.

Other receivables

In governmental fund types, the portion of the receivable which is available to finance expenditures of the current period is recorded as revenue and the remaining balance is recorded as unavailable revenue. Revenues are recorded when earned in proprietary fund types.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, leased assets, infrastructure assets (such as, roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewers, street lighting, and similar items), and their improvements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

•	Vehicles	5 to 10 years
•	Equipment	5 to 30 years
•	Building improvements	50 years
•	Infrastructure	20 to 40 years

Upon disposal of such assets, the accounts are relieved of the related costs and accumulated depreciation and resulting gains or losses are reflected in the statement of activities.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Long-term obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

Lease contracts that provide the County with control of a non-financial asset, such as land, buildings, equipment, or subscription-based information technology arrangement, for a period of time in excess of 12 months are reported as a leased asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible leased asset is recorded for the same amount as the related lease liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. The lease liability is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

SBITA contracts that provide the County with control of a software or similar asset for a period of time in excess of 12 months are reported as a right to use asset with a related SBITA liability. The SBITA liability is recorded at the present value of future payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible right to use asset is recorded for the same amount as the related SBITA liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. SBITA assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the contract term. The SBITA liability is reduced for payments made, less the interest portion of the contract payment.

Compensated absences

Vacation Leave – is accrued as it is earned. County employees earn vacation leave at the rate of 96 to 192 hours year, depending on position and length of service. The maximum accumulation, depending on position and length of service, ranges from 200 to 250 hours. For governmental funds, the non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. Only the current portion is reported in the governmental funds and calculated based on historical trends.

Sick Leave – is earned at a rate of eight hours per month of service and is not limited as to accumulation. Sick leave, which does not vest, is recognized in all funds when leave is taken.

Holiday Leave - Sheriff's office employees earn holiday leave as required by contract and may accumulate from eighty to ninety-six hours depending on their position.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employee Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other postemployment benefits

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefits liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employee Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The other postemployment benefits liability for the Employee Benefits Plan for the Employees of Polk County is based on an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2022.

Deferred outflows / inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. These include refunded debt charges, pension related items, and OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents amounts that apply to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Pension related items and OPEB related items which are amortized over specified periods are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

The balance sheet of governmental funds reports as deferred inflows, unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The County's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Cash on hand \$ 4,245
Deposits with financial institutions 3,238,470
State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool 35,216,984

Total deposits and investments \$38.459,699

The County maintains a pool of cash and cash equivalents that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Interest earned on pooled cash and cash equivalent is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and cash equivalent balances.

Deposits with financial institutions

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits with Financial Institutions: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the County's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all noninterest-bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest bearing accounts at each institution.

Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with financial institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are collateralized under the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the Oregon State Treasurer. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating financial institutions and is considered additional depository insurance as defined in GASB 40. Participating financial institutions are required to pledge securities, held by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle in the name of the financial institution, with a value equal to at least 10%, with limited exceptions that may require up to 110%, of the amount of deposits of Oregon municipal corporations in excess of FDIC depository insurance. In the event of a failure of a participating financial institution the collective amount of all pledged securities under the PFCP are available to return the County's deposits. As of June 30, 2023, none of the County's deposits with financial institutions were exposed to custodial credit risk.

State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool

Balances in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an unrated, open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the state who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the County's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Credit risk: Oregon statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the state treasurer's investment pool.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The County's formal policy places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer as follows:

U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	100%
Federal Agency Bonds and Discount Notes	100%
Local Government Investment Pool	100%
Time Certificates of Deposit:	
Commercial Banks	60%
Savings and Loans	10%

Interest Rate Risk: The County has a formal policy that limits investment maturities to a maximum of one year as a means of managing its exposure to fair-value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a policy which limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

The County's receivables at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	ļ	Property						
	Taxes		Accounts		Grants		essments	Total
General Public Works	\$	449,452 3,145	\$ 1,262,630 1,203,788	\$	161,187 -	\$	28,424 -	\$ 1,901,693 1,206,933
Behavioral Health American Rescue Plan Nonmajor governmental funds	_	15,259	1,798,534 8,811 959,703	_	157,665		- - -	1,798,534 8,811 1,132,627
Total governmental funds		467,856	5,233,466		318,852		28,424	6,048,598
Internal service funds	_		18,077	_				18,077
Total governmental activities		467,856	5,251,543		318,852		28,424	6,066,675
Fiduciary Fund - Custodial	_2	,909,309		_				2,909,309
Totals	<u>\$3</u>	<u>,377,165</u>	<u>\$ 5,251,543</u>	\$	318,852	\$	28,424	<u>\$ 8,975,984</u>

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Reclass- ifications	Balances June 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 2,424,551	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,424, 551
Construction in progress	11,831,515	5,913,838	(19,404)	(11,149,274)	6,576,675
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	14,256,066	5,913,838	(19,404)	(11, 149, 274)	9,001,226
Capital assets being depreciated					
Infrastructure	97,691,311	-	-	_	97,691,311
Buildings	30,707,701	150,680	-	9,551,705	40,410,086
Improvements	4,637,001	162,900	-	65,890	4,865,791
Bridges	23,780,562	-	-	-	23,780,562
Equipment	15,508,344	1,084,510	-	1,531,679	18,124,533
Total capital assets being depreciate	172,324,919	1,398,090		11,149,274	184,872,283
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	90,699,088	1,183,086	-	_	91,882,174
Buildings	14,510,607	814,837	-	-	15,325,444
Improvements	1,238,840	178,253	-	-	1,417,093
Bridges	10,353,164	436,264	-	-	10,789,428
Equipment	10,655,334	936,315			11,591,649
Total accumulated depreciation	127,457,033	3,548,755	-	-	131,005,788
Net capital assets being depreciated	44,867,886	(2,150,665)	_	11,149,274	53,866,495
Lease assets					
Leased buildings	4,177,784	_	_	_	4,177,784
Leased equipment	199,342	_	_	_	199,342
SBITAs	726,738	_	_	_	726,738
CBITTO					120,100
Total lease assets	5,103,864	_	_	_	5,103,864
10000 00000					
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Leased buildings	426,493	426,493	_	_	852,986
Leased equipment	4,984	9,967	_	_	14,951
SBITAS	-,	247,365	_	_	247,365
Total accumulated amortization	431,477	683,825	_	_	1,115,302
Total accumulated amortization	451,477	063,623			1,113,302
Net lease assets	4,672,387	(683,825)			3,988,562
Capital assets being depreciated					
and amortized, net	49,540,273	(2,834,490)		11,149,274	<u>57,855,057</u>
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	<u>\$63,796,339</u>	\$ 3,079,348	<u>\$ (19,404)</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 66,856,283</u>

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense charged to functions/programs of the County was as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 725,338
Public safety	930,034
Highways and streets	1,918,737
Health and welfare	 658,471
Total governmental activities	\$ 4.232.580

Capital asset activity in internal service funds, which are <u>included in the governmental activities</u>, for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balances June 30, 2023
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	\$ 25,190	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,190
Improvements	37,643	-	-	37,643
Equipment	1,220,694			1,220,694
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	1,283,527			1,283,527
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,939	1,260	-	4,199
Improvements	26,665	1,811	-	28,476
Equipment	1,004,727	69,485		1,074,212
Total accumulated deprecation	1,034,331	72,556		1,106,887
Net capital assets being depreciated	249,196	(72,556)		176,640
Lease assets				
Leased buildings	3,736,208	-	_	3,736,208
SBITAs	376,154	-	_	376,154
Total lease assets	4,112,362	-	-	4,112,362
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Leased buildings	229,921	229,921	_	459,842
SBITAs	-	155,908	_	155,908
Total accumulated amortization	229,921	385,829		615,750
Net lease assets	3,882,441	(385,829)		3,496,612
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,131,637	<u>\$ (458,385)</u>	\$	\$ 3,673,252

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2022			Additions Reductions		Outstanding June 30, 2023	Balances Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities								
Long-term debt obligations								
Bonded debt								
Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2011	\$	745,000	\$	-	\$	175,000	\$ 570,000	\$ 180,000
Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2012		305,000		_		55,000	250,000	60,000
Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2019		12,460,000				615,000	11,845,000	630,000
Direct placement debt								
McMullin Contract		487,151		-		17,620	469,531	18,521
Total long-term debt obligations		13,997,151		-		862,620	13,134,531	888,521
		,				,	,	,
Other long-term obligations								
Compensated absences		1,557,481		1,584,051		1,557,481	1,584,051	1,584,051
Net pension liability		24,461,258		8,453,044		_,	32,914,302	
Lease liability		4,000,980		-,		382,617	3,618,363	238,206
SBITA liability		711,738		-		257,736	454,002	257,232
Other post-employment benefits		2,474,781		_		472,614	2,002,167	,
caller poor omprojiment benente			_			,		
Total long-term obligations	\$	47,203,389	\$	10,037,095	\$	3,533,068	\$ 53,707,416	\$ 2,968,010
Internal service funds included in governmental a	ctivit	<u>ies</u>						
Other long-term obligations								
Compensated absences	\$	144,233	\$	164,887	\$	144,233	\$ 164,887	\$ 164,887
Net pension liability		2,575,552		994,242		, <u> </u>	3,569,794	-
Lease liability		3,555,237		-		178,040	3,377,197	181,949
SBITA liability		376,154		-		169,069	207,085	164,880
Other post-employment benefits		272,226		-		51,988	220,238	- , -
, 1 -2	-		_		_			
	\$	6,923,402	\$	1,159,129	\$	543,330	\$ 7,539,201	<u>\$ 511,716</u>

Full Faith and Credit Obligations, series 2011 – The County issued bonds for \$2,250,000 to pay off the Academy Building debt and provide funds for its remodel. Interest on the bonds range from 2% to 4% depending upon maturity dates.

Full Faith and Credit Obligations, series 2012 – The County issued bonds for \$790,000 to refund the Bank of New York Loan dated July 3, 2002. Interest on the bonds range from 1.85% to 3.8% depending upon maturity dates.

Full Faith and Credit Obligations, series 2019 – The County issued bonds for \$14,300,000 to finance remodeling of the Courthouse and a new Public Works/Emergency Management facility. Interest on the bonds range from 2.11% to 2.14% depending on maturity dates.

McMullin Contract – the County entered into a land sales contract on January 28, 2020, to purchase land and improvements for County purposes. Interest on the contract is 5%.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Government activities long-term debt obligations

As of June 30, 2023, maturities of government activities long-term debt obligations in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal	Full Faith & Cred	_	Full Faith & Cre Series	0	Full Faith & Cre Series	_
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal Interest		Interest
2024	630,000	252,241	180,000	21,120	60,000	9,500
2025	640,000	238,759	190,000	12,980	60,000	7,220
2026	655,000	225,063	200,000	4,400	65,000	4,940
2027	670,000	211,046	-	-	65,000	2,470
2028	685,000	196,708	-	-	-	-
2029-2033	3,650,000	757,235	-	-	-	-
2034-2038	4,050,000	351,442	-	-	-	-
2039	865,000	18,252	-	-	-	-
			<u> </u>			
	\$ 11,845,000	\$ 2,250,746	\$ 570,000	\$ 38,500	\$ 250,000	\$ 24,130

Fiscal	McMullin C	Contract	Totals		
Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2024	18,521	23,056	888,521	305,917	
2025	19,469	22,108	909,469	281,067	
2026	20,465	21,112	940,465	255,515	
2027	21,512	20,065	756,512	233,581	
2028	22,613	18,964	707,613	215,672	
2029-2033	366,951	48,331	4,016,951	805,566	
2034-2038	-	-	4,050,000	351,442	
2039			865,000	18,252	
	<u>\$ 469,531</u>	<u>\$ 153,636</u>	<u>\$ 13,134,531</u>	\$ 2,467,012	

Leases

The County has entered into lease agreements to obtain the right-to-use of buildings and telecommunications equipment.

The Oak Hills building lease is currently in the final extension period with no option to extend the terms of the lease. Monthly payment amounts are \$13,643 and escalate 2% each year.

The Church Street building lease has a 20-year term with an option to purchase. The option to purchase may not be exercised before January 1, 2024, and not after December 31, 2026. The County intends to exercise the purchase option during the appropriate option window. Monthly payment amounts are \$21,129 and escalate 2% each year beginning January 1, 2027.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Leases (continued)

The Ellendale Plaza building lease is currently in the final extension period with no option to extend the terms of the lease. Monthly payment amounts are \$2,920 and escalate 3% each year.

The telecommunication equipment lease has a 5-year initial term with 3 additional 5-year renewal terms, which are expected to be renewed. The payments for each renewal term escalate by 3%. Quarterly payment amounts are \$2,325.

As of June 30, 2023, minimum payments for noncancelable leases in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Lease Liability	Interest Expense	Total
2024	\$ 238,206	\$ 76,156	\$ 314,362
2025	191,990	71,577	263,567
2026	196,511	67,360	263,871
2027	203,686	63,032	266,718
2028	213,654	58,508	272,162
2029-2033	1,229,738	216,702	1,446,440
2034-2038	1,291,651	69,055	1,360,706
2038-2042	52,930	2,216	55,146
	\$3,618,366	\$ 624,606	\$4,242,972

Subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA)

The County is obligated under contracts covering certain subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) as the lessee for information technology (IT) software. These contracts have initial terms of up to five years and do not contain any material residual guarantees. As the interest rate implicit in the County's leases is not readily determinable, the County utilizes its incremental borrowing rate to discount the SBITA payments.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, minimum payments for noncancelable contracts in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year		SBITA Liability		Interest Expense		Total
0004	Φ.	057.000	Φ.	0.057	Φ.	000 400
2024	\$	257,232	\$	8,957	\$	266,189
2025		128,816		3,412		132,228
2026		62,811		735		63,546
2027		5,143		110		5,253
	\$	454,002	\$	13,214	\$	467,216

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interfund transfers used to reallocate financial resources to funds where they will be expended were as follows:

	Transfers in					
			Nonmajor			
	Pub	lic Works	governmental	Total		
Transfers out:						
General	\$	20,760	\$2,193,000	\$2,213,760		
Public works		-	500,000	500,000		
America rescue plan		-	150,000	150,000		
Internal service			500,000	500,000		
	\$	20,760	\$3,343,000	\$3,363,760		

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

The purpose of the General Fund transfer to the Public Works Fund was to supplement the resources of the fund for maintaining forest roads of the County. The purpose of the General Fund transfers to the nonmajor governmental funds was to supplement the resources of the funds for their respective activities. The purpose of the Public Works transfer to the Public Works Complex Construction Fund was to provide for debt service payments. The purpose of the American Rescue Plan transfer to Public Works, Fair, and Building Improvement was to support eligible costs incurred in these funds. The transfer from the Internal Service Fund to the Building Improvement fund was to provide for debt service payments.

NOTE 8 - UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

As of June 30, 2023, resources owned by the County, which are measurable but not available, and are deferred in the governmental funds, consist of the following:

		Nonmajor					
		Public	Go	vernmental			
	 General	Works Funds		Totals			
Property taxes Accounts	\$ 405,571 254,865	\$ 3,130 1,654	\$	12,954 224,813	\$	421,655 481,332	
	\$ 660,436	\$ 4,784	\$	237,767	\$	902,987	

NOTE 9 - LITIGATION

The County, in the regular course of business, is named as a defendant in various lawsuits. The likely outcome of these suits is not determinable at this time and the County does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on the County's General Fund.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Employees of the County are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems (OPERS).

Plan Description (continued)

The OPERS consists of a single cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The Oregon Legislature has delegated the authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system.

OPERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which includes detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The report can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2022-Annual-Comprehensive-Financial-Report.pdf.

Description of benefit terms

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

Tier 1/Tier 2 retirement benefit (Chapter 238)

Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirement Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension benefits

The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (1.67% for general service employees and 2% for police and fire employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55, and police and fire members after age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60.

Death benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by an OPERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in an OPERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from an OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including OPERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of OPERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit changes after retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes.

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (Chapter 238A) (OPSRP)

The OPSRP pension program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension benefits

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

General service: 1.5% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

Police and fire: 1.8% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 60, or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50% of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45% of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit changes after retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes.

Contributions

OPERS funding policy provides for periodic member and employer contributions at actuarial determined rates, subject to limits set in statute. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019.

Tier 1/Tier 2 employer contribution rates are 26.31% and the OPSRP employer contribution rates are 20.83% for general service employees. Public safety employees OPSRP rates are 25.19%. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$5,960,323.

Net pension liability, pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

Net pension liability

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$32,914,302 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was actuarially determined based on a projection of the County's long-term contributions effort to the pension plan relative to the long-term projected contributions effort of all participating employers. The projected long-term contribution effort is equal to the sum of the present value of future normal costs (PVFNC) and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL)

Normal Cost Rate: The PVFNC represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to future service. An employer's PVFNC depends on both the normal cost rates charged on the employer's payrolls, and on the underlying demographics of the respective payrolls. For OPERS funding, employers have up to three different payrolls, each with a different normal cost rate: (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll, (2) OPSRP general service payroll, and (3) OPSRP police and fire payroll.

<u>UAL Rate</u>: A UAL can arise when an event such as experience differing from the assumptions used in the actuarial valuation occurs. An amortization schedule is established to eliminate the UAL that arises over a fixed period of time if future experience follows assumption. The UAL Rate is the upcoming year's component of the cumulative amortization schedules, stated as a percent of payroll. The UAL represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to past service.

After the employer's projected long-term contribution effort is calculated, that amount is reduced by the value of the employer's supplemental lump-sum payments, known as side accounts, transition surpluses and pre-SLGRP (State and Local Government Rate Pool) surpluses as of the valuation date. Side accounts decrease the employer's projected long-term contribution effort because side accounts are effectively prepaid contributions. The employer's projected long-term contribution effort does not include payments toward the current value of transition liabilities and pre-SLGRP liabilities.

At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.21495747%, which was an increase of 0.01054265% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

Pension expense

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$5,336,826.

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are calculated at the plan level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, employers will report the following deferred inflows or resources and/or deferred outflows of resources:

Difference between expected and actual experience

Changes in assumptions

Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings

Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date

Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date

Pension expense (Continued)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and changes in employer proportionate are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined at the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize pension expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period. The average remaining service lives determined as of the beginning of each measurement period are:

Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022 - 5.5 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021 - 5.4 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2020 - 5.3 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019 - 5.2 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2018 - 5.2 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017 - 5.3 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2016 - 5.3 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015 - 5.4 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2014 - 5.6 years

The net difference between projected and actual investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	1,597,724 5,164,432	\$	205,260 47,182
earnings on pension plan investments		-		5,884,440
Changes in proportionate share Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system		3,081,484		238,018
contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		142,901 5,960,323	_	3,038,058

\$ 15,946,864 \$ 9,412,958

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement in the amount of \$5,960,323 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

As of June 30, 2023, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future years ending June 30 as follows:

2024	\$ 627,970
2025	(449,745)
2026	(2,267,919)
2027	2,736,299
2028	(73,023)

\$ 573,583

Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing contribution rates and total pension liability

The total pension liability measured as of June 30, 2022 was based on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 using the following methods and assumptions:

Experience study report	2020, published July 20,2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation rate	2.4%
Long-term expected rate of return	6.9%
Discount rate	6.9%
Administrative expenses - Tier 1/Tier 2	\$40.9 million per year added to
Administrative expenses - OPSRP	\$8 million per year added to no
Projected salary increases	3.4%

Mortality

Cost of living adjustments (COLA)

\$8 million per year added to normal cost 3.4% Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA

to normal cost

(1.25%/.015) in accordance with *Moro* decision; blend based on service

Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:

Pub-2010 Health Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and setbacks as described in the valuation.

Active members:

Pub-2010 employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Disabled retirees:

Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and setbacks as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2020 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four years ended December 31, 2020.

UAL amortization

The Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL amortization period was reset to 20 years as of December 31, 2013. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll (Tier 1/ Tier 2 plus OPSRP payroll) over a closed 20-year period from the valuation in which they are first recognized. Senate Bill 1049 was signed into law in June 2019 and requires a one-time re-amortization of Tier 1/Tire 2 UAL over a closed 22-year period at the December 31, 2019 rate-setting actuarial valuation, which will set actuarially determined contribution rates for the 2021-2023 biennium.

The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 is amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll (Tier 1/ Tier 2 plus OPSRP payroll) over a closed period 16-year period. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations are amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll over 16 years from the valuation in which they are first recognized.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Assumed asset allocation

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Cash	0.00%
Debt securities	20.00%
Public equity	30.00%
Private equity	20.00%
Real estate	12.50%
Real assets	7.50%
Diversifying strategies	7.50%
Risk parity	2.50%
Total	100.00%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return¹

			20-Year	
		Annual	Annualized	Annual
	Target	Arithmetic	Geometric	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return ²	Mean	Deviation
Global Equity	30.62%	7.11%	5.85%	17.05%
Private Equity	25.50	11.35	7.71	30.00
Core Fixed Income	23.75	2.80	2.73	3.85
Real Estate	12.25	6.29	5.66	12.00
Master Limited Partnerships	0 . 75	7.65	5.71	21.30
Infrastructure	1. 50	7.24	6.26	15.00
Commodities	0.63	4.68	3.10	18.85
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25	5.42	5.11	8.45
Hedge Fund Equity – Hedge	0.63	5.85	5.31	11.05
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62	5.33	5.06	7.90
US Cash	-2.50 ³	1.77	1.76	1.20
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.40%	1.65%

¹Based on the OIC Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy Framework for the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, including revisions adopted at the OIC meeting on June 2, 2021.

Depletion date projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

²The arithmetic mean is a component that goes into calculating the geometric mean. Expected rates of return are presented using the geometric mean, which the Board uses in setting the discount rate.

³Negative allocation to cash represents levered exposure from allocation to Risk Parity strategy.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for OPERS:

- OPERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is OPERS independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Changes in actuarial methods and assumptions

There have been no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions since the December 31, 2020 valuation used for determining the collective net pension liability that are expected to have a significant effect on the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.9%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9%) than the current rate:

	1 Percentage	Current	1 Percentage
	Point	Discount	Point
	Lower	Rate	Higher
Proportionate share of			
net pension liability	\$58,370,666	\$32,914,302	\$11,608,499

NOTE 11 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Plan description

Individual account program (IAP) - Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plan also participate in the defined contribution plan.

Pension benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions

Starting July 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required a portion of member contributions to their IAP accounts to be redirected to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. If the member earns more than \$2,500 per month (increased to \$2,535 per month on January 1, 2021) 0.75% (if OPSRP member) or 2.5% (if Tier One/Tier Two member) of the member's contributions that were previously contributed to the member's IAP now fund the new Employee Pension Stability Accounts (EPSA). The EPSA accounts will be used to fund the cost of future pension benefits without changing those benefits, which means reduced contributions to the member's IAP account. Members may elect to make voluntary IAP contributions equal to the amount redirected.

The County makes the employee contributions of 6% of covered payroll to the IAP. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$1,551,092.

Recordkeeping

PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

NOTE 12 - COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT

Plan description and benefits provided

The County provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for employees, retirees, spouses and dependents through a single employer defined benefit plan in the form of group health insurance benefits. As required by ORS 243.303(2), retirees who were hired after July 1, 2003, are allowed to continue, at the retirees' expense, coverage under the group health insurance plan until age 65. The difference between the premium actually paid by the retirees under the group insurance plan and the premium that they would pay if they were not included in the plan is considered to be an implicit subsidy under the provisions of GASB 75. The plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial report.

Plan membership

As of July 1, 2022, there were 370 active employees, 4 eligible retirees, and no spouses of ineligible retirees for a total of 374 plan members.

Contributions

The County funds the plan only to the extent of current year insurance premium requirements on a pay-as-you-go basis. The average monthly premium requirements for the County are as follows:

For retirees	\$ 748
For spouses of retirees	853

<u>Total OPEB liability, changes in total OPEB liability, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources</u> and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a total OPEB liability of \$2,002,167. The total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2022, and determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the total OPEB liability is as follows:

Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,474,781		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	256,718		
Interest	58,298		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(398,245)		
Effect of assumptions, changes, or inputs	(323,961)		
Benefit payment	(65,424)		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,002,167		

NOTE 12 - COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

<u>Total OPEB liability, changes in total OPEB liability, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$140,214. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred Outflows of Outflows of Outflows	l	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or inputs County's contributions subsequent to the measuremen	\$	81,396 49,555	\$	361,379 610,879
date		<u>57,478</u>		-
	<u>\$</u>	188,429	\$	972,258

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$57,478 will be recognized as an adjustment to the Total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ends June 30,

2024	\$	(117,324)
2025	·	(117,324)
2026		(117,324)
2027		(105,682)
2028		(90,837)
Thereafter		(292,816)

<u>\$ (841,307)</u>

Actuarial valuation

The County contributions are based on the accruing benefit costs measured using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. The present value of benefits is allocated over the service for each active employee from their date of hire to their expected retirement age, as a level percent of the employee's pay. This level percent times pay is referred to as the service cost and is that portion of the present value of benefits attributable to an employee's service in a current year. The service cost equals \$-0- for retired members. The total OPEB liability is the present value of benefits less the actuarial present value of future normal costs and represents the liabilities allocated to service up to the valuation date. For retirees, the total OPEB liability is equal to the present value of benefits.

NOTE 12 - COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total OPEB liability

Valuation Date	July 1, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percent of Pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.4%
Projected Salary Increases	3.4%
Mortality	Pub-2010 General and Safety Employee and Healthy Retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one-year setback for male general service employees and female safety employees
Election and Lapse Rates	35% of eligible employees. 60% of male members and 35% of female members will elect spouse coverage. 5% annual lapse rate

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.54%. The discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index. The discount rate at the prior measurement date was 2.21%.

NOTE 12 - COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

Healthcare cost trend rate

The assumed healthcare cost trend for medical and vision costs is as follows:

Year	Pre-65 Trend
2022	4.25%
2023	6.75%
2024	6.50%
2025	6.00%
2026	5.25%
2027	5.00%
2028-2029	4.75%
2030	4.50%
2031-2065	4.25%
2066-2071	4.00%
2072+	3.75%

Dental costs are assumed to increase 4.0% per year until 2072, then 3.75% thereafter.

Sensitivity of the County's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount and healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the County total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current rate A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption.

	1 Percentage Point Lower	Current Discount <u>Rate</u>	1 Percentage Point <u>Higher</u>
County's total OPEB liability	\$ 2,176,242	\$ 2,002,167	\$ 1,841,220
	1 Percentage Point Lower	Current Trend Rate	1 Percentage Point <u>Higher</u>
County's total OPEB liability	\$ 1,770,221	\$ 2,002,167	\$ 2,278,544

NOTE 12 - COUNTY DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

Changes since prior valuation

Expected Claims and Premiums was updated to reflect changes in available benefits and premium levels. If applicable, expected retiree and dependent costs were updated to reflect current health cost guidelines.

The health care cost trend was updated to reflect changes in current premium levels as well as future expected economic and regulatory conditions.

The mortality, withdrawal and retirement rates were updated to reflect assumptions used in the OPERS December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation.

The data processing assumptions for missing dates of hire and inconsistent or missing OPERS tier information were updated to provide a better approximation for missing or inconsistent data.

NOTE 13 - PERS DEFINED OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Plan description

The County contributes to the Oregon PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. The RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by PERS. Contributions are mandatory for each employer that is a member of PERS.

The Oregon Legislature has delegated the authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system.

OPERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which includes detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The report can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2022-Annual-Comprehensive-Financial-Report.pdf.

<u>Description of benefit terms</u>

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statues Chapters 238 and 238A.

The RHIA is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Other Postemployment Healthcare benefits

Eligible retired members receive a monthly healthcare benefit for life up to \$60 toward the monthly cost health insurance.

To be eligible, the member must:

- 1) Have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had 8 years or more of creditable service in PERS
- 2) Receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage
- 3) Enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan

Surviving spouse or dependent benefits

A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions

OPERS funding policy provides for periodic member and employer contributions at the rates established by the Public Employees Retirement Board, subject to limits set in statute. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020.

The County contributed 0.06% of PERS-covered salaries for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits. Since the funded status of the RHIA UAL is in excess of 100%, no contributions were required to fund the RHIA UAL. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County made contributions in the amount of \$3,033 to the RHIA.

Net OPEB liability/(asset), pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits

Net OPEB liability (asset)

At June 30, 2023, the County reported an (asset) of \$(450,496) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset). The net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) was based on its actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year with the total actual contributions of all employers during the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.12678049%, which was a decrease of 0.01276129% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

OPEB expense

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized a credit to OPEB expense of \$3,757.

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are calculated at the plan level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, employers will report the following deferred inflows or resources and/or deferred outflows of resources:

Difference between expected and actual experience

Changes in assumptions

Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date

Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and changes in employer proportionate are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined at the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize OPEB expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period. The average remaining service lives determined as of the beginning of each measurement period are described below:

Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022 - 2.5 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021 - 2.7 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2020 - 2.9 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019 - 3.1 years Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2018 - 3.3 years

Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017 - 3.7 years

The net difference between projected and actual investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outf	ferred lows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	3,527 - 25,873 3,033	\$	12,208 15,016 - -		
	\$	32,466	<u>\$</u>	61,580		

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$3,033 will be recognized as an adjustment to the net OPEB (asset)/liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

As of June 30, 2023, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense for future years ending June 30 as follows:

2024	\$ (7,068)
2025	(14,435)
2026	(21,680)
2027	 11,003

\$ (32,180)

Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total OPEB liability

Except as identified below, actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing the total OPEB liability are the same as those used to develop the total PERS pension liability as discussed in Note 10.

Retiree healthcare participation

Healthy retirees are assumed to participate 32% of the time while disabled retirees are assumed to participate 20% of the time.

Healthcare cost trend rate

A healthcare cost trend rate is not utilized in the actuarial valuation as statue stipulates a \$60 monthly payment to retirees for health insurance.

Depletion date projection

GASB 75 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total OPEB Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 75 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 75 (paragraph 82) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS (OPERS):

- OPERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 75 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is OPERS independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 75 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.9%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9%) than the current rate:

	1	Percentage	Current	1	Percentage
		Point	Discount		Point
		Lower	Rate		<u> Higher</u>
Proportionate share of					
net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	406,024	\$ 450,496	\$	488,619

NOTE 14 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Fund balance amounts for governmental funds have been reported in the categories of non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. As of June 30, 2023, the specific purposes for these amounts are as follows:

		General	Public Works Behavior			ehavioral Health	R	American escue Plan	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals
Nonspendable:										_	
Inventory	\$	-	\$	423,915	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	\$	423,915
Prepaids		47,681		414,913		17,438		43,750	23,795		547,577
Restricted for:											
Highways and streets		-	3	3,945,514		-		-	-		3,945,514
Public Safety		-		-		-		-	608,500		608,500
Health and welfare		-	-		14,385,302			-	1,238,738		15,624,040
Economic development		-		-		-		-	626,436		626,436
Community housing		-		=		=		-	3,327,786		3,327,786
Education		-		-		-		-	68,084		68,084
Other purposes		579,178		-		-		-	97,565		676,743
Committed for:											
Dog control		-		-		-		-	9,009		9,009
Fair and fairgrounds facility support		-		-		=		-	17,054		17,054
Construction of public improvements		-		-		-		-	126,945		126,945
Unassigned	_6	6,352,369	_		_		_	(33,513)	(17,668)	_	6,301,188
Total Fund Balances	\$ 6	6,979,228	<u>s</u> 4	1,784,342	\$	14,402,740	\$	10,237	<u>\$ 6,126,244</u>	<u>\$</u>	32,302,791

NOTE 15 - DEFICIT NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

As of June 30, 2023, the Public Works Complex Construction fund has a deficit fund balance of \$17,668.

As of June 30, 2023, the Management Services fund had a deficit net position of \$2,486,974 and the Insurance fund had a deficit net position of \$124,881.

NOTE 16 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Polk County negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County had agreements which reduced property taxes levied on 12 properties for certified historic properties and for enterprise zone properties.

Property taxes for certified historic properties are abated for 15 consecutive years on the assessed value of qualifying improvements to the property pursuant to ORS 358.475-.545. The taxpayer is required to make qualified improvement to the property within the first five years in an amount of at least ten percent of the historic property's real market value at the time of program qualification. The County has not made any commitments as part of these agreements other than to reduce taxes. State law provides for the recapture of taxes abated, in addition to interest and penalties, if the property is disqualified during the term of the agreement.

NOTE 16 – TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

Enterprise zones are property areas designated by the Oregon Business Development Department and determined on a case-by-case basis based on requirements under ORS 285C.090 which includes criteria for zone resident household income and unemployment rates. Qualifying enterprise zone businesses are exempted from paying property taxes on qualifying new construction and equipment for 3 to 5 years. The County has not made any commitments as part of these agreements other than to reduce taxes. State law provides for the recapture of taxes abated if the business ceases to meet the requirements of the program.

The County is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities. The County has chosen to disclose information about its tax abatement agreements in total by abatement program type.

Property taxes abated by Polk County for the year ended June 30, 2023, listed by abatement program are as follows:

Abatement Program	Percentage of <u>Taxes Abated</u>	Total Property <u>Taxes Abated</u>	Polk County Share <u>Taxes Abated</u>
Historic Property Enterprise Zone	30% - 55% 100%	\$ 5,814 44,640	\$ 622 <u>5,203</u>
Total Abatement		<u>\$ 50,454</u>	<u>\$ 5,825</u>

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS

The County has entered into commitments for various projects as of June 30, 2023, as follows:

		Disbursed to	Remaining		
Project	Contract	Date Commitmer			
Cascade Civil Corp	\$1,399,091	\$ 95,146	\$ 1,303,945		
K&E Excavating Inc.	2,335,566	895,706	1,439,860		
White Oak Construction	5,430,342	1,813,903	3,616,439		
		<u>\$ 2,804,755</u>	\$ 6,360,244		







SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Plan Years Ended June 30,

Year Ended June 30,	County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	County's covered payroll	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.21495747%	\$ 32,914,302	\$ 23,545,924	140%	85%
2021	0.20441482%	24,461,258	23,138,167	106%	88%
2020	0.19304184%	42,128,369	21,031,089	200%	76%
2019	0.19682769%	34,046,477	19,958,827	171%	80%
2018	0.18228999%	27,614,532	18,802,869	147%	82%
2017	0.17902669%	24,132,865	17,173,056	141%	83%
2016	0.17810326%	26,737,435	15,389,727	174%	81%
2015	0.21117493%	12,124,527	13,843,399	88%	92%
2014	0.22053790%	(4,998,965)	14,470,863	-35%	104%
2013	0.22053790%	11,254,372	14,939,587	75%	92%

Notes to schedule

Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions

Benefit Terms: The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

Assumptions: The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability and June 30, 2018 total pension liability. For June 30, 2016, the changes included the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. For June 30, 2018, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 7.20 percent. For June 30, 2021, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 6.90 percent, and the inflation rate was lowered from 2.5 to 2.4 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

_	Year Ended June 30,	Statuto ril y required ontribution	in the	entributions relation to e statutorily required entribution	 Contribution deficiency (excess)	1	County's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
	2023	\$ 5,960,323	\$	5,960,323	\$	-	\$ 26,438,796	22.54%
	2022	5,321,344		5,321,344		-	23,545,924	22.60%
	2021	4,530,320		4,530,320		-	23,138,167	19.58%
	2020	4,047,938		4,047,938		-	21,031,089	19.25%
	2019	3,071,782		3,071,782		-	19,958,827	15.39%
	2018	2,875,323		2,875,323		-	18,802,869	15.29%
	2017	2,197,578		2,197,578		-	17,173,056	12.80%
	2016	1,967,344		1,967,344		-	15,389,727	12.78%
	2015	1,504,827		1,504,827		-	13,843,399	10.87%
	2014	1,577,230		1,577,230		-	14,470,863	10.90%

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Plan Years Ended June 30, *

Year Ended June 30,	County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	 County's covered payroll	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.12678049%	(450,496)	\$ 23,545,924	-2 %	195%
2021	0.13954178%	(479,187)	23,138,167	-2%	184%
2020	0.15228373%	(310,294)	21,031,089	-1%	150%
2019	0.18191828%	(351,532)	19,958,827	-2%	144%
2018	0.17604880%	(196,518)	18,802,869	-1%	124%
2017	0.14647859%	(68,772)	17,173,056	0%	109%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Notes to schedule Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions:

Actuarial valuation	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013
Effective period	July 2021 - June 2023	July 2019 - June 2021	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2016 - June 2017
Actuarial assumptions:				
Inflation rate	2.40 percent	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increase	3.40 percent	3.50 percent	3.50 percent	3.75 percent
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent	7.20 percent	7.20 percent	7.75 percent

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CONTRIBUTIONS

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years Ended June 30,*

Year Ended June 30,	 Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution			Contribution deficiency (excess)		 County's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2023	\$ 3,033	\$	3,033	\$	-		\$ 26,438,796	0.01%	
2022	3,125		3,125			-	23,545,924	0.01%	
2021	3,734		3,734			-	23,138,167	0.02%	
2020	10,875		10,875			-	21,031,089	0.05%	
2019	90,162		90,162			-	19,958,827	0.45%	
2018	85,243		85,243			-	18,802,869	0.45%	
2017	82,007		82,007			-	17,173,056	0.48%	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

	Years Ended June 30,										
	2023		2022	2021	2020		2019		2018		
Service cost	\$ 256	718	\$ 249,304	\$	194,008	\$	172,634	\$	186,967	\$	199,811
Interest on total OPEB liability	58	298	54,265		84,343		83,859		78,316		62, 815
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(398	245)	-		(6,853)		-		178,301		-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(323	961)	10,402		(192,964)		73,275		(315,529)		(133,908)
Benefit payments	(65	<u>424</u>)	(90,130)	·	(86,056)		(129,901)	_	(138,976)	_	(125,986)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(472	614)	223,841		(7,522)		199,867		(10,921)		2,732
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	2,474	781	2,250,940		2,258,462		2,058,595		2,069,516		2,066,784
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 2,002	<u> 167</u>	\$ 2,474,781	<u>\$</u>	2,250,940	<u>\$</u>	2,258,462	<u>\$</u>	2,058,595	<u>\$</u>	2,069,516
Covered employee payroll	\$ 26,438	796 \$	\$ 23,545,924	\$	23,138,167	\$	21,031,089	\$	19,958,827	\$	18,802,869
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	7	. 57%	10-51%	,	9.73%		10.74%		10.31%		11.01%

Notes to schedule

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Implicit rate subsidy

Contributions are not based on a measure of pay, therefore the covered-employee payroll is used in the percentages above.

Changes in assumptions

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Discount rate used	3.65%	2.21%	2.21%	3.50%	3.50%	3.58%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.



COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND AND OTHER SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

		Special		Capital		
		Revenue	ı	Projects		Total
Assets	<u></u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,028,836	\$	126,945	\$	6,155,781
Receivables	·	1,132,627	·	, <u> </u>		1,132,627
Prepaid items		23,795	_			23,795
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	7,185,258	\$	126,945	<u>\$</u>	7,312,203
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	446,100	\$	_	\$	446,100
Due to other funds		137,632		17,668		155,300
Consumer deposits		3,300		-		3,300
Unearned revenue		343,492				343,492
Total liabilities		930,524		17,668		948,192
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue	_	237,767				237,767
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		23,795		_		23,795
Restricted		5,967,109		_		5,967,109
Committed		26,063		126,945		153,008
Unassigned	_	<u>-</u>		(17,668)	-	(17,668)
Total fund balances	_	6,016,967		109,277		6,126,244
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		- 40- 650		400.04=		- 040 000
and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	7,185,258	<u>\$</u>	126,945	<u>\$</u>	7,312,203

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Spe	cial Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues		_		_
Property taxes	\$	521,645	\$ -	\$ 521,645
Franchise fees		245,305	-	245,305
Licenses, permits and fees		849,484	-	849,484
Fines and forfeitures		4,931	-	4,931
Charges for services		2,783,584	-	2,783,584
Donations		1,605,295	-	1,605,295
Intergovernmental		8,993,919	-	8,993,919
Interest		8,415	7,115	15,530
Miscellaneous		22,374		 22,374
Total revenues		15,034,952	7,115	 15,042,067
Expenditures				
Current				
General government		3,711,420	64,719	3,776,139
Public safety		1,608,307	-	1,608,307
Highways and streets		170,933	-	170,933
Health and welfare		9,482,575	-	9,482,575
Education		438,937	-	438,937
Debt service		36,091	1,125,910	1,162,001
Capital outlay		100	258,329	 258,429
Total expenditures		15,448,363	1,448,958	 16,897,321
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(413,411)	(1,441,843)	 (1,855,254)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		1,643,000	1,600,000	 3,243,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,643,000	1,600,000	 3,243,000
Net change in fund balances		1,229,589	158,157	1,387,746
Fund balances at beginning of year		4,787,378	(48,880)	 4,738,498
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,016,967	\$ 109,277	\$ 6,126,244

		ciplinary ervention	Domestic Mediation	Co	urt Security		ublic Land Comer	Do	g Control	Mai	rine Patrol	Lav	v Liibrary	,	Health Services
ssets	-														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,916	\$ 25,154	\$	125,289	\$	61,238	\$	11,244	\$		\$	9,574	\$	
Receivables		33,223			491		-		540		40,032		-		550,391
Prepaid items				-	-	_				_					349
otal assets	<u>\$</u>	38,139	\$ 25,154	. <u>\$</u>	125,780	<u>\$</u>	61,238	<u>\$</u>	11,784	<u>\$</u>	40,032	<u>\$</u>	9,574	<u>\$</u>	550,740
iabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances Liabilities															
ccounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	18,817	\$ 3,584	. \$	634	\$	70	\$	2,775	\$	3,293	\$	4,249	\$	105,901
Due to other funds		-			-		-		-		26,883		-		105,257
Consumer deposits		-			-		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenue			-	-		_		_		_		_		_	
Total liabilities	_	18,817	3,584	_	634	_	70		2,775		30,176		4,249		211,158
Deferred inflows of resources															
Unavailable revenue	_			-	-	_		_		_		_		_	
Fund balances															
Nonspendab l e		-			-		-		-		-		-		349
Restricted		19,322	21,570	į	125,146		61,168		-		9,856		5,325		339,233
Committed	_			-	-	_		_	9,009	_		_		_	
Total fund balances		19,322	21,570	_	125,146		61,168		9,009		9,856		5,325	_	339,582

Pu	blic Heath		Juvenile		eterans' Services		Fair		Economic evelopment	Н	ousehold azardous Waste		Coordinated ousing Fund		Building Inspection		Extension Service District		Total
\$	953,261 214,173 9,525	\$	110,376 92,659 2,320	\$	42,701 -	\$	11,585 44,200 8,000	\$	918,783 98,958	\$	49,963 - -	\$	3,341,643 - -	\$	249,543 - 625	\$	156,267 15,259 2,976	\$	6,028,836 1,132,627 23,795
\$	<u>1,176,959</u>	<u>\$</u>	205,355	<u>\$</u>	42,701	\$	63,785	<u>\$</u>	1,017,741	<u>\$</u>	49,963	<u>\$</u>	3,341,643	<u>\$</u>	250,168	<u>\$</u>	174,502	<u>\$</u>	7,185,258
\$	43,116 - - -	\$	57,414 - - -	\$	6,137 5,492 -	\$	35,431 - 3,300	\$	47,813 - - 343,492	\$	6,396 - - 	\$	13,857 - - -	\$	6,125 - - -	\$	90,488 - - -	\$	446,100 137,632 3,300 343,492
_	43,116		57,414		11,629		38,731	_	391,305	_	6,396	_	13,857	_	6,125		90,488		930,524
_	224,813	_		_	<u>-</u>	_		_	<u>-</u>	_		_		_	-	_	12,954		237,767
	9,525 899,505	_	2,320 145,621	_	31,072	_	8,000 - 17,054		626,436 	_	43,567 	_	3,327,786 -	_	625 243,418	_	2,976 68,084		23,795 5,967,109 26,063
	909,030		147,941		31,072		25,054	_	626,436		43,567	_	3,327,786		244,043	_	71,060		6,016,967
<u>\$</u>	1,176,959	<u>\$</u>	205,355	<u>\$</u>	42,701	<u>\$</u>	63,785	<u>\$</u>	1,017,741	<u>\$</u>	49,963	<u>\$</u>	3,341,643	<u>\$</u>	250,168	<u>\$</u>	174,502	<u>\$</u>	7,185,258

	Multi- Disciplinary Intervention	Domestic Mediation	Court Security	Public Land Corner	Dog Control	Marine Patrol	Law Library	Health Services
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	77,515	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	=	=	4,931	=	=	=	-	=
Charges for services	-	-	-	89,699	-	=	-	2,108,301
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	1,490,880
Intergovernmental	132,893	37,467	15,609	-	-	76,679	57,382	2,109,962
Interest	-	-	3,202	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous								368
Total revenues	132,893	37,467	23,742	89,699	77,515	76,679	57,382	5,709,511
Expenditures Current General government		31,650		-			84,109	-
Public safety	178,681	-	20,044		222,677	52,211	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	170,933	-	-	-	
Health and welfare	=	-	-	-	-	=	-	6,514,460
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay								
Total expenditures	178,681	31,650	20,044	170,933	222,677	52,211	84,109	6,514,460
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(45,788)	5,817	3,698	(81,234)	(145,162)	24,468	(26,727)	(804,949)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in					140,000	5,000	28,000	350,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			=		140,000	5,000	28,000	350,000
Net change in fund balances	(45,788)	5,817	3,698	(81,234)	(5,162)	29,468	1,273	(454,949)
Fund balances at beginning of year	65,110	15,753	121,448	142,402	14,171	(19,612)	4,052	794,531
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 19,322	\$ 21,570	\$ 125,146	\$ 61,168	\$ 9,009	\$ 9,856	\$ 5,325	\$ 339,582

Public Health	Juvenile	Veterans' Services	Fair	County School	Economic Development	Household Hazardous Waste	Coordinated Housing	Building Inspection	Extension Service District	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 521,645	
-	-	-	-	171,802	-	73,503	-		-	245,305
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	771,969	-	849,484
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,931
262,047	31,578		291,959	-	=	-	-	=	=	2,783,584
19,688	222.004	61,406	33,321	- 075	4 000 400	-	0.450.070	-	-	1,605,295
2,090,396	333,094	123,699	353,001	875	1,206,490	-	2,456,372	-	- 040	8,993,919
-	-	-	4.500	-	47.500	-	-	-	5,213	8,415
			4,506		17,500					22,374
2,372,131	364,672	185,105	682,787	172,677	1,223,990	73,503	2,456,372	771,969	526,858	15,034,952
-	45,236 1,134,694	311,176	990,255	172,677	1,094,389	49,748	128,586	803,594	-	3, 711,420 1, 608,307
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,933
2,968,115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,482,575
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	438,937	438,937
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,091	36,091
<u>=</u>			100	=						100
2,968,115	1,179,930	311,176	990,355	172,677	1,094,389	49,748	128,586	803,594	475,028	15,448,363
(595,984)	(815,258)	(126,071)	(307,568)		129,601	23,755	2,327,786	(31,625)	51,830	(413,411)
75,000	800,000	120,000	125,000							1,643,000
75,000	800,000	120,000	125,000							1,643,000
(520,984)	(15,258)	(6,071)	(182,568)	-	129,601	23,755	2,327,786	(31,625)	51,830	1,229,589
1,430,014	163,199	37,143	207,622		496,835	19,812	1,000,000	275,668	19,230	4,787,378
\$ 909,030	\$ 147,941	\$ 31,072	\$ 25,054	\$ -	\$ 626,436	\$ 43,567	\$ 3,327,786	\$ 244,043	\$ 71,060	\$ 6,016,967

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Building Improvement	Public Works Complex Construction	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 126,945</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 126,945</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 126,945</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 126,945</u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances			
Liabilities Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ 17,668	\$ 17,668
Duo to other rands	Ψ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities		17,668	17,668
Fund balances			
Committed	126,945	-	126,945
Unassigned		(17,668)	(17,668)
Total fund balances	126,945	(17,668)	109,277
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 126,945	\$ -	\$ 12 6,945

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPIAL PROJECT FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Building rovement	Con	: Works nplex truction		Total
Revenues					
Interest	\$ 4,208	\$	2,907	<u>\$</u>	7,115
Total revenues	 4,208		2,907		7,115
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	54,719		10,000		64,719
Debt service	631,124	4	494,786		1,125,910
Capital outlay	 45,231		213,098		258,329
Total expenditures	 731,074		717,884		1,448,958
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (726,866)		714,977)	(1,441,843)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	 850,000	-	750,000		1,600,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 850,000		750,000		1,600,000
Net change in fund balances	123,134		35,023		158,157
Fund balances at beginning of year	 3,811		(52,691)		(48,880)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 126,945	\$	(17,668)	<u>\$</u>	109,277

MULTI-DISCIPLINARY INTERVENTION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues		7101001	
Intergovernmental	\$ 130,000	\$ 132,893	\$ 2,893
Total revenues	130,000	132,893	2,893
Expenditures			
Multi-disciplinary intervention			
Personnel services	33,052	18,793	14,259
Materials and services	174,448	157,388	17,060
Interdepartment charges	2,500	2,500	
Total expenditures	210,000	178,681	31,319
Net change in fund balance	(80,000)	(45,788)	34,212
Fund balance at beginning of year	80,000	65,110	(14,890)
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 19,322	\$ 19,322

DOMESTIC MEDIATION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 38,000	\$ 37,467	\$ (533)
Total revenues	38,000	37,467	(533)
Expenditures			
Domestic mediation			
Materials and services	61,147	29,797	31,350
Interdepartment charges	1,853	1,853	-
Total expenditures	63,000	31,650	31,350
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(25,000)	5,817	30,817
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	5,000		(5,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,000		(5,000)
Net change in fund balance	(20,000)	5,817	25,817
Fund balance at beginning of year	20,000	15,753	(4,247)
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 21,570	\$ 21,570

COURT SECURITY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 7,500	\$ 4,931	\$ (2,569)
Intergovernmental	14,000	15,609	1,609
Interest	1,000	3,202	2,202
Total revenues	22,500	23,742	1,242
Expenditures			
Court security			
Materials and services	90,646	3,190	87,456
Interdepartment charges	16,854	16,854	-
Capital outlay	25,000		25,000
Total court security	132,500	20,044	112,456
Total expenditures	132,500	20,044	112,456
Net change in fund balance	(110,000	3,698	113,698
Fund balance at beginning of year	110,000	121,448	11,448
Fund balance at end of year	\$	\$ 125,146	\$ 125,146

PUBLIC LAND CORNER PRESERVATION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budget Actual		Variance		
Revenues						
Charges for services	<u>\$</u>	180,000	<u>\$</u>	89,699	<u>\$</u>	(90,301)
Total revenues		180,000		89,699		(90,301)
Expenditures						
Public land comer preservation						
Materials and services		299,245		130,178		169,067
Interdepartment charges		40,755		40,755		-
Total expenditures		340,000		170,933		169,067
Net change in fund balance		(160,000)		(81,234)		78 , 766
Fund balance at beginning of year		160,000		142,402		(17,598)
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	61,168	\$	61,168

DOG CONTROL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues						
Licenses, permits and fees	\$	65,000	\$	77,515	\$	12,515
Total revenues		65,000		77,515		12,515
Expenditures						
Dog control						
Personnel services		167,365		175,372		(8,007)
Materials and services		40,651		25,321		15 , 330
Interdepartment charges		21,984		21,984		-
Total expenditures		230,000		222,677		7,323
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(165,000)		(145,162)		19,838
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		140,000		140,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		140,000		140,000		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		(25,000)		(5,162)		19,838
Fund balance at beginning of year		25,000		14,171		(10,829)
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	9,009	\$	9,009

MARINE PATROL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	67,000	\$	76,679	\$	9,679
Total revenues		67,000		76,679		9,679
Expenditures						
Marine patrol						
Personnel services		47,316		30,117		17,199
Materials and services		19,958		17,368		2,590
Interdepartment charges		4,726		4,726		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		72,000		52,211		19,789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(5,000)		24,468		29,468
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		5,000		5,000		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,000		5,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		29,468		29,468
Fund balance at beginning of year				(19,612)		(19,612)
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	9,856	\$	9,856

LAW LIBRARY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	58,000	\$	57,382	\$	(618)
Total revenues		58,000		57,382		(618)
Expenditures						
Law library						
Materials and services		45,327		41,436		3,891
Interdepartment charges		42,673		42,673		-
Total expenditures		88,000		84,109		3,891
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(30,000)		(26,727)		3,273
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		28,000		28,000		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		28,000		28,000		
Net change in fund balance		(2,000)		1,273		3,273
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,000		4,052		2,052
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	5,325	\$	5,325

HEALTH SERVICES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budget	Actual		Variance
Revenues		_	 _		_
Charges for services	\$	1,800,000	\$ 2,108,301	\$	308,301
Intergovernmental		3,150,000	2,109,962		(1,040,038)
Donations		460,000	1,490,880		1,030,880
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>	 368		368
Total revenues		5,410,000	 5,709,511		299,511
Expenditures					
Administration					
Personnel services		1,954,225	1,887,623		66,602
Materials and services		25,500	49,670		(24,170)
Interdepartment charges		205,023	 205,023	_	
Total administration		2,184,748	 2,142,316		42,432
Family and community outreach					
Personnel services		2,611,885	2,437,454		174,431
Materials and services		1,588,807	1,760,130		(171,323)
Interdepartment charges		174,560	 174,560	_	
Total family and community outreach		4,375,252	 4,372,144		3,108
Total expenditures		6,560,000	 6,514,460		45,540
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,150,000)	(804,949)	_	345,051
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	_	350,000	 350,000		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		350,000	 350,000		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(800,000)	(454,949)		345,051
Fund balance at beginning of year		800,000	 794,531		(5,469)
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$ 339,582	\$	339,582

PUBLIC HEALTH - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 100,000	\$ 262,047	\$ 162,047
Intergovernmental	2,472,500	2,090,396	(382,104)
Donations		19,688	19,688
Total revenues	2,572,500	2,372,131	(200,369)
Expenditures			
Family planning			
Personnel services	98,604	25,227	73 , 377
Materials and services	16,025	24,443	(8,418)
Interdepartment charges	58,073	58,073	-
Total family planning	172,702	107,743	64,959
General health			
Personnel services	2,128,619	1,638,587	490,032
Materials and services	546,500	387,431	159,069
Interdepartment charges	467,518	467,518	
Total general health	3,142,637	2,493,536	649,101
Womern, infants and children			
Personnel services	262,005	259,162	2,843
Materials and services	28,500	25,541	2,959
Interdepartment charges	82,133	82,133	
Total women, infants and children	372,638	366,836	5,802
Contingency	234,523		234,523
Total expenditures	3,922,500	2,968,115	954,385
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,350,000)	(595,984)	754,016
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	150,000	75,000	(75,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	150,000	75,000	(75,000)
Net change in fund balance	(1,200,000)	(520,984)	679,016
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,200,000	1,430,014	230,014
Fund balance at end of year	\$	\$ 909,030	\$ 909,030

JUVENILE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 32,500	\$ 31,578	, ,
Intergovernmental	265,000	333,094	68,094
Total revenues	297,500	364,672	67,172
Expenditures			
Juvenile community service			
Materials and services	46,500	44,760	1,740
Interdepartment charges	476	476	
Total juvenile community service	46,976	45,236	1,740
Juvenile probations			
Personnel services	692,592	691,465	1,127
Materials and services	41,238	34,596	6,642
Interdepartment charges	129,180	129,180	
Total juvenile probations	863,010	855,241	7,769
Juvenile sanctions			
Materials and services	265,500	277,439	(11,939)
Interdepartment charges	2,014	2,014	_
Total juvenile sanctions	267,514	279,453	(11,939)
Total expenditures	1,177,500	1,179,930	(2,430)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(880,000)	(815,258)	64,742
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	800,000	800,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	800,000	800,000	
Net change in fund balance	(80,000)	(15,258)	64,742
Fund balance at beginning of year	80,000	163,199	83,199
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 147,941</u>	<u>\$ 147,941</u>

VETERANS' SERVICES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 120,000	\$ 123,699	\$ 3,699	
Donations	70,000	61,406	(8,594)	
Total revenues	190,000	185,105	(4,895)	
Expenditures				
Veterans' services				
Personnel services	167,129	163,315	3,814	
Materials and services	130,158	•	10	
Interdepartment charges	17,713	17,713	-	
Total veterans' services	315,000	311,176	3,824	
Total expenditures	315,000	311,176	3,824	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(125,000	(126,071)	(1,071)	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	120,000	120,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	120,000	120,000		
Net change in fund balance	(5,000	(6,071)	(1,071)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,000	37,143	32,143	
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 31,072	\$ 31,072	

FAIR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bu	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues				_		
Charges for services	\$	234,000	\$	291,959	\$	57 , 959
Intergovernmental		290,000		353,001		63,001
Donations		40,000		33,321		(6,679)
Miscellaneous		3,000		4,506		1,506
Total revenues		567,000		682,787		115,787
Expenditures						
Annual fair						
Personnel services		107,867		91,327		16,540
Materials and services		102,800		110,794		(7,994)
Interdepartment charges		8,845		8,845		
Total annual fair		219,512		210,966		8,546
Year round operations						
Personnel services		274,613		343,767		(69,154)
Materials and services		234,567		397,214		(162,647)
Interdepartment charges		38,308		38,308		-
Capital outlay		200,000		100		199,900
Total year round operations		747,488		779,389		(31,901)
Total expenditures		967,000		990,355		(23,355)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	((400,000)		(307,568)		92,432
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		200,000		125,000		(75,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		200,000		125,000		(75,000)
Net change in fund balance	((200,000)		(182,568)		17,432
Fund balance at beginning of year		200,000		207,622		7,622
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	25,054	\$	25,054

COUNTY SCHOOL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues					
Franchise fees	\$ 173,500	\$	171,802	\$	(1,698)
Intergovernmental	 1,500		875		(625)
Total revenues	 175,000		172,677		(2,323)
Expenditures					
County school					
Materials and services	 175,000		172,677		2,323
Total expenditures	 175,000		172,677		2,323
Net change in fund balance	-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues	\$	250,000	_ው	4EE 44E	φ	105 115
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	>	350 , 000	» —	455,445 17,500	\$ 	105,445 17,500
Total revenues		350,000		472,945		122,945
Expenditures						
Economic development						
Personnel services		24,497		25,423		(926)
Materials and services		1,660,365		1,053,828		606,537
Interdepartment charges		15,138		15,138		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		1,700,000		1,094,389		605,611
Net change in fund balance		(1,350,000)		(621,444)		728,556
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	1,350,000		1,591,372		241,372
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>		\$	969,928	\$	969,928
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles Uneamed revenue				(343,492)		
			\$	626,436		

HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget Actual		Variance
Revenues			
Franchise fees	\$ 55,000	\$ 73,503	\$ 18,503
Total revenues	55,000	73,503	18,503
Expenditures			
Household hazardous waste			
Personnel services	29,262	12,711	16,551
Materials and services	53,333	34,632	18,701
Interdepartment charges	2,405	2,405	-
Total expenditures	85,000	49,748	35,252
Net change in fund balance	(30,000)	23,755	53,755
Fund balance at beginning of year	30,000	19,812	(10,188)
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 43,567	\$ 43,567

COORDINATED HOUSING FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual			Variance	
Revenues		_					
Intergovernmental	\$	2,500,000	<u>\$</u>	2,456,372	\$	(43,628)	
Total revenues	_	2,500,000		2,456,372		(43,628)	
Expenditures							
Economic development							
Personnel services		106,000		77,140		28,860	
Materials and services		844,000		51,446		792,554	
Capital outlay	_	1,200,000				1,200,000	
Total economic development		2,150,000		128,586		2,021,414	
Contingency	_	1,350,000		<u>-</u>	_	1,350,000	
Total expenditures		3,500,000		128,586		3,371,414	
Net change in fund balance		(1,000,000)		2,327,786		3,327,786	
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,000,000		1,000,000			
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	3,327,786	\$	3,327,786	

BUILDING INSPECTION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		,	Variance
Revenues			710 20101			
Licenses, permits and fees	\$	750,000	\$	771,969	\$	21,969
Total revenues		750,000		771,969		21,969
Expenditures						
Building inspection						
Personnel services		609,641		640,085		(30,444)
Materials and services		96,149		49,299		46,850
Interdepartment charges		114,210		114,210		
Total academy building improvement		820,000		803,594		16,406
Contingency		180,000				180,000
Total expenditures		1,000,000		803,594		196,406
Net change in fund balance		(250,000)		(31,625)		218,375
Fund balance at beginning of year		250,000		275,668		25,668
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	244,043	\$	244,043

EXTENSION SERVICE DISTRICT- SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 543,000	\$	521,645	\$	(21,355)	
Donations	1,500		-		(1,500)	
Interest	 2,500		5,213		2,713	
Total revenues	 547,000		526,858		(20,142)	
Expenditures						
Extension services						
Materials and services	556,000		469,028		86,972	
Interdepartment charges	 6,000		6,000			
Total extension services	 562,000		475,028		86,972	
Contingency	 15,000		-		15,000	
Total expenditures	 577,000		475,028		101,972	
Net change in fund balance	(30,000)		51,830		81,830	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 30,000		19,230		(10,770)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	\$	71,060	\$	71,060	

BUILDING IMPROVEMENT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Interest	\$ -	\$ 4,208	\$ 4,208
Total revenues		4,208	4,208
Expenditures			
Academy building improvement			
Materials and services	-	36,107	(36,107)
Debt service	253,950	203,930	50,020
Capital outlay		935	(935)
Total academy building improvement	253,950	240,972	12,978
Courthouse building improvement			
Materials and services	42,500	18,612	23,888
Debt service	380,000	427,194	(47,194)
Capital outlay	1,048,550	44,296	1,004,254
Total courthouse building improvement	1,471,050	490,102	980,948
Total expenditures	1,725,000	731,074	993,926
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,725,000)	(726,866)	998,134
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	1,675,000	850,000	(825,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,675,000	850,000	(825,000)
Net change in fund balance	(50,000)	123,134	173,134
Fund balance at beginning of year	50,000	3,811	(46,189)
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 126,945	\$ 126,945

PUBLIC WORKS COMPLEX CONSTRUCTION - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Interest	\$ -	\$ 2,907	\$ 2,907
Total revenues		2,907	2,907
Expenditures			
Public works complex construction			
Materials and services	15,000	-	15,000
Interdepartment charges	10,000	10,000	-
Debt service	500,000	494,786	5,214
Capital outlay	250,000	213,098	36,902
Total expenditures	775,000	717,884	57,116
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(775,000)	(714,977)	60,023
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	750,000	750,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	750,000	750,000	
Net change in fund balance	(25,000)	35,023	60,023
Fund balance at beginning of year	25,000	(52,691)	(77,691)
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ (17,668)</u>	<u>\$ (17,668)</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
June 30, 2023

	Management Services	Insurance	Totals
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 596,493	\$ -	\$ 596,493
Receivables, net	18,077	-	18,077
Prepaid items	255,680		255,680
Total current assets	870,250	-	870,250
Net other postemployment benefits asset	49,555	-	49,555
Capital assets, net	3,673,252		3,673,252
Total assets	4,593,057		4,593,057
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension related items	1,729,553	-	1,729,553
Other postemployment benefit related items	24,295		24,295
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,753,848		1,753,848
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	160,053	29,588	189,641
Due to other funds	-	95,293	95,293
Long-term obligations:			
Due within one year	511,716	-	511,716
Due in more than one year	7,027,485		7,027,485
Total liabilities	7,699,254	124,881	7,824,135
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension related items	1,020,903	-	1,020,903
Other postemployment benefit related items	113,722		113,722
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,134,625		1,134,625
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	3,673,252	-	3,673,252
Unrestricted	(6,160,226)	(124,881)	(6,285,107)
Total net position	<u>\$ (2,486,974)</u>	\$ (124,881)	<u>\$ (2,611,855)</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Management		
Out and the state of the	Services	Insurance	Totals
Operating revenues	\$ 11,520	у ф	\$ 11,520
Intergovernmental	\$ 11,520 7,306,723		\$ 11,520 8,055,904
Charges for services Miscellaneous	19,380	•	19,380
Miscerial ledus		<u>'</u>	19,380
Total operation revenues	7,337,623	749,181	8,086,804
Operating expenses			
Personnel services	4,572,803	75,672	4,648,475
Materials and services	1,759,479	823,308	2,582,787
Interdepartmental charges	148,000	186,559	334,559
Amortization and depreciation	458,385	<u> </u>	458,385
Total operating expenses	6,938,667	1,085,539	8,024,206
Operating income (loss)	398,956	(336,358)	62,598
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest expense	(81,808	<u> </u>	(81,808)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(81,808	3)	(81,808)
Income (loss) before transfers	317,148	(336,358)	(19,210)
Transfers in	,	- 100,000	100,000
Transfers out	(500,000	<u> </u>	(500,000)
Change in net position	(182,852	2) (236,358)	(419,210)
Net position - beginning	(2,304,122	2)111,477	(2,192,645)
Net position - ending	\$ (2,486,974) \$ (124,881)	\$ (2,611,855)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Management					
		Services		Insurance		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from other governments	\$	9,659	\$		\$	9,659
Receipts from other funds		7,306,723		749,181		8,055,904
Miscellaneous receipts		19,380		-		19,380
Payments to suppliers		(1,791,245)		(966,768)		(2,758,013)
Payments to employees		(4,522,608)		(75,672)		(4,598,280)
Payments to other funds		(148,000)		(186,559)		(334,559)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	873,909		(479,818)	_	394,091
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Loans from other funds		-		95,293		95,293
Transfers in		-		100,000		100,000
Transfers out	_	(500,000)	_		_	(500,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(500,000)		195,293		(304,707)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Principal paid on lease liabilities		(347,109)		-		(347,109)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	_	(81,808)				(81,808)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(428,917)				(428,917)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(55,008)		(284,525)		(339,533)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	_	651,501		284,525	_	936,026
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>\$</u>	596,493	\$		\$	596,493
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided						
by (used in) operating activities		000.050		(222.250)		00 500
Operating income (loss)	\$	398,956	\$	(336,358)	Þ	62,598
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		450.005				450.005
Amortization and depreciation		458,385		-		458,385
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources		(4.004)				(4.004)
Receivables, net		(1,861) (117,705)		-		(1,861)
Prepaid items				-		(117,705)
Net other postemployment benefits asset Pension related items		3,156 (2,893)		-		3,156
		5,113		-		(2,893) 5,113
Other postemployment benefit related items		5,115		-		5,115
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		9E 020		(143,460)		(57 501)
• •		85,939		(143,460)		(57,521)
Compensated absences payable		20,654		_		20,654
Net pension liability		994,242				994,242
Net other postemployment benefits liability		(51,988)				(51,988)
Pension related items		(973,473)		_		(973,473)
Other postemployment benefit related items	_	55,384	_	<u>-</u>	_	55,384
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$</u>	873,909	<u>\$</u>	(479,818)	<u>\$</u>	394,091

MANAGEMENT SERVICES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 7,252,500	\$	7,306,723	\$	54,223	
Intergovernmental	100,000		11,520		(88,480)	
Miscellaneous	6,000		19,380		13,380	
Total revenues	7,358,500		7,337,623		(20,877)	
Expenditures						
Board of commissioners						
Personnel services	393 , 417		384,121		9,296	
Materials and services	<u>16,750</u>		22,768		(6,018)	
Total board of commissioners	410,167		406,889		3,278	
GIS - computer mapping						
Personnel services	333,859		209,205		124,654	
Materials and services	57,050		69,827		(12,777)	
Interdepartment charges	33,000		33,000		<u>-</u>	
Total GIS - computer mapping	423,909		312,032		111,877	
Central services						
Personnel services	244,486		243,233		1, 253	
Materials and services	300,600		302,976		(2,376)	
Capital outlay	30,000				30,000	
Total central services	575,086		546,209		28,877	
Academy building maintenance						
Personnel services	432,777		366,031		66,746	
Materials and services	111,000		146,949		(35,949)	
Total academy building maintenance	543,777		512,980		30,797	
Jail maintenance						
Personnel services	236,858		202,498		34,360	
Materials and services	200,800		225,009		(24,209)	
Capital outlay	<u>-</u>		6,982		(6,982)	
Total jail maintenance	437,658		434,489		3,169	

Continued on next page

MANAGEMENT SERVICES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Courthouse building maintenance						
Personnel services	\$	804,273	\$	767,835	\$	36,438
Materials and services		196,950		224,180		(27,230)
Total courthouse building maintenance		1,001,223		992,015		9,208
Buchanan building maintenance						
Personnel services		91 , 485		93,019		(1,534)
Materials and services		352,150		293,101		59,049
Total buchanan building maintenance	-	443,635		386,120		57 , 515
Information services						
Personnel services		906,139		928,489		(22,350)
Materials and services		554,200		530,162		24,038
Interdepartment charges		115,000		115,000		-
Capital outlay		50,000		33,486		16,514
Total information services		1,625,339	_	1,607,137		18,202
Finance						
Personnel services		648,292		659,818		(11,526)
Materials and services		208,400		167,220		41,180
Total finance		856,692		827,038		29,654
Personnel						
Personnel services		467,877		486,224		(18,347)
Materials and services		186,000		162,804		23,196
Total personnel		653,877		649,028		4,849
County legal counsel						
Personnel services		184,526		182,135		2,391
Materials and services		7,450		2,932		4, 518
Total county legal counsel		191,976		185,067		6,909

MANAGEMENT SERVICES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget			Actual		Variance	
Non-departmental Special projects	\$	346,661	\$		\$	346,661	
Total non-departmental	_	346,661				346,661	
Total expenditures		7,510,000		6,859,004		650,996	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(151,500)		478,619		630,119	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Sale of capital assets Transfers out		1,500 (750,000)		(500,000)		(1,500) 250,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(748,500)		(500,000)		248,500	
Net change in fund balance		(900,000)		(21,381)		878,619	
Fund balance at beginning of year		900,000		731,578		(168,422)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	710,197	\$	710,197	
Reconcilation to generally accepted accounting principles: Net other postemployment benefit asset Lease assets, net Capital assets, net Deferred outflows of resources Compensated absences Lease liability Net pension liability Other postemployment benefit Deferred inflows of resources Net position at end of year				49,555 3,496,612 176,640 1,753,848 (164,887) (3,584,282) (3,569,794) (220,238) (1,134,625)			
וופנ איסונוטוו מנ כווע טו אכמו			<u>~</u>	(2,400,314)			

INSURANCE - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	1,025,000	\$	749,181	\$	(275,819)
Total revenues		1,025,000		749,181		(275,819)
Expenditures						
Insurance						
Personnel services		74,400		75,672		(1,272)
Materials and services		660,600		823,308		(162,708)
Interdepartment charges		470,000		186,559		283,441
Total insurance		1,205,000		1,085,539		119,461
Contingency		200,000				200,000
Total expenditures		1,405,000		1,085,539		319,461
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(380,000)		(336,358)		43,642
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		100,000		100,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		100,000		100,000		
Net change in fund balance		(280,000)		(236,358)		43,642
Fund balance at beginning of year		280,000		111,477		(168,523)
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	(124,881)	\$	(124,881)

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTABILITY FOR INDEPENDENTLY ELECTED OFFICIALS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Elected Official	Cash B	ash and Equivalents alances y 1, 2022	 Cash Receipts	Cash Furnovers and Sursements to County Treasurer and Others	Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances June 30, 2023		
Assessor	\$	25	\$ 13,238	\$ 13,238	\$	25	
Clerk		150	332,360	332,360		150	
District Attorney		35	74,391	74,391		35	
Sheriff		23,883	1,361,088	1,367,887		17,084	
Treasurer	;	39,043,993	 213,996,669	 214,598,257		38,442,405	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	39,068,086	\$ 215,777,746	\$ 216,386,133	\$	38,459,699	









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

To the Board of County Commissioners Polk County Dallas, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of Polk County (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2024. Our audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. As such, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads and streets.
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

Board of County Commissioners Polk County Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations January 25, 2024

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the County was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for the following:

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294.463)

- Appropriations for the American Rescue Plan fund did not separately appropriate transfers from other expenditures in the appropriation resolution.
- Expenditures in excess of appropriations occurred in the Juvenile fund in the Juvenile Sanctions appropriation category of \$11,939 and the Fair fund in the Year Round Operations appropriation category of \$31,901.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management of Polk County, and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these parties.

January 25, 2024

Ву:

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Partner