CHAPTER 138

FARM/FOREST (FF) ZONING DISTRICT

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138.010 PURPOSE The Farm/Forest (F/F) Zone is designed to provide for the full range of agricultural and forest uses for such lands, while providing for the maximum property tax benefits available (e.g. farm use assessment, timber tax treatment, open space deferral, wildlife habitat, etc.) and conformity with the Farm/Forest objectives and policies of the Polk County Comprehensive Plan.

Upon periodic revision of the Polk County Comprehensive Plan, the lands within the F/F designation shall be reviewed by the County Commissioners as to their continued appropriateness in such a designation or, alternatively rezoning to a more appropriate category.

As with other natural resource zones, there are isolated lands within the F/F Zone which have no actual or potential use for agricultural or forest purposes. In those cases, other non-natural resource uses may be permitted only as provided in this Chapter and in the Polk County Comprehensive Plan. Such uses must not be adverse to accepted agricultural or forest practices. Further, consistent with the diverse character of this zone and recognizing that the actual and potential land use conditions vary from intensive to extensive cultivation and use, the Board of County Commissioners has adopted this zone to deal with myriad potential uses, while recognizing the primary orientation of this zone towards farm and forest uses.

138.015 **DEFINITIONS**

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

- (A) <u>Auxiliary</u>: As used in Section 138.040, "auxiliary" means a use or alteration of a structure or land which provides help or is directly associated with the conduct of a particular forest practice. An auxiliary structure is located on site, temporary in nature, and is not designed to remain for the forest's entire growth cycle from planting to harvesting. An auxiliary use is removed when a particular forest practice has concluded.
- (B) Definitions contained in ORS 197.015 and the Statewide Planning Goals.
- (C) <u>Cubic Foot Per Acre Per Year</u> [OAR 660-006-0005(3)] means the average annual increase in cubic foot volume of wood fiber per acre for fully stocked stands at the culmination of mean annual increment as reported by the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (D) <u>Cubic Foot Per Tract Per Year</u> [OAR 660-006-0005(4)] means the average annual increase in cubic foot volume of wood fiber per tract for fully stocked stands at the culmination of mean annual increment as reported by the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (E) <u>Date of Creation and Existence</u>: When a lot, parcel or tract is reconfigured pursuant to applicable law after November 4, 1993, the effect of which is to qualify a lot, parcel or tract for the siting of a dwelling, the date of the reconfiguration is the date of creation or existence. Reconfigured means any change in the boundary of the lot, parcel or tract.
- (F) <u>Forest Operation</u> means any commercial activity relating to the growing or harvesting of any forest tree species as defined in ORS 527.620(6).
- (G) Relative means a child, parent, stepparent, grandchild, grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin as defined in ORS 215.283(1)(e)(A).
- (H) <u>Tract</u> means one or more contiguous lots or parcels in the same ownership.
- (I) <u>Center of the Subject Tract</u>: As used in Section 138.080(B), "center of the subject tract" means the mathematical centroid of the tract. [Amended by Ordinance 23-01]

138.020 FARM/FOREST OVERLAY ZONE The uses allowed for a tract subject to the Farm/Forest Overlay Zone shall be the same uses as those permitted in the Farm/Forest Zoning

District. Land division standards for a tract subject to the Farm/Forest Overlay Zone are those described in Section 138.130 of the Polk County Zoning Ordinance.

138.030 AUTHORIZED USES AND DEVELOPMENT The following uses, activities and development are authorized in the Farm/Forest Zoning District, subject to review and approval under applicable regulatory standards:

<u>KEY</u>	
HV	High-Value Farm Land, defined by OAR 660-033-0020(8)
Other	Other lands, not defined as High-Value
P	Permitted outright
AR	Subject to administrative review and approval
CUP	Subject to review and approval as a conditional use
NP	Use not permitted
NA	Not applicable
**	Use requires a determination of soil classes

RESOURCE USES	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Farm Use as defined in ORS 215.203	P	040(A)
Use and Management of Forest Lands	P	040(B)
Farm and Forest Accessory Structures	P	040(C)
Temporary Portable Facilities for Primary Processing of Forest Products	P	040(D)
Temporary on-site structures auxiliary to a particular forest operation; including forest labor camps – no permanent structures.	Р	040(E)
Fire Service facilities providing rural fire protection services including Fire Towers and Fire Stations	P	040(F)
Creation, Restoration, and Enhancement of wetlands, fisheries and wildlife habitat	Р	040(G)
Soil, Air and Water Conservation Activities	P	040(H)
Irrigation canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operation facilities associated with a district as defined in ORS 540.505	Р	040(I)
Physical Alterations to the Land Auxiliary to Forest Practices	P	040(J)
Processing Facility for Farm Crops	AR	050(A)
Permanent Facility for Primary Processing of Forest Products	CUP	060(A)
Permanent Logging Equipment Repair and Storage Facility	CUP	060(B)

Log Scaling and Weigh Stations	CUP	060(C)
Forest Management Research and Experimentation Facilities	CUP	060(D)
Aquaculture	CUP	060(E)
Insect Breeding	CUP	060(F)
Operations for the Extraction and Bottling of Water	CUP	060(G)

COMMERCIAL	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
On-site Filming and Accessory Activities for 45-days or less (ORS 215.306).	Р	040(K)
Single Day Agri-Tourism/Commercial Event	P	040(M)
Winery, as described in ORS 215.452 or 215.453	AR & CUP	050(B) & 060(N)
Cider Business, as described in ORS 215.451	AR	050(C)
Farm Brewery	AR	050(D)
Farm Stand	P & AR	040(L) & 050(E)
Commercial Activity In Conjunction with Farm Use	CUP	060(H)
Food Service Safe Harbor	CUP	060(I)
Home Occupations	CUP	060(J)
On-site Filming and Accessory Activities for more than 45-days (ORS 215.306).	CUP	060(K)
Dog Kennels**	CUP	060(L)
Dog Training Classes or Testing Trials	AR	050(F)
Landscape Contracting Business	CUP	060(M)

MINERAL AND AGGREGATE OPERATIONS	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Exploration and Production of Geothermal, gas, oil, and other associated hydrocarbons, (ORS 517.750)	Р	040(N)
Exploration for Mineral and Aggregate as defined by ORS 517.750	P	040(O)
Mining and Processing of Geothermal, (ORS 522.005) Oil and Gas (ORS 520.005) including Mineral and Aggregate Materials, Processing of Aggregate into Asphalt or Portland Cement (ORS 517.750) and Processing of Other Mineral Resources	CUP	060(O)

TRANSPORTATION	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Reconstruction or Modification of Public Roads, not including addition of travel lanes, removal of buildings or creation of new parcels.	P	040(P)
Climbing and Passing Lanes within Right-of Way existing on July 1, 1987.	Р	040(Q)
Temporary Public Road Detours	Р	040(R)
Minor Betterment to Existing Road and Highway Related Facilities, including climbing and passing lanes within right-of-way existing on July 1, 1987.	P	040(S)
Widening of Roads within existing right-of-way	P	040(T)
Temporary asphalt and concrete batch plants as accessory uses to specific highway projects.	CUP	060(P)
Expansion of Existing Airport.	CUP	060(Q)
Construction of Additional Passing and Travel lanes requiring acquisition of right-of-way, but not resulting in the creation of new parcels.	CUP	060(R)
Personal Use Airports and Helipads	CUP	060(S)
Reconstruction or Modification of Public Roads, involving the removal of buildings, but not the creation of new parcels.	CUP	060(T)
Improvements to Existing Road and Highway Related Facilities where additional property right-of-way is required.	CUP	060(U)
Transportation Facilities: Roads and Highways; including aids to Navigation and Aviation	CUP	060(V)

UTILITIES AND SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Utility Facility Service Lines	P	040(U)
Non-Commercial Wind Energy Systems, Meteorological Towers and Photovoltaic Systems	Р	040(V)
Utility Facilities Necessary for Public Service, excepting commercial power generating facilities, transmission towers over 200 feet in height, and a communications tower over 200 feet in height	AR	050(G)
Non-Commercial Wind Energy Systems and Meteorological Towers that Require a Height or Type of Construction Modification	AR	050(H)
Solid Waste Disposal Site under ORS 459.245	CUP	060(W)
Composting Facilities**	CUP	050(I) & 060(X)

Communication and Broadcast Towers over 200 feet in height	CUP	060(Y)
Commercial Power Generating Facilities	CUP	060(Z)
Commercial Wind Power Generating Facilities	CUP	060(AA)
New Electric Transmission Lines with right of way widths of up to 100 feet as specified in ORS 772.210 and Distribution Lines with right-of-way widths of up to 50 feet.	CUP	060(BB)
Drinking Water Facilities (Intake, Treatment, pumping stations, etc.)	CUP	060(CC)
Reservoirs and Water Impoundments	CUP	060(DD)
Non-Commercial Wind Energy Systems and Meteorological Towers in a UGB	CUP	060(EE)

PARKS/PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC FACILITIES	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Uninhabitable Structures Accessory to Fish and Wildlife Enhancement	Р	040(W)
Private Fee Hunting Operations without any accommodations.	P	040(X)
Caretaker Residence for Parks and Hatcheries	Р	040(Y)
Firearms Training Facility (ORS 197.770)	Р	040(Z)
Model Aircraft Takeoff and Landing Sites	AR	050(J)
Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches	Р	040(AA)
Destination Resorts pursuant to ORS 197.435 to 197.465 and Statewide Planning Goal 8**	AR	050(K)
Parks, Private, including Playgrounds, Hunting/Fishing Preserves and Campgrounds**	CUP	060(FF)
Parks, Public or Nonprofit, including Playgrounds or Community Centers**	CUP	060(GG)
Private Seasonal Accommodations for Fee Hunting Operations	CUP	060(HH)
Private Seasonal Accommodations for Fee Fishing Operations	CUP	060(II)
Expansion of an Existing County Fairgrounds	CUP	060(JJ)
Golf Courses and accessory uses**	CUP	060(KK)
Cemeteries	CUP	060(LL)
Community Centers	CUP	060(MM)
Living History Museum	CUP	060(NN)
Schools, Public or Private (K-12) that serve the residents of the rural	CUP	060(OO)

area**		
RESIDENTIAL USES	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Replacement Dwelling	AR	050(L)
Replacement of Historic Dwelling	AR	050(M)
Temporary Hardship Dwelling	AR	050(N)
Residential Home (ORS 197.660)	CUP	060(PP)
Room and Board Arrangements	CUP	060(QQ)

USES ON TRACTS PREDOMINATELY USED FOR FARM USE AS DEFINED IN 138.070	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Farm Dwelling	AR	080(A)(1-5)
Lot of Record Dwelling – Not High Value	AR	080(A)(6)
Lot of Record Dwelling – High Value	AR	080(A)(7)
Family Farm Help Dwelling	AR	080(A)(8)
Accessory Farm Dwelling	AR	080(A)(9)
Dwelling in Conjunction with a Commercial Dairy	AR	080(A)(10)
Relocated Farm Operation Dwelling	AR	080(A)(11)
Nonfarm Dwelling	CUP	090(A)(1)
Nonfarm Dwelling on Nonfarm Parcel	CUP	090(A)(2)

USES ON TRACTS PREDOMINATELY USED FOR FORESTRY AS DEFINED IN 138.070	AUTHORIZATION	PCZO
Small Tract, Forest Land "Lot of Record" Dwelling	AR	080(B)(1)
Large Tract Forest Land Dwelling	AR	080(B)(2)
"Template" Forest Land Dwelling	AR	080(B)(3-4)
Youth Camp	CUP	090(B)(1)

^{**} Use requires a determination of soil classes

138.040 USES PERMITTED BY RIGHT The following uses are permitted, subject to applicable standards set forth in the Polk County Zoning Ordinance and as may otherwise be indicated by federal, state and local permits or regulations:

RESOURCE USES

- (A) Farm use, as defined in ORS 215.203, including marijuana production as defined in PCZO 110.371(A). A marijuana crop is a "farm crop" for the purposes of Chapter 138. [Amended by Ordinance 16-01]
- (B) *Use and Management of Forest Lands*.
- (C) <u>Farm and Forest Accessory Structures</u> related to the use and management of farm and forest lands.
- (D) <u>Temporary Portable Facilities for Primary Processing of Forest Products.</u>
- (E) <u>Temporary On-Site Structures</u>, auxiliary to a particular forest operation; including forest labor camps, without any permanent structures and limited to the duration of the forest operation requiring the use.
- (F) <u>Fire Service Facilities Providing Rural Fire Protection Services</u> including fire towers and fire stations.
- (G) Wetland Creation, Restoration and Enhancement.
- (H) Soil, Air and Water Conservation Activities.
- (I) <u>Irrigation Canals</u>, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operation facilities associated with a district as defined in ORS 540.505.
- (J) <u>Physical Alterations to the Land Auxiliary to Forest Practices</u> including, but not limited to, those made for purposes of exploration, mining, commercial gravel extraction and processing, landfills, dams, reservoirs, road construction or recreational facilities.

COMMERCIAL

- (K) On-Site Filming and Accessory Activities for 45 days or less pursuant to ORS 215.306.
- (L) Farm Stand [OAR 660-033-0130(23)], subject to the following requirements:
 - (1) The structures are temporary, do not require building permits under the Oregon Structural Specialty Code, and are used for sale of farm crops and livestock grown on the farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in Oregon, including the sale of retail incidental items to promote the sale of farm crops or livestock sold at the farm stand, if the annual sales of the incidental items do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand; and
 - (2) If retail incidental items are offered for sale, they shall be offered for sale at the same time and location as the farm crops and livestock sold by the farm stand.
 - (3) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for activities other than the sale of farm crops and livestock and does not include structures for banquets, public gatherings or public entertainment.
 - (4) As used in this section, "farm crops or livestock" includes both fresh and processed farm crops and livestock grown on the farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in Oregon. As used in this subsection, "processed crops and livestock" includes jams, syrups, apple cider, animal products and other similar farm crops and livestock that have been processed and converted into another product but not prepared food items. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a farm stand used in conjunction with a marijuana crop is not permitted.

- (5) Farms stands that would include fee based activities to promote the sale of farm crops or livestock sold at the farm stand shall be reviewed under PCZO 138.050(C)
 [Amended by Ordinance 13-05 and 16-01]
- (M) <u>Single Agri-Tourism or Other Commercial Event or Activity</u>. A single, one-day agritourism or other commercial event or activity may be permitted on a tract in a calendar year. The applicant shall obtain a permit that is subject to ministerial review for each event or activity from the Polk County Planning Division prior to the event or activity. Authorization shall be personal to the applicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract. The event or activity:
 - (1) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;
 - (2) May not begin before 6 a.m. or end after 10 p.m.;
 - (3) May not involve more than 100 attendees or 50 vehicles;
 - (4) May not include the artificial amplification of music or voices before 8 a.m. or after 8 p.m.;
 - (5) May not require or involve the construction or use of a new permanent structure inconnection with the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity;
 - (6) Must be located on a tract of at least 10 acres unless the owners or residents of adjoining properties consent, in writing, to the location; and
 - (7) Must comply with applicable health and fire and life safety requirements. [Amended by Ordinance 13-05]

MINERAL AND AGGREGATE OPERATIONS

- (N) <u>Exploration and Production of Geothermal, Gas, Oil</u>, and other associated hydrocarbons, including the placement and operation of compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adjacent to the well head as defined in ORS Chapters 517 and 520.
- (O) Exploration for Mineral and Aggregate Resources as defined by ORS Chapter 517.570.

TRANSPORTATION

- (P) <u>Reconstruction or Modification of Public Roads and Highways</u>, not including the addition of travel lanes, removal or displacement of buildings or creation of new parcels.
- (Q) <u>Climbing and Passing Lanes within the Right-Of-Way</u> existing as of July 1, 1987.
- (R) <u>Temporary Public Road or Highway Detours</u> that will be abandoned and restored to original condition or use at such time as no longer needed.
- (S) <u>Minor Betterment of Existing Public Road and Highway Related Facilities</u> such as maintenance yards, weigh stations, and rest areas, within right-of-way existing as of July 1, 1987, and contiguous public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads and highways.
- (T) <u>Widening of Roads</u> within existing rights-of-way in conformance with the transportation element of acknowledged comprehensive plans including public road and highway projects as described in ORS 215.283(1).

UTILITIES AND SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES

- (U) <u>Utility Facility Service Lines</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(32)], and facilities or structures that end at a point where the utility service is received by the customer and that are located on one or more of the following:
 - (1) A public right of way; or
 - (2) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all adjacent property owners has been obtained; or
 - (3) The property to be served by the utility.
- (V) Wind Energy Systems, Meteorological Towers, and Photovoltaic Systems That are not Commercial Power Generating Facilities, but not including wind energy systems utilizing a tower and meteorological towers that require tower lighting, are located in an adopted urban growth boundary, or that would require modification to the height or type of construction standards described in Section 112.135(C)(1). Wind energy systems utilizing towers and meteorological towers are subject to standards listed in Sections 112.135 and 112.137. Roof-mounted, building-integrated, building-mounted and architectural wind energy systems that extend no more than an additional 5 feet above the highest ridge of the building's roof or 15 feet above the highest eave, whichever is higher, and do not exceed the height limitation of the zone, are subject to the standards listed in Section 112.137. Photovoltaic systems are subject to the standards described in Section 112.138. [Amended by Ordinance 09-06]

PARKS/PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC FACILITIES

- (W) *Uninhabitable Structures Accessory to Fish and Wildlife Enhancement.*
- (X) Private Fee Hunting Operations without any accommodations.
- (Y) <u>Caretaker Residence for a Public Park or Public Fish Hatchery.</u>
- (Z) Firearms Training Facility pursuant to ORS 197.770.
- (AA) <u>Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches</u> pursuant to ORS 215.283(1)(a). The applicant shall obtain a permit that is subject to ministerial review from the Polk County Planning Division prior to the establishment of a church or a cemetery in conjunction with churches.
 - (1) If a church, synagogue, temple, mosque, chapel, meeting house or other nonresidential place of worship is allowed on real property under state law and rules and local zoning ordinances and regulations, a county shall allow the reasonable use of the real property for activities customarily associated with the practices of the religious activity, including:
 - (a) Worship services.
 - (b) Religion classes.
 - (c) Weddings.
 - (d) Funerals.
 - (e) Meal programs.
 - (f) Child care, but not including private or parochial school education for prekindergarten through grade 12 or higher education.
 - (2) A county may:

- (a) Subject real property described in Section 138.040(AA)(1) to reasonable regulations, including site review or design review, concerning the physical characteristics of the uses authorized under subsection (1) of this section; or
- (b) Prohibit or restrict the use of real property by a place of worship described in Section 138.040(AA)(1) if the county finds that the level of service of public facilities, including transportation, water supply, sewer and storm drain systems is not adequate to serve the place of worship described in Section 138.040(AA)(1). [Amended by Ordinance 23-01]

138.050 USES SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW The following uses are permitted, subject to review and approval under the prescriptive standards specified herein, the general siting standards for dwellings and structures under Section 138.110, the fire siting standards for dwellings and structures under 138.120, and as may otherwise be indicated by federal, state and local permits or regulations. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03 and 23-01]

RESOURCE USES

(A) Processing Facility for Farm Crops [(OAR 660-033-0130(28)], or the production of biofuel as defined in ORS 315.141, located on a farm operation that provides at least one-fourth of all the farm crops processed at the facility. The building established for the processing facility shall not exceed 10,000 square feet of floor area exclusive of the floor area designated for preparation, storage or other farm use or devote more than 10,000 square feet to the processing activities within another building supporting farm uses. A processing facility shall comply with all applicable siting standards, but the standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting of the processing facility. Note: A land division that separates the processing facility from the farm operation is not allowed.

COMMERCIAL

- (B) <u>Winery</u> [ORS 215.452], subject to the requirements of PCZO Chapter 117. [Amended by Ordinance 11-09]
- (C) <u>Cider Business</u> [ORS 215.451], subject to the requirements of PCZO Chapter 117. [Amended by Ordinance 20-01]
- (D) <u>Farm Brewery</u> [Senate Bill 287 (2019)], subject to the requirements of PCZO Chapter 117. [Amended by Ordinance 20-01]
- (E) <u>Farm Stand</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(23)]. A farm stand, not including those farm stands that are outright permitted in Section 138.040(M), may be approved if:
 - (1) The structures are designed and used for sale of farm crops and livestock grown on the farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in Oregon, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm crops or livestock sold at the farm stand, if the annual sales of the incidental items and fees from promotional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand; and [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
 - (2) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for activities other than the sale of farm crops and livestock and does not include structures for banquets, public gatherings or public entertainment.
 - (3) As used in this section, "farm crops or livestock" includes both fresh and processed farm crops and livestock grown on the farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in Oregon. As used in this subsection,

"processed crops and livestock" includes jams, syrups, apple cider, animal products and other similar farm crops and livestock that have been processed and converted into another product but not prepared food items. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a farm stand used in conjunction with a marijuana crop is not permitted. [Amended by Ordinances 11-03, 13-05 and 16-01]

- (F) <u>Dog training classes or testing trials [ORS215.283(1)(x)]</u>, which may be conducted outdoors or in preexisting farm buildings, when:
 - (1) The number of dogs participating in training does not exceed 10 dogs per training class and the number of training classes to be held on-site does not exceed six per day; and
 - (2) The number of dogs participating in a testing trial does not exceed 60 and the number of testing trials to be conducted on-site is limited to four or fewer trials per calendar year. [Amended by Ordinance 18-01]

UTILITIES AND SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES

- (G) <u>Utility Facilities Necessary for Public Service</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(16)], including wetland waste treatment systems, except commercial facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale and transmission towers over 200 feet in height.
 - (1) A utility facility is necessary for public service if the facility must be sited in an exclusive farm use zone in order to provide the service. To demonstrate that a utility facility is necessary, an applicant must show that reasonable alternatives have been considered and that the facility must be sited in an Exclusive Farm Use zone due to one or more of the following factors:
 - (a) Technical and engineering feasibility;
 - (b) The proposed facility is locationally dependent. A utility facility is locationally dependent if it must cross land in one or more areas zoned for exclusive farm use in order to achieve a reasonably direct route or to meet unique geographical needs that cannot be satisfied on other lands;
 - (c) Lack of available urban and non-resource lands;
 - (d) Availability of existing rights of way;
 - (e) Public heath and safety; and
 - (f) Other requirements of state and federal agencies.
 - (2) Costs associated with any of the factors listed in subsection (E)(1) of this section may be considered, but cost alone may not be the only consideration in determining that a utility facility is necessary for public service. Land costs shall not be included when considering alternative locations for substantially similar utility facilities and the siting of utility facilities that are not substantially similar.
 - (3) The owner of a utility facility approved under this section shall be responsible for restoring, as nearly as possible, to its former condition any agriculture land and associated improvements that are damaged or otherwise disturbed by the siting, maintenance, repair or reconstruction of the facility. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the owner of the utility from requiring a bond or other security from a contractor or otherwise imposing on a contractor the responsibility for restoration.
 - (4) The governing body of the county or its designee shall impose clear and objective conditions on an application for utility siting to migrate and minimize the impacts of the proposed facility, if any, on surrounding lands devoted to farm use in order to prevent a significant change in accepted farm practices or a significant increase in the cost of farm practices on surrounding farmlands.

- (5) Utility facilities necessary for public service may include on-site and off-site facilities for temporary workforce housing for workers constructing a utility facility. Such facilities must be removed or converted to an allowed use under OAR 660-033-0130(19) or other statute or rule when project construction is complete. Off-site facilities allowed under this paragraph are subject to OAR 660-033-0130(5). Temporary workforce housing facilities not included in the initial approval may be considered through a subsequent application. Such a request shall have no effect on the original approval. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (6) In addition to the provisions of subsections (E)(1) to (4) of this section, the establishment or extension of a sewer system as defined by OAR 660-011-0060(1)(f) in an exclusive farm use zone shall be subject to the provisions of OAR 660-011-0060.
- (7) The provisions of subsections (E)(1) to (4) of this section do not apply to interstate natural gas pipelines and associated facilities authorized by and subject to regulations by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
- (8) Communication towers authorized under this section shall comply with the standards listed in Section 112.135. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (H) Wind Energy Systems Utilizing a Tower and Meteorological Towers Outside of an Adopted Urban Growth Boundary that are not Commercial Power Generating Facilities that would utilize a tower(s) that requires lighting or that requires modification to the height or type of construction standards described in Section 112.135(C)(1), as provided in Sections 112.135 and 112.137. [Amended by Ordinance 09-06]
- (I) Composting Facilities on High-Value Farmland [OAR 660-033-0130(29)(a)], Composting operations and facilities allowed on high-value farmland are limited to those that are accepted farming practices in conjunction with and auxiliary to farm use on the subject tract, and that meet the performance and permitting requirements of the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) under OAR 340-093-0050 and 340-096-0060. Excess compost may be sold to neighboring farm operations in the local area and shall be limited to bulk loads of at least one unit (7.5 cubic yards) in size. Buildings and facilities used in conjunction with the composting operation shall only be those required for the operation of the subject facility. Existing facilities may be expanded on the same tract, subject to other requirements of law. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

PARKS/PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC FACILITIES

(J) <u>Model Airplane Takeoff and Landing Sites</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(26)], including such buildings or facilities as may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in floor area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility pre-existed the use as a model airplane site. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area unless the surface pre-existed the use as a model airplane site. An owner of property used for the purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the property rent for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does not exceed the operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities.

As used in this paragraph:

(1) "Model aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter, dirigible, or balloon that is used or is intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines, or design by a person on the ground. [Amended by Ordinance 10-10]

(K) <u>Destination Resort</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(t)], subject to compliance with the requirements of ORS 197.435 to 197.467 and Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 8. (Note: destination resorts are not authorized on lands classified as high-value.)

RESIDENTIAL USES

- (L) <u>Replacement Dwelling</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(8) and temporary provisions relating to replacement dwellings are compiled as notes following ORS 215.291]. A lawfully established dwelling may be altered, restored or replaced under ORS 215.283(1)(p).
 - (1) The dwelling may be altered, restored or replaced if, when an applicant for a permit is submitted, the permitting authority:
 - (a) Finds to the satisfaction of the permitting authority that the dwelling to be altered, restored or replaced has, or formerly had:
 - (i) Intact exterior walls and roof structure;
 - (ii) Indoor plumbing consisting of a kitchen sink, toilet and bathing facilities connected to a sanitary waste disposal system;
 - (iii) Interior wiring for interior lights; and
 - (iv) A heating system; and
 - (b) If the dwelling was removed, destroyed or demolished:
 - (i) The dwelling's tax lot does not have a lien for delinquent ad valorem taxes; and
 - (ii) Any removal, destruction or demolition occurred on or after January 1, 1973;
 - (c) If the dwelling is currently in such a state of disrepair that the dwelling is unsafe for occupancy or constitutes an attractive nuisance, the dwelling's tax lot does not have a lien for delinquent ad valorem taxes; or
 - (d) A dwelling not described in subparagraph (b) or (c) of this paragraph was assessed as a dwelling for purposes of ad valorem taxation:
 - (i) For the previous five property tax years; or
 - (ii) From the time when the dwelling was erected upon or affixed to the land and became subject to assessment as described in ORS 307.010.
 - (2) For replacement of a lawfully established dwelling under this section:
 - (a) The dwelling to be replaced must be removed, demolished or converted to an allowable nonresidential use:
 - (i) Within one year after the date the replacement dwelling is certified for occupancy pursuant to ORS 455.055; or
 - (ii) If the dwelling to be replaced is, in the discretion of the permitting authority, in such a state of disrepair that the structure is unsafe for occupancy or constitutes an attractive nuisance, on or before a date set by the permitting authority that is not less than 90 days after the replacement permit is issued.
 - (b) The replacement dwelling:
 - (i) May be sited on any part of the same lot or parcel.

- (ii) Must comply with applicable siting standards. However, the standards may not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting of the replacement dwelling.
- (c) As a condition of approval, if the dwelling to be replaced is located on a portion of the lot or parcel that is not zoned for exclusive farm use, the applicant shall execute and cause to be recorded in the deed records of the county in which the property is located a deed restriction prohibiting the siting of another dwelling on that portion of the lot or parcel. The restriction imposed is irrevocable unless the county planning director, or the director's designee, places a statement of release in the deed records of the county to the effect that the provisions of this section and ORS 215.283 regarding replacement dwellings have changed to allow the lawful siting of another dwelling.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(b)(i) of this section, the replacement dwelling must be sited on the same lot or parcel:
 - (a) Using all or part of the footprint of the replaced dwelling or near a road, ditch, river, property line, forest boundary or another natural boundary of the lot or parcel; and
 - (b) If possible, for the purpose of minimizing the adverse impacts on resource use of land in the area, within a concentration or cluster of structures or within 500 yards of another structure.
- (4) The county planning director, or the director's designee, shall maintain a record of the lots and parcels that do not qualify for the siting of a new dwelling under subsection (2) of this section, including a copy of the deed restrictions filed under subsection (2)(c) of this section.
- (5) If an applicant is granted a deferred replacement permit under this section:
 - (a) The deferred replacement permit:
 - (i) Does not expire but, notwithstanding subsection (2)(a)(i) of this section, the permit becomes void unless the dwelling to be replaced is removed or demolished within three months after the deferred replacement permit is issued; and
 - (ii) May not be transferred, by sale or otherwise, except by the applicant to the spouse or a child of the applicant.
 - (b) The replacement dwelling must comply with applicable building codes, plumbing codes, sanitation codes and other requirements relating to health and safety or to siting at the time of construction. However, the standards may not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting of the replacement dwelling.
 - Notes: (1) A replacement dwelling permit that is issued under ORS 215.283(1)(p) is not subject to the time to act limits of ORS 215.417 [OAR 660-0033-0130(8)(e)(B)]
 - (2) These temporary previsions to ORS 215.291 sunset on January 2, 2024. [Amended by Ordinance 18-01 and 23-01]
- (M) <u>Replacement of Historic Dwelling [ORS 215.283(1)(o)]</u>. A dwelling listed on the Polk County Historic Inventory and on the National Register of Historic Places which has been partitioned from the farm tract as provided by ORS 215.263(9)(b), may be replaced on a portion of the farm tract.

- (N) <u>Temporary Hardship Dwelling [OAR 660-033-0130(10)]</u>. One manufactured dwelling, recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an existing building in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of the hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident, provided that:
 - (1) The hardship is certified by a licensed physician;
 - (2) The manufactured home or existing building converted to residential use is connected to the existing sewage disposal system; except when the County Sanitarian finds the existing system to be inadequate and that it cannot be repaired or is not physically available; If the manufactured home will use a public sanitary system, such condition will not be required.
 - (3) The applicant agrees to renew the permit every two years.
 - (4) Within 3 months of the end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling, recreational vehicle, or building converted to a temporary residential use, shall be removed, demolished, or converted to an approved nonresidential use.
 - (5) The dwelling will not force a significant change in accepted farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm or forest use; and
 - (6) The dwelling will not significantly increase the cost of accepted farm or forest practices on lands devoted to farm or forest use.
 - (7) As used in this section, "hardship" means a medical hardship or hardship for the care of an aged or infirm person or persons.
 - (8) A temporary residence approved under this section is not eligible for replacement under Section 138.050(L).

138.060 CONDITIONAL USES The following conditional uses may be approved, subject to compliance with the procedures and criteria under Chapter 119, the general siting standards for dwellings and structures under Section 138.110, the fire siting standards for dwellings and structures under 138.120, applicable state and federal regulations, and other specific criteria as may be indicated: [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

RESOURCE-RELATED USES

- (A) <u>Permanent Facility for the Primary Processing of Forest Products</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(a)], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B). [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (B) <u>Permanent Logging Equipment Repair and Storage</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(b], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B).
- (C) <u>Log Scaling and Weigh Stations</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(c)], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B).
- (D) <u>Forest Management Research and Experimentation Facilities</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(x)] as defined by ORS 526.215 or where accessory to forest operations, and subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B).
- (E) <u>Aquaculture</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(p) and OAR 660-033-0130(27)], including the propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). Notice of the application shall be provided to the State Department of Agriculture at least 20 calendar days prior to any administrative action or initial public hearing on the application.

- (F) <u>Insect Breeding [OAR 660-033-0130(27)]</u>, including the propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of insect species, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A) and the following criteria:
 - (1) Insect species shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United States Department of Agriculture.
 - (2) Notice of the application shall be provided to the State Department of Agriculture at least 20 calendar days prior to any administrative action or initial public hearing on the application.
- (G) Operations for the Extraction and Bottling of Water [ORS 215.283(2)(v)], subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).

COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES

- (H) Commercial Activities that are in Conjunction with Farm Use [ORS 215.283(2)(a)], including the processing of farm crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203(2)(b)(L) or Section 138.050(A) but not including the processing of farm crops as described in Section 138.050(A), subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). Notwithstanding the foregoing, a commercial activity carried on in conjunction with a marijuana crop is not permitted. [Amended by Ordinances 11-03, 13-05 and 16-01]
- (I) <u>Commercial Activity in Conjunction with Farm Use Food Service Safe Harbor</u>. [ORS 215.283(2)(a)]. Food service shall be considered a commercial activity in conjunction with farm use where the food service operation complies with the general review standards under Section 138.100(A) and the following standards and conditions:
 - (1) Each menu item shall incorporate and feature an unprocessed or processed farm product(s) produced by the subject farming operation.
 - (a) For the purposes of this section, a farm product is "featured" in a menu item if the menu item places an emphasis on the flavors of the farm product.
 - (b) For the purposes of this section, "processed farm product(s)" includes jams, syrups, apple cider, wine, animal products and other similar farm crops and livestock that have been processed from farm products grown on the subject farm operation and converted into another product either by the subject farming operation or by an off-site processing facility.
 - (2) The featured unprocessed or processed farm product(s) described in subsection (1) shall be offered for retail sale where the food service is offered.
 - (3) At least 25% of food input value, or 50% by weight of raw ingredients, of menu items offered by the food service operation shall be attributed to the farm products (prior to processing) produced by the subject farming operation.
 - (4) The size of the public seating area shall not exceed 500 square feet. The food service operation shall be operated substantially within a building.
 - (5) The food service operation shall be located on the subject farming operation and operated by the owner(s) or employee(s) of the subject farm operation. [Amended by Ordinance 13-04]
- (J) <u>Home Occupations</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(14)], subject to the general review standards under Section 138.100(A) and the following standards and conditions from ORS 215.448:
 - (1) The home occupation is operated by a resident of the property on which the business is located;
 - (2) No more than five full or part-time persons are employed by the business;

- (3) The business is conducted substantially within the dwelling or other building(s) normally associated with uses permitted within this zone; and
- (4) The business will not interfere with existing uses on nearby land or with other permitted uses. [Amended by Ordinance 13-05]
- (K) <u>On-Site Filming and Activities Accessory to On-Site Filming</u>, for more than 45 days as provided for in ORS 215.306, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).
- (L) <u>Dog Kennels</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(n)], as defined in Section 110.301, may be authorized on land not classified as high-value farmland, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). Existing facilities on high-value farmland may be maintained, enhanced, or expanded on the same tract subject to other requirements of law.
- (M) <u>Landscape Contracting Business</u> [OAR 660-033-0120, Table 1], as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing landscape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, may be authorized if the business is pursued in conjunction with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (N) Winery with a Full-Service Restaurant [ORS 215.453], subject to the requirements of PCZO Chapter 117. [Amended by Ordinance 11-09 and Ordinance 20-01]

MINERAL AND AGGREGATE OPERATIONS

- (O) The following operations are permitted subject to compliance with ORS 215.298, which describes mining activities in exclusive farm use zones, and with Section 138.100(A):
 - (1) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005, and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, not otherwise permitted under the Polk County Zoning Ordinance; [ORS 215.283(2)(b)(A)]
 - (2) Mining of aggregate and other mineral and subsurface resources which are included in the County inventory of mineral and aggregate resources when the quantity of material proposed to be mined from the site is estimated to be 2,000,000 tons of aggregate material or more, subject to PCZO Chapters 115 and 174; [ORS 215.283(2)(b)(B)]
 - (3) Mining of aggregate and other mineral and subsurface resources which are included in the County inventory of mineral and aggregate resources when the quantity of material proposed to be mined from the site is estimated to be 2,000,000 tons of aggregate material or less, subject to PCZO Chapter 115 and the following:
 - (a) Not more than 35 percent of the proposed mining area consists of soil:
 - (i) Classified as Class I on Natural Resource and Conservation Service (NRCS) maps available on June 11, 2004; or
 - (ii) Classified as Class II or of a combination of Class II and Class I or Unique soil, on NRCS maps on June 11, 2004, unless average thickness of the aggregate layer within the mining area exceeds 25 feet in depth; or
 - (b) A local land use permit that allows mining on the site was issued prior to April 3, 2003, and the permit is in effect at the time of the significance determination; and
 - (c) The applicant shall propose and Polk County shall determine the post-mining use and provide this use in the Comprehensive Plan and land use regulations.

- (i) For significant aggregate sites on NRCS Class I, II and Unique farmland, post-mining use shall be limited to farm uses permitted in Sections 138.040, 138.050(A)(C-I) and (K-L), 138.080(A), and fish and wildlife habitat uses, including wetland mitigation banking. Post-mining uses shall be coordinated with the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries (DOGAMI) regarding the regulation and reclamation of mineral and aggregate sites. [OAR 660-023-0180(4) and (6)]]
- (4) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement more than two miles from a planted vineyard, at least 40 acres in size, planted as of the date the application for batching and blending is filed; and [ORS 215.283(2)(b)(C)]
- (5) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources. [ORS 215.283(2)(b)(D)]

TRANSPORTATION

- (P) <u>Temporary Asphalt and Concrete Batch Plants</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(r)] as accessory uses to specific highway projects, subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B).
- (Q) <u>Expansion of Existing Airports</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(u)], subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).
- (R) <u>Construction of Additional Passing and Travel Lanes</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(q)], requiring the acquisition of right-of-way, but not resulting in the creation of new parcels, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).
- (S) <u>Personal Use Airports and Helipads</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(7)], including associated hangar, maintenance and service facilities, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). A personal-use airport, as used in this section, means an airstrip restricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner and, on an infrequent and occasional basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural operations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted subject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.
- (T) <u>Reconstruction or Modification of Public Roads</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(r)], involving the removal or displacement of buildings, but not resulting in the creation of new parcels, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).
- (U) <u>Improvements to Existing Public Road and Highway Related Facilities</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(s)], such as maintenance yards, weigh stations and rest areas, where additional property or right-of-way is required but not resulting in the creation of new parcels, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).
- (V) <u>Transportation Facilities</u> [ORS 215.283(3)(b) and OAR 660-012-0065(3)], The following transportation facilities may be established, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A):
 - (1) Accessory transportation improvements for an authorized land use to provide safe and efficient access to the use. Such accessory transportation improvements are

- subject to the same requirements applicable to the land use to which they are accessory;
- (2) Channelization;
- (3) Realignment of roads;
- (4) Replacement of an intersection with an interchange;
- (5) Continuous median turn lane;
- (6) New access roads or collectors consistent with OAR 660-012-0065(3)(g) (i.e., where the function of the road is to reduce local access to or local traffic on a state highway). These roads shall be limited to two travel lanes. Private access and intersections shall be limited to rural needs or provide adequate emergency access.
- (7) Bikeways, footpaths, and recreation trails not otherwise allowed as a modification or part of an existing road;
- (8) Park and ride lots;
- (9) Railroad mainlines and branchlines;
- (10) Pipelines;
- (11) Navigation channels;
- (12) Replacement of docks and other facilities without significantly increasing the capacity of those facilities;
- (13) Expansions or alterations of public use airports that do not permit service to a larger class of airplanes; and
- (14) Transportation facilities, services and improvements other than those listed in this section that serve local travel needs. The travel capacity and level of service of facilities and improvements serving local travel needs shall be limited to that necessary to support rural land uses identified in the acknowledged comprehensive plan or to provide adequate emergency access. [Amended by Ordinance 01-10]
- Note: Other Roads, Highways and other Transportation Facilities and Improvements [ORS 215.283(3)] not allowed under this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:
 - (A) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or
 - (B) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

UTILITIES AND SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES

- (W) <u>Solid Waste Disposal Site under ORS 459.245</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(k)], subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). New solid waste disposal sites are not authorized on lands classified as high-value.
- (X) <u>Composting Facilities on Not High-Value Farmland [OAR 660-033-0130(29)(b)]</u>, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). Composting operations and facilities allowed on land not defined as high-value farmland shall meet the performance and permitting requirements of the Department of Environmental Quality under OAR 340-093-0050 and 340-096-0060. Buildings and facilities used in conjunction with the composting operation

- shall only be those required for the operation of the subject facility. Onsite sales shall be limited to bulk loads of at least one unit (7.5 cubic yards) in size that are transported in one vehicle. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (Y) <u>Communication and Broadcast Towers over 200 feet in Height</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(m)], subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A), Section 112.135, and the following criteria:
 - (1) The location, size, design and functional characteristics of the tower are reasonably compatible with and have a minimum impact on the livability and development of other properties in the area;
 - (2) The tower shall be located so as to not interfere with air traffic; and
 - (3) The tower will not have a significant adverse effect on identified sensitive fish or wildlife habitat, natural areas, or scenic areas designated on the comprehensive plan;
- (Z) Commercial Power Generating Facilities [OAR 660-033-0130(17) and (22)], not including commercial wind power generation facilities listed in subsection (Y) of this section, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). On high-value farmland, an exception to the statewide Agricultural Lands Planning Goal is required where the permanent features of the power generating facility removes more than 12 acres from commercial agricultural production. On farmland not classified as high-value, an exception to the statewide Agricultural Lands Planning Goal is required where the permanent features of the power generating facility removes more than 20 acres from commercial agricultural production. A power generation facility may include on-site and off-site facilities for temporary workforce housing for workers constructing a power generation facility. Such facilities must be removed or converted to an allowed use under OAR 660-033-0130(19) or other statute or rule when project construction is complete. Temporary workforce housing facilities not included in the initial approval may be requested through a subsequent conditional use application. Such a request shall have no effect on the original approval. Amended by Ordinance 11-031
- (AA) <u>Commercial Wind Power Generation Facilities</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(37)], wind power generation facilities that are commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale as described in OAR 660-033-0130(37), subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (BB) <u>Transmission and Distribution Lines</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(q)], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B). New Electric Transmission Lines with right-of-way widths of up to 100 feet as specified in ORS 722.210. New distribution lines (e.g., gas, oil, geothermal, telephone, fiber optic cable) with rights-of-way 50 feet or less in width.
- (CC) <u>Drinking Water Facilities</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(l)], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B). Water intake facilities, related treatment facilities, pumping stations, and distribution lines
- (DD) <u>Reservoirs and Water Impoundments</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(m)], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A), (B), and (C).
- (EE) Wind Energy Systems Utilizing a Tower and Meteorological Towers Within an Adopted
 Urban Growth Boundary Up to 100 Feet in Height that are not Commercial Power
 Generating Facilities, as provided in Sections 112.135 and 112.137. [Amended by Ordinance 09-06]

PARKS/PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC FACILITIES

(FF) Private Parks, Playgrounds, Hunting and Fishing Preserves and Campgrounds [OAR 660-033-0130(19)], subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A). New facilities are not allowed on lands classified as high-value. New facilities on not high-value farmland within three miles of an urban growth boundary shall be subject to the standards listed in Sections 138.105(A) and (B). Existing facilities on all farmlands may be maintained, enhanced, or expanded subject to Section 138.105. Except on a lot or parcel contiguous to a lake or reservoir, private campgrounds shall not be allowed within three (3) miles of an urban growth boundary unless an exception to Statewide Planning Goal 3, pursuant to ORS 197.732 and OAR Chapter 660, Division 4. A campground is an area devoted to overnight temporary use for vacation, recreational or emergency purposes, but not for residential purposes and is established on a site that is contiguous to lands with a park or other outdoor natural amenity that is accessible for recreational use by the occupants of the campground. A campground shall be designed and integrated into the rural agricultural and forest environment in a manner that protects the natural amenities of the site and provides buffers of existing native trees and vegetation or other natural features between campsites. A camping site may be occupied by a tent, travel trailer or recreation vehicle. Separate sewer, water, or electric hook-ups shall not be provided to individual camp sites. Campgrounds authorized under this provision shall not include intensively developed recreational uses such as swimming pools, tennis courts, retail stores or gas stations. Overnight temporary use in the same campground by a camper or camper's vehicle shall not exceed a total of 30 days during any consecutive six (6) month period. A private campground may provide yurts for overnight camping, however, no more than one-third or a maximum of ten (10) campsites, whichever is smaller, may include a yurt. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

As used in this paragraph:

- (1) "yurt" means a round, domed shelter of cloth or canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hook-up or internal cooking appliance.
- (GG) Parks, Public or Nonprofit, including Playgrounds [OAR 660-033-0130(31)], with public parks to include only the uses specified under OAR 660-034-0035, or OAR 660-034-0040 which ever is applicable, subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and 138.105. A public park may be established consistent with the provisions of ORS 195.120. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (HH) <u>Private Seasonal Accommodations for Fee Hunting Operations</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(P), 600-006-0029 and 660-006-0035], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B), and the following requirements:
 - (1) Accommodations are limited to no more than 15 guest rooms as that term is defined in the Oregon Structural Specialty Code;
 - (2) Only minor incidental and accessory retail sales are permitted;
 - (3) Accommodations are occupied temporarily for the purpose of hunting during game bird and big game hunting seasons authorized by the Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commission; and
 - (4) Other conditions, as deemed appropriate.
- (II) <u>Private Seasonal Accommodations for Fee Fishing Operations</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(W), 600-060-0029 and 660-006-0035], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A), (B), and (C), and the following requirements:
 - (1) Accommodations are limited to no more than 15 guest rooms as that term is defined in the Oregon Structural Specialty Code;
 - (2) Only minor incidental and accessory retail sales are permitted;

- (3) Accommodations occupied temporarily for the purpose of fishing during fishing seasons authorized by the Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commission;
- (4) Accommodations must be located within 1/4 mile of fish bearing Class I waters; and
- (5) A governing body may impose other appropriate conditions
- (JJ) <u>Expansion of Existing County Fairgrounds [ORS 215.283(2)(w)]</u>, and activities directly related to county fairgrounds governed by county fair boards established pursuant to ORS 565.210, subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).
- (KK) Golf Courses and accessory uses [OAR 660-033-0130(20)]. A new golf course and accessory uses may be approved on a tract of land determined not to be high-value farmland, as defined in ORS 195.300, consistent with Section 138.100. An existing golf course on all farmlands may be maintained, enhanced, or expanded, up to 36 holes on the same tract, consistent with Section 138.100(A) and OAR 660-033-130(18). In addition, new golf courses or the expansion of existing golf courses that are located within three miles of an urban growth boundary shall be subject to the standards listed in Section 138.105.

As used in this paragraph:

- (1) "Golf Course" means an area of land with highly maintained natural turf laid out for the game of golf with a series of 9 or 18 regulation golf course holes, or a combination 9 and 18 holes, each including a tee, a fairway, a putting green, and often one or more natural or artificial hazards, consistent with the following:
 - (a) A regulation 18 hole golf course is generally characterized by a site of about 120 to 150 acres of land, has a playable distance of 5,000 to 7,200 yards, and a par of 64 to 73 strokes.
 - (b) A regulation nine hole golf course is generally characterized by a site of about 65 to 90 acres of land, has a playable distance of 2,500 to 3,600 yards, and a par of 32 to 36 strokes.
 - (c) An accessory use to a golf course is a facility or improvement that is incidental to the operation of the golf course and is either necessary for the operation and maintenance of the golf course or that provides goods or services customarily provided to golfers at a golf course and conforms to the following:
 - (i) An accessory use or activity does not serve the needs of the non-golfing public. Accessory uses to a golf course include parking, maintenance buildings, cart storage and repair, practice range or driving range, clubhouse, restrooms, lockers and showers, food and beverage service, pro-shop, a practice or beginners course as part of an 18 hole or larger golf course, or golf tournament.
 - (ii) Accessory uses to a golf course do not include sporting facilities unrelated to golf such as tennis courts, swimming pools, or weight rooms, wholesale or retail operations oriented to the non-golfing public, or housing.
 - (iii) A use is accessory to a golf course only when limited in size and orientation to serve the needs of persons and their guests who patronize the golf course to golf.
 - (iv) Commercial activities such as a pro shop are accessory to a golf course when located in the clubhouse.
 - (v) Accessory uses may include one or more food and beverage service facilities in addition to food and beverage service facilities located in a clubhouse. Accessory food and beverage service facilities shall not be designated for or

include structures for banquets, public gatherings or public entertainment. [Amended by Ordinance s10-10 and 11-03]

- (LL) <u>Cemeteries</u> [OAR 660-006-0025(4)(o)], subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and (B).
- (MM) <u>Community Centers</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(e)], owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit organization and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community, subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and 138.105. A community center authorized under this section may provide services to veterans, including but not limited to emergency and transitional shelter, preparation and service of meals, vocational and educational counseling and referral to local, state or federal agencies providing medical, mental health, disability income replacement and substance abuse services, only in a facility that is in existence on January 1, 2006. The services may not include direct delivery of medical, mental health, disability income replacement or substance abuse services. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (NN) <u>Living History Museum</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(21)], related to resource based activities owned and operated by a governmental agency or a local historical society, subject to compliance with Sections 138.100(A) and 138.105. A living history museum may include limited commercial activities and facilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located with authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of an urban growth boundary. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

As used in this paragraph:

- (1) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to simulate past activities and events.
- (2) "Local historical society" means the local historical society, recognized as such by the county.
- (OO) <u>Schools</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(aa)]. New schools and the expansion of existing schools are subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A) and the following standards:
 - (1) New public or private schools, including all buildings essential to the operation of a school, shall be for kindergarten through grade 12 and primarily for residents of the rural area in which the school is located. New schools under this section are not authorized on high-value farm land. New schools that are located within three miles of an urban growth boundary shall comply with the standards listed in Section 138.105(A) and (B).
 - (2) Existing schools that were lawfully established prior to January 1, 2009, do not comply with the standards listed in subsection (1) of this section, and that were formerly allowed pursuant to ORS 215.213(1)(a) or ORS 215.283(1)(a) as in effect before January 1, 2010, are non-conforming uses and subject to the standards of Chapter 114. Such schools may be expanded under the standards listed in Chapter 114 and OAR 660-033-0130(18)(b) and (c). Enclosed existing structures within three miles of an urban growth boundary may not be expanded beyond the requirements listed in Section 138.105(A) and (B).
 - (3) Existing schools, not including those listed in subsection (2) of this section, may be expanded on the same tract, subject to other requirements of law. Enclosed existing structures within three miles of an urban growth boundary may not be expanded

beyond the requirements listed in Section 138.105(A) and (B). [Amended by Ordinances 10-10 and 11-03]

OTHER

- (PP) <u>Residential Home [ORS 215.283(2)(0)]</u>, as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).
- (QQ) <u>Room and Board Arrangements</u> [ORS 215.283(2)(u)], for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing residences subject to compliance with Section 138.100(A).

138.070 PREDOMINANT USE TEST *[(OAR 660-006-0050(2))]* The siting of dwellings and certain other land uses within the Farm/Forest Zoning District are based on a determination of the predominant use of a tract as either farm or forest land. A "tract" is defined as one (1) or more contiguous lots or parcel(s) under the same ownership.

Predominant use is defined as more than 50 percent of the area of the tract. Polk County will review tax assessor records, aerial photos, soils capability data, and existing uses to determine on a case-by-case basis whether a tract was predominantly used for farm or forest purposes as of January 1, 1993.

138.080 USES SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW AND BASED ON THE DETERMINIATION OF PREDOMINATE USE OF TRACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 138.070 The following uses are permitted, subject to review and approval under the prescriptive standards specified herein, the general siting standards for dwellings and structures under Section 138.110, the fire siting standards for dwellings and structures under 138.120, and as may otherwise be indicated by federal, state and local permits or regulations. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03 and 23-01]

(A) <u>FARM LAND TRACT</u> - Uses subject to administrative review on a tract where the predominate use has been determined to be farm use:

DWELLINGS

- (1) <u>Dwelling for the Farm Operator on High-Value Farmland</u> [OAR 660-033-0135(4) and (9)]. A Farm Dwelling may be authorized on a tract of land classified as high-value, where the tract meets the following criteria:
 - (a) The subject tract is currently in farm use and has produced at least \$80,000 gross annual income from the sale of farm products, each of the last 2 years, or 3 out of the past 5 years, or in an average of three of the last five years. Only gross income from land owned, not leased or rented shall be counted. When determining gross annual income for livestock operations, the cost of purchased livestock must be deducted from the total gross income attributed to the farm or ranch operation as defined in OAR 660-033-0135(11)(b). Noncontiguous lots or parcels designated for exclusive farm use in Polk County or a contiguous county may be used to meet the gross income requirements. Gross farm income earned from a marijuana crop may not be used to qualify a lot or parcel for a dwelling. Gross farm income earned from a lot or parcel which has been used previously to qualify another lot or parcel for the construction or siting of a primary farm dwelling may not be used unless both dwellings are subsequently authorized by provision of law; [Amended by Ordinance 18-01]
 - (b) The tract is currently vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing on lands designated for exclusive farm owned by the farm operator or on the farm operation); and

- (c) The dwelling will be occupied by a person or persons who produced the commodities which provided the income under subsection 1 above.
- (d) At the time of application for a dwelling that requires one or more contiguous or noncontiguous lots or parcels of a farm or ranch operation to comply with the gross income requirements, the property owner shall provide a title report, for those lots or parcels located within a contiguous county, that was generated within 30 days of date the application is submitted.
- (e) Prior to issuance of construction permits for a dwelling that requires one or more contiguous or noncontiguous lots or parcels of a farm or ranch operation to comply with the gross income requirements, the property owner shall provide for the recording of a deed restriction with the Polk County Clerk consistent with that required by OAR 660-033-0135(9) for the properties subject to the application that precludes:
 - (i) All future rights to the establishment of a dwelling, except for accessory farm dwellings, relative farm assistance dwellings, temporary hardship dwellings or replacement dwellings allowed by ORS Chapter 215;
 - (ii) The use of any gross farm income earned on the lots or parcels to qualify another lot or parcel for a primary farm dwelling. [Amended by Ordinance 16-01]
- (2) <u>Small Tract Dwelling on High-Value Farmland</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(3)(d)]. A dwelling may be authorized on a tract of land classified as high-value, where the tract meets the following requirements:
 - (a) The lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was lawfully created and was acquired and owned continuously by the present owner since prior to January 1, 1985 (Note: Present owner may also qualify, if the property was inherited by devise or intestate secession from a person that acquired and had owned continuously the lawfully created parcel since prior to January 1, 1985);
 - (b) The tract is currently vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing);
 - (c) If the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was part of a tract existing on November 4, 1993 and no dwelling exists on another lot or parcel that was part of that tract;
 - (d) The dwelling meets all other requirements of the Comprehensive Plan and land use regulations, including but not limited to regulations which apply to flood hazard areas, development within the Willamette River Greenway, development in forested areas or development in significant resource areas, such as riparian or big game habitat; and
 - (e) Any adjacent lot(s) or parcel(s) owned by the applicant shall be combined with the subject parcel to form a single lot or parcel;
 - (f) The tract where the dwelling would be sited is:
 - (i) Not composed predominately of prime, unique Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Class I or II soils identified in OAR 660-033-0020(8)(a) or (b);
 - (ii) Composed predominately of high-value (NRCS) Class III and IV soils identified in OAR 660-033-0020(8)(c) or (d); or
 - (iii) Composed predominantly of a combination of high-value NRCS Class III and IV soils identified in OAR 660-033-0020(8)(c) or (d) and prime, unique, NRCS Class I or II soils identified in OAR 660-033-0020(8)(a) or (b);

- (iv) Twenty-one (21) acres or less in size; and
- (v) Bordered on at least 67% of its perimeter by tracts less than 21 acres in size and at least 2 such tracts had dwellings on them on Jan. 1, 1993; or,
- (vi) The tract is not a flag lot and is bordered on at least 25% of its perimeter by tracts less than 21 acres in size and at least four dwellings existed on Jan. 1, 1993, within one-quarter mile of the center of the subject tract. Where the tract abuts an urban growth boundary, up to 2 of the 4 dwellings may lie within an urban growth boundary, but only if the subject tract abuts an urban growth boundary; or
- (vii) The tract is a flag lot and is bordered on at least 25 percent of its perimeter by tracts that are smaller than 21 acres, and at least four dwellings existed on January 1, 1993, within ¼ mile of the center of the subject tract and on the same side of the public road that provides access to the subject tract. Where the tract abuts an urban growth boundary, up to 2 of the 4 dwellings may lie within an urban growth boundary, but only if the subject tract abuts an urban growth boundary. The center of the tract shall be the point where half of the acreage is north, south, east, and west of the point, unless requested by the applicant to use the "geographic center of the flag lot". The geographic center of the flag lot means the point of intersection of two perpendicular lines of which the first line crosses the midpoint of the longest side of a flag lot, at a 90-degree angle to the side, and the second line crosses the midpoint of the longest adjacent side of the flag lot. Regardless of the method of determining the center, the center of the subject tract shall be located on the subject tract. [OAR 660-033-0130(3)(d)(D)]

Note:

- (1) As used in this subsection, "owner" includes the: wife, husband, son, daughter, mother, father, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, father-in-law, aunt, uncle, nephew, stepparent, stepchild, grandparent, or grandchild of the owner or a business entity owned by any one or a combination of these family members.
- (2) Upon approval, the Planning Director shall notify the County Assessor that the governing body intends to allow the dwelling. [660-033-0130(3)(h)]
- (3) An authorization to establish a dwelling pursuant to this subsection is valid for the duration specified in Section 138.190 for the applicant that qualified for the dwelling and for any other person that the qualified applicant transferred the property to after the date of the land use decision. [660-033-0130(3)(i)]
- (3) <u>Dwelling for the Farm Operator on Other Farmland Acreage Standard</u> [OAR 660-033-0135(1)]. A farm dwelling may be authorized on a tract of land not classified as high value, subject to the following standards:
 - (a) The parcel on which the dwelling is to be located is at least 160 acres in size;
 - (b) The subject tract is currently in farm use;
 - (c) The dwelling will be occupied by a person or persons who will be principally engaged in the farm use of the land such as planting, harvesting, marketing or caring for livestock, at a commercial scale; and
 - (d) The subject tract is currently vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing).

- (4) <u>Dwelling for the Farm Operator on Other Farmland Income Standard</u> [OAR 660-033-0135(3), (5) and (6)]. A farm dwelling may be authorized on a tract of land, <u>not</u> classified as high value, subject to the following standards:
 - (a) The subject tract is currently employed for farm use and has produced at least \$40,000 in gross annual income from the sale of farm products during each of the past two (2) years, or three (3) of the past five (5) years, or in an average of three (3) of the last five (5) years. Only gross income from land owned, not leased or rented shall be counted. When determining gross annual income for livestock operations, the cost of purchased livestock must be deducted from the total gross income attributed to the farm or ranch operation. Noncontiguous lots or parcels designated for exclusive farm use in Polk County or a contiguous county may be used to meet the gross income requirements. Gross farm income earned from a marijuana crop may not be used to qualify a lot or parcel for a dwelling. Gross farm income earned from a lot or parcel which has been used previously to qualify another lot or parcel for the construction or siting of a primary farm dwelling may not be used unless both dwellings are subsequently authorized by provision of law; or [Amended by Ordinance 18-01]
 - (b) The subject tract is currently employed for farm use and has produced gross annual income of at least the midpoint of the median income range of gross annual sales for farms in the county with gross annual sales of \$10,000 or more according to the 1992 Census of Agriculture during each of the past two (2) years or three (3) of the past five (5) years. When determining gross annual income for livestock operations, the cost of purchased livestock must be deducted from the total gross income;
 - (c) The subject tract, and all parcels subject to the application are currently vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing); and
 - (d) The dwelling will be occupied by a person or persons who produced the commodities during each of the past two (2) years or three (3) of the past five (5) years.
 - (e) At the time of application for a dwelling that requires one or more contiguous or noncontiguous lots or parcels of a farm or ranch operation to comply with the gross income requirements, the property owner shall provide a title report, for those lots or parcels located within a contiguous county, that was generated within 30 days of date the application is submitted.
 - (f) Prior to issuance of construction permits for a dwelling that requires one or more contiguous or noncontiguous lots or parcels of a farm or ranch operation to comply with the gross income requirements, the property owner shall provide for the recording of a deed restriction with the Polk County Clerk consistent with that required by OAR 660-033-0135(9) for the subject properties that precludes:
 - (g) All future rights to the establishment of a dwelling, except for accessory farm dwellings, relative farm assistance dwellings, temporary hardship dwellings or replacement dwellings allowed by ORS Chapter 215;
 - (h) The use of any gross farm income earned on the lots or parcels to qualify another lot or parcel for a primary farm dwelling; [Amended by Ordinance 16-01]
- (5) <u>Dwelling for the Farm Operator on Other Farmland Sales Capability Test</u> [OAR 660-033-0135(2)]. A farm dwelling may be authorized on a tract of land, <u>not</u> classified as high-value that is:
 - (a) At least as large as the median size of those commercial farm and ranch tracts capable of generating at least \$10,000 in annual gross sales that are located within a study area which includes all tracts wholly or partially within one mile from the perimeter of the subject tract;

- (b) The subject tract is capable of producing at least the median level of annual gross sales of county indicator crops as the same commercial farm or ranch tracts used to calculate the tract size under subsection 1 above, provided, however, that marijuana is not used as a county indicator crop;
- (c) Currently employed for farm use at a level capable of producing the gross annual sales requirement under subsection 2 above. (Note: If no farm use has been established at the time of application, land use approval shall be subject to full establishment of the farm use, as described under subsection 2 above, prior to issuance of a building permit for the dwelling);
- (d) The dwelling will be occupied by a person or persons who will be principally engaged in the farm use of the land, such as planting, harvesting, marketing, or caring for livestock at a commercial scale;
- (e) At least 10 acres in size; and
- (f) Currently vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing). [Amended by Ordinance 16-01]
- (6) <u>Lot-of-Record Dwelling Not High-Value Farmland</u> [(OAR 660-033-0130(3)(a)]. A dwelling may be authorized on a lot-of-record on land <u>not</u> classified as high-value farmland. To qualify as a lot-of-record, the parcel must meet the following criteria:
 - (a) The lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was lawfully created and was acquired and owned continuously by the present owner since prior to January 1, 1985 (Note: The owner may also qualify if the property was inherited by devise or intestate succession from a person that acquired and had owned continuously the lawfully created parcel since prior to January 1, 1985);
 - (b) The tract on which the dwelling will be sited does not include a dwelling (excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing);
 - (c) The lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was part of a tract existing on November 4, 1993 and no dwelling exists on another lot or parcel that was part of that tract;
 - (d) The dwelling meets all other land use regulations, including but not limited to regulations which apply to flood hazard areas, development within the Willamette River Greenway, development in forested areas or development in significant resource areas, such as riparian or big game habitat; and
 - (e) Any adjacent lot(s) or parcel(s) owned by the applicant shall be combined with the subject lot or parcel to form a single lot or parcel.
 - (f) An authorization to establish a dwelling pursuant to this subsection is valid for the duration specified in Section 138.190 for the applicant that qualified for the dwelling and for any other person that the qualified applicant transferred the property to after the date of the land use decision. [660-033-0130(3)(i)]
 - (g) Upon approval, the Planning Director shall notify the County Assessor that the governing body intends to allow the dwelling. [660-033-0130(3)(h)]
 - Note: (1) As used in this subsection, "owner" includes the wife, husband, son, daughter, mother, father, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, father-in-law, aunt, uncle, nephew, stepparent, stepchild, grandparent, or grandchild of the owner or a business entity owned by any one or a combination of these family members.
 - (2) Soil classes, soil ratings or other soil designations used in or made pursuant to this section are those of the Soil Conservation Service in its most

recent publication for that class, rating or designation before November 4, 1993. For purposes of approving a land use application under Section 138.080(A)(8), the soil class, soil rating or other soil designation of a specific lot or parcel may be changed if the property owner:

- (a) Submits a statement of agreement from the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the United States Department of Agriculture that the soil class, soil rating or other soil designation should be adjusted based on new information; or
- (b) Submits a report from a soils scientist whose credentials are acceptable to the State Department of Agriculture that the soil class, soil rating or other soil designation should be changed; and
- (c) Submits a statement from the State Department of Agriculture that the Director of Agriculture or the director's designee has reviewed the report described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph and finds the analysis in the report to be soundly and scientifically based. [ORS 215.710(5)]
- (7) <u>Lot-of-Record Dwelling on High-Value Farmland</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(3)(c)]. A dwelling may be authorized on a tract of land classified as high-value, where the tract meets the following criteria:
 - (a) The Polk County Hearings Officer shall determine whether the subject parcel is a lot-of-record, based on the following criteria:
 - (i) The lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was lawfully created and was acquired and owned continuously by the present owner since prior to January 1, 1985 (Note: Present owner may also qualify, if the property was inherited by devise or intestate secession from a person that acquired and had owned continuously the lawfully created parcel prior to January 1, 1985);
 - (ii) The tract on which the dwelling will be sited is currently vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing);
 - (iii) If the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was part of a tract existing on November 4, 1993 no dwelling exists on another lot or parcel that was part of that tract;
 - (iv) The dwelling meets all other land use regulations, including but not limited to regulations which apply to flood hazard areas, development within the Willamette River Greenway, development in forested areas or development in significant resource areas, such as riparian or big game habitat; and
 - (v) Any adjacent lot(s) or parcel(s) owned by the applicant shall be combined with the subject lot to form a single lot or parcel.
 - (b) The Hearings Officer shall determine that:
 - (i) The parcel cannot practicably be managed for farm use, by itself, or in conjunction with other land, due to extraordinary circumstances inherent in the land or its physical setting that do not apply generally to other land in the vicinity. This criterion requires evidence that the subject lot or parcel cannot be physically used for farm use without undue hardship or difficulty because of extraordinary circumstances inherent in the land or its physical setting. Neither size alone nor a parcel's limited economic potential demonstrate that a lot or parcel cannot be practicably managed for farm use. Examples of "extraordinary circumstances inherent in the land or its physical setting" include very steep slopes, deep ravines, rivers, streams, roads, railroad, or utility lines or other similar natural or physical barriers that by themselves or in combination separate the subject lot or parcel from adjacent agricultural

- land and prevent it from being practicably managed for farm use by itself or together with adjacent or nearby farms. A lot or parcel that has been put to farm use despite the proximity of a natural barrier or since the placement of a physical barrier shall be presumed manageable for farm use;
- (ii) The dwelling will not force a significant change in accepted farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm and forest use;
- (iii) The dwelling will not significantly increase the cost of farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm and forest use; and
- (iv) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed lot-of-record dwelling will not materially alter the stability of the overall land use pattern in the area.
- (v) Notice of the public hearing shall be provided to the State Department of Agriculture at least 20 calendar days prior to the public hearing before the hearings officer. Upon approval, the Planning Director shall notify the County Assessor that the governing body intends to allow the dwelling. [660-033-0130(3)(h)]
- (vi) Authorization of a single-family dwelling under the provisions of this subsection may be transferred by a person who has qualified under this subsection to any other person after the effective date of the land use decision. An authorization to establish a dwelling pursuant to this subsection is valid for the duration specified in Section 138.190 for the applicant that qualified for the dwelling and for any other person that the qualified applicant transferred the property to after the date of the land use decision. [660-033-0130(3)(i)]

Note: As used in this subsection, "owner" includes the wife, husband, son, daughter, mother, father, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, father-in-law, aunt, uncle, nephew, stepparent, stepchild, grandparent, or grandchild of the owner or a business entity owned by any one or a combination of these family members.

- (8) <u>Dwelling for Family Farm Help</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(9)]. A dwelling for family farm help may be authorized, on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator, where the dwelling will be occupied by a relative of the farm operator whose assistance in the management and farm use of the existing commercial farm operation is required by the farm operator. The farm operator shall continue to play the predominant role in the management and use of the farm. A farm operator is a person who operates a farm, doing the work and making the day-to-day decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, feeding and marketing. "Relative" means the farm operator or farm operators' spouse, grandparent, step-grandparent, grandchild, parent, step-parent, child, brother, sister, sibling, step-sibling, niece, nephew, or first cousin of either of the farm operator, or the farm operator's spouse, whose assistance in the management of the farm use is or will be required by the farm operator.
- (9) <u>Accessory Farm Dwellings</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(24)]. Each accessory dwelling customarily provided in conjunction with farm use is authorized, subject to review and approval under the following criteria:
 - (a) Each dwelling will be occupied by a person or persons who will be principally engaged in the farm use of the land and whose assistance in the management of the farm use, such as planting, harvesting, marketing, or caring for livestock, is or will be required by the farm operator. (Note: The farm operator shall continue to play the predominant role in the management and farm use of the farm. A farm operator is a person who operates the farm, doing the work and making the day-to-day decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, feeding and marketing);

- (b) The accessory dwelling will be located:
 - (i) On the same lot or parcel as the primary farm dwelling; or
 - (ii) On the same tract as the primary farm dwelling when the lot or parcel on which the accessory farm dwelling will be sited is consolidated into a single parcel with all other contiguous lots and parcel in the tract; or
 - (iii) On a lot or parcel on which the primary farm dwelling is not located, when the accessory farm dwelling is limited to only a manufactured dwelling with a deed restriction filed with the county clerk. The deed restriction shall require the manufactured dwelling to be removed when the lot or parcel is conveyed to another party. The manufactured dwelling may remain if it is re-authorized under these rules; or
 - (iv) On a lot or parcel on which the primary farm dwelling is not located, when the accessory farm dwelling is limited to only attached multi-unit residential structures allowed by the applicable state building code or similar types of farm labor housing as existing farm labor housing on the farm or ranch operation registered with the Department of Consumer and Business Services, Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division under ORS 658.750. All accessory farm dwellings approved under this subparagraph shall be removed, demolished, or converted to an authorized non-residential use when farm worker housing is no longer required; or
 - (v) On a lot or parcel on which the primary farm dwelling is not located, when the accessory farm dwelling is located on a lot or parcel at least the size of the applicable minimum lot size under ORS 215.780 and the lot or parcel complies with the gross farm income requirements in OAR 660-033-0135(5) or (7), whichever is applicable, and
- (c) There is no other dwelling on lands zoned for exclusive farm use owned by the farm operator that is vacant or currently occupied by persons not working on the subject farm or ranch and that could reasonably be used as an accessory farm dwelling; and
- (d) The primary farm dwelling, to which the proposed dwelling would be accessory, meets one of the following:
 - (i) On land not identified as high-value farmland, the primary farm dwelling is located on a farm or ranch operation that is currently employed for farm use and produced in each of the last two years or three of the last five years, the lower of the following:
 - (A) At least \$40,000 (1994 dollars) in gross annual income from the sale of farm products. In determining the gross income, the cost of purchased livestock shall be deducted from the total gross income attributed to the tract; or
 - (B) Gross annual income of at least the midpoint of the median income range of gross annual sales for farms in the county with gross annual sales of \$10,000 or more according to the 1992 Census of Agriculture, Oregon. (Note: Gross farm income earned from a marijuana crop may not be used to qualify a lot or parcel for a dwelling. In determining the gross income, the cost of purchased livestock shall be deducted from the total gross income attributed to the tract); or
 - (ii) On land identified as high-value farmland, the primary farm dwelling is located on a farm or ranch operation that is currently employed for farm use and has produced at least \$80,000 in gross annual income from the sale of farm products in each of the last two years or three of the last five years. In determining the

- gross income, the cost of purchased livestock shall be deducted from the total gross income attributed to the tract;
- (iii) On land defined as a commercial dairy pursuant to OAR 660-033-0135(11) and the following:
 - (A) The building permits, if required, have been issued and construction has begun or been completed for the buildings and animal waste facilities required for a commercial dairy farm; and
 - (B) The Oregon Department of Agriculture has approved a permit for a "confined animal feeding operation" under ORS 468B.050 and ORS 468B.200 to 468B.230; and
 - (C) The Oregon Department of Agriculture has approved a permit for a Producer License for the sale of dairy products under ORS 621.072.
- (e) A partition shall not be approved that separates the accessory farm dwelling from the primary farm dwelling, unless a subsequent land use application determines that the accessory farm dwelling and the primary farm dwelling both qualify pursuant to the applicable provisions contained in Sections 138.080(A-E). A parcel may be created consistent with the minimum parcel size for the zone.
- (f) An accessory farm dwelling approved pursuant to this section cannot later be used to satisfy the requirements for a dwelling not provided in conjunction with farm use.

<u>Note</u>: "Accessory farm dwellings" include all types of residential structures allowed by the applicable state building code. [Amended by Ordinance 16-01]

- (10) <u>Dwelling in Conjunction with a Commercial Dairy</u> [OAR 660-033-0135(7)]. A dwelling may be considered customarily provided in conjunction with a dairy farm as defined in OAR 660-033-0135(11) if:
 - (a) The subject tract will be employed as a commercial dairy that owns a sufficient number of producing dairy animals capable of earning the gross annual income from the sale of fluid milk required by:
 - (i) Section 138.080(A) if located on high-value farmland; or
 - (ii) Section 138.080(E) if located on non-high-value farmland, whichever is applicable; and
 - (b) The dwelling is sited on the same lot or parcel as the buildings required by the commercial dairy; and
 - (c) The subject tract is vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing,);
 - (d) The dwelling will be occupied by a person or persons who will be principally engaged in the operation of the commercial dairy farm, such as the feeding, milking or pasturing of the dairy animals or other farm use activities necessary to the operation of the commercial dairy farm; and
 - (e) The building permits, if required, have been issued for and construction has begun for the buildings and animal waste facilities required for a commercial dairy farm; and
 - (f) The Oregon Department of Agriculture has approved the following:
 - (i) A permit for a "confined animal feeding operation" under ORS 468B.050 and ORS 468B.200 to 468B.230; and
 - (ii) A producer license for the sale of dairy products under ORS 621.072.

- (11) <u>Relocated Farm Operation Dwelling [OAR 660-033-0135(9)]</u>. A dwelling may be considered customarily provided in conjunction with farm use if:
 - (a) Within the last two years, the applicant owned and operated a farm or ranch operation that earned the gross farm income in the last five years or four of the last seven years as required by Section 138.080(A) or (E), whichever is applicable;
 - (b) The subject lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be located is:
 - (i) Currently employed for the farm use, as defined in Section 110.223, that produced in the last two years or three of the last five years the gross farm income required by Section 138.080(A) or (E), whichever is applicable; and
 - (ii) At least the size of the applicable minimum parcel size; and
 - (c) The subject tract is vacant (no dwellings, excepting lawfully established seasonal farm worker housing); and
 - (d) The dwelling will be occupied by a person or persons who produced the commodities which grossed the income in subsection (a) of this section;
 - (e) In determining the gross income required by subsections (a) and (b)(i), of this section:
 - (i) The cost of purchased livestock shall be deducted from the total gross income attributed to the tract; and
 - (ii) Only gross income from land owned, not leased or rented, shall be counted.
- (B) <u>FOREST</u> Uses subject to administrative review on a tract where the predominate use has been determined to be forest use.

DWELLINGS

- (1) <u>Small Tract, Lot-of-Record Dwelling</u> [OAR 660-006-0027(1)(a)(f)(g)]. A dwelling may be authorized on a lot-of-record. To qualify as a lot-of-record, the parcel must meet the following criteria:
 - (a) The parcel was lawfully created and was acquired and owned continuously by the present owner since prior to January 1, 1985. The owner may also qualify if the property was inherited by devise or intestate secession from a person that acquired and had owned continuously the lawfully created parcel since prior to January 1, 1985.
 - (b) Based on soil types, the tract is not capable of annually producing 5,000 cu. ft. of commercial tree species, as recognized under rules adopted under ORS 527.715 for commercial production.
 - (c) The tract is currently vacant;
 - (d) If the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was part of a tract existing on November 4, 1993 no dwelling exists on another lot or parcel that was part of that tract;
 - (e) The tract is located within 1,500 feet of a public road, as defined by ORS 368.001 that provides or will provide access to the subject tract. The road shall be maintained and either paved or surfaced with rock. The road shall not be a Bureau of Land Management road. The road shall not be a U.S. Forest Service road unless the road is paved to a minimum width of 18 feet, there is at least one defined lane in each direction and a maintenance agreement exists between the U.S. Forest Service and landowners adjacent to the road, Polk County, or a state agency;

- (f) The dwelling complies with limitations on density imposed by the Deer and Elk Winter Range; and
- (g) Where the dwelling is sited on a portion of a tract, the remaining portions under common ownership are consolidated into a single unit of land.
- (h) Authorization to establish a single-family dwelling under the provisions of this subsection may be transferred by a person who has qualified under this subsection to any other person after the effective date of the decision.
- (i) Parcels 10 acres or less in size shall not be required to submit a stocking report prior to receiving a permit for the dwelling as authorized by this subsection.

Note: As used in this subsection, "owner" includes the wife, husband, son, daughter, mother, father, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, father-in-law, aunt, uncle, nephew, stepparent, stepchild, grandparent, or grandchild of the owner or a business entity owned by any one or a combination of these family members.

- (2) <u>Large Tract Forest Land Dwelling</u> [OAR 660-006-0027(2) and (7)]. A dwelling may be authorized on a tract that meets the following criteria:
 - (a) The tract is at least 160 acres in size; or,
 - (b) The tract is part of one ownership, at least 200 acres in size that may be composed of separate vacant tracts of designated forest land in Polk County or its adjacent counties. A deed restriction shall be filed for all tracts that are used to meet the acreage requirements of this subsection, pursuant to the following provisions:
 - (i) The applicant shall provide evidence that the covenants, conditions and restrictions form adopted as Exhibit "A" to OAR 660-006 has been recorded with the County Clerk of the county or counties where the property subject to the covenants, conditions and restrictions is located.
 - (ii) The covenants, conditions and restrictions are irrevocable, unless a statement of release is signed by an authorized representative of the county or counties where the property subject to the covenants, conditions and restrictions is located.
 - (iii) Enforcement of the covenants, conditions and restrictions may be undertaken by the Department of Land Conservation and Development or by the county or counties where the property subject to the covenants, conditions and restrictions is located.
 - (iv) Failure to follow the requirements of this section shall not affect the validity of the transfer of property or the legal remedies available to the buyers of the property which is subject to the covenants, conditions and restrictions required by this section.
 - (v) The Planning Director shall maintain a copy of the covenants, conditions and restrictions filed in the County deed records pursuant to this section and a map or other record depicting tracts which do not qualify for a siting of a dwelling under the covenants, conditions and restrictions filed in the county deed records pursuant to this section. The map or other record required by this section shall be readily available to the public in the Planning Division office.
- (3) <u>Small Tract "Template" Dwelling [OAR 660-006-0027(3)]</u>. A dwelling may be authorized on a tract that meets the following criteria:
 - (a) The tract is less than 60 acres in size;

- (b) The tract meets one of the following:
 - (i) The tract is composed of soils that are capable of annually producing more than 85 cu. ft. per acre of wood fiber if:
 - (A) All or part of at least 11 other lots or parcels that existed on January 1, 1993, are within a 160 acre square centered on the center of the subject tract. If the tract abuts a road that existed as of January 1, 1993, the measurement may be made by creating a 160-acre rectangle that is one mile long and one-quarter mile wide centered on the center of the subject tract and aligned with the road to the maximum extent possible; and
 - (B) At least three (3) dwellings existed on January 1, 1993 and continue to exist on the other lots or parcels; or
- (c) The tract is composed of soils that are capable of annually producing 50 to 85 cu. ft. per acre of wood fiber if:
 - (i) All or part of at least seven (7) other lots or parcels that existed on January 1, 1993, are within a 160 acre square centered on the center of the subject tract. If the tract abuts a road that existed as of January 1, 1993, the measurement may be made by creating a 160-acre rectangle that is one mile long and one-quarter mile wide centered on the center of the subject tract and aligned with the road to the maximum extent possible; and
 - (ii) At least three (3) dwellings existed on January 1, 1993 and continue to exist on the other lots or parcels; or
- (d) The tract is composed of soils that are capable of annually producing 0 to 49 cu. ft. per acre of wood fiber if:
 - (i) All or part of at least three (3) other lots or parcels that existed on January 1, 1993, are within a 160 acre square centered on the center of the subject tract. If the tract abuts a road that existed as of January 1, 1993, the measurement may be made by creating a 160-acre rectangle that is one mile long and one-quarter mile wide centered on the center of the subject tract and aligned with the road to the maximum extent possible; and
 - (ii) At least three (3) dwellings existed on January 1, 1993 and continue to exist on the other lots or parcels.
- (e) The tract contains no dwellings on other lots or parcels that make up the tract.
- (f) The tract is not subject to deed restrictions established under OAR 660-006-0027(6) and Section 138.080(B)(2)(b) of this Ordinance.
- (g) Parcels 10 acres or less in size shall not be required to submit a stocking report prior to receiving a permit for the dwelling as authorized by this subsection.
- (h) Lots or parcels within urban growth boundaries may not be used to satisfy the eligibility requirements under subsections 138.080(B)(3).
- (i) The lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was lawfully established;
- (j) Any property line adjustment to the lot or parcel complied with the applicable property line adjustment provisions in ORS 92.192;
- (k) Any property line adjustment to the lot or parcel after January 1, 2019, did not have the effect of qualifying the lot or parcel for a dwelling under this section; and
- (1) If the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was part of a tract on January 1, 2019, no dwelling existed on the tract on that date, and no dwelling exists or has been approved on another lot or parcel that was part of the tract.

- Note: Prior to November 1, 2023, a county may allow the establishment of a single-family dwelling on a lot or parcel that was part of a tract on January 1, 2021, if:
 - 1. No more than one other dwelling exists or has been approved on another lot or parcel that was part of the tract; and
 - 2. The lot or parcel qualifies, notwithstanding PCZO 138.080(B)(3)(l) for a dwelling under PCZO 138.080(B)(3). [Amended by Ordinance 23-01]
- (4) <u>Large Tract "Template" Dwelling [OAR 660-006-0027(5)]</u>. A dwelling may be authorized on a tract that meets the following criteria:
 - (a) The tract is 60 acres or larger in size;
 - (b) The tract meets one of the following:
 - (i) The tract is composed of soils that are capable of annually producing more than 85 cu. ft. per acre of wood fiber if:
 - (ii) All or part of at least 11 other lots or parcels that existed on January 1, 1993, are within a 160 acre square centered on the center of the subject tract. However, if the tract abuts a road or perennial stream, the measurement shall be made by creating a 160-acre rectangle that is one mile long and one-quarter mile wide centered on the center of the subject tract and aligned with the road or stream to the maximum extent possible; and
 - (iii) At least three (3) dwellings existed on January 1, 1993 and continue to exist on the other lots or parcels; or
 - (c) The tract is composed of soils that are capable of annually producing 50 to 85 cu. ft. per acre of wood fiber if:
 - (i) All or part of at least seven (7) other lots or parcels that existed on January 1, 1993, are within a 160 acre square centered on the center of the subject tract. However, if the tract abuts a road or perennial stream, the measurement shall be made by creating a 160-acre rectangle that is one mile long and one-quarter mile wide centered on the center of the subject tract and aligned with the road or stream to the maximum extent possible; and
 - (ii) At least three (3) dwellings existed on January 1, 1993 and continue to exist on the other lots or parcels; or
 - (d) The tract is composed of soils that are capable of annually producing 0 to 49 cu. ft. per acre of wood fiber if:
 - (i) All or part of at least three (3) other lots or parcels that existed on January 1, 1993, are within a 160 acre centered on the center of the subject tract. However, if the tract abuts a road or perennial stream, the measurement shall be made by creating a 160-acre rectangle that is one mile long and one-quarter mile wide centered on the center of the subject tract and aligned with the road or stream to the maximum extent possible; and
 - (ii) At least three (3) dwellings existed on January 1, 1993 and continue to exist on the other lots or parcels; and,
 - (e) If the tract is situated such that the road or stream crosses the tract, at least one (1) of the three (3) required dwellings shall be on the same side of the road or stream as the proposed dwelling, and within the 160-acre rectangle or within 1/4 mile from the edge of the tract where the dwelling will be located, but not outside the length of the rectangle.
 - (f) The tract contains no dwellings on other lots or parcels that make up the tract.

- (g) The tract is not subject to deed restrictions established under OAR 660-006-0027(6) and Section 138.080(B)(2)(b) of this Ordinance.
- (h) Lots or parcels within urban growth boundaries may not be used to satisfy the eligibility requirements under subsections 138.080(B)(4).
- (i) The lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was lawfully established;
- (j) Any property line adjustment to the lot or parcel complied with the applicable property line adjustment provisions in ORS 92.192;
- (k) Any property line adjustment to the lot or parcel after January 1, 2019, did not have the effect of qualifying the lot or parcel for a dwelling under this section; and
- (1) If the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be sited was part of a tract on January 1, 2019, no dwelling existed on the tract on that date, and no dwelling exists or has been approved on another lot or parcel that was part of the tract. [Amended by Ordinance 21-01]

Note: Prior to November 1, 2023, a county may allow the establishment of a single-family dwelling on a lot or parcel that was part of a tract on January 1, 2021, if:

- 1. No more than one other dwelling exists or has been approved on another lot or parcel that was part of the tract; and
- 2. The lot or parcel qualifies, notwithstanding PCZO 138.080(B)(4)(l) for a dwelling under PCZO 138.080(B)(4). [Amended by Ordinance 23-01]

138.090 CONDITIONAL USES BASED ON THE DETERMINATION OF PREDOMINANT USE OF TRACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 138.070, the following conditional uses may be approved, subject to compliance with the procedures and criteria under Chapter 119, the general siting standards for dwellings and structures under Section 138.110, the fire siting standards for dwellings and structures under 138.120, applicable state and federal regulations, and other specific criteria as may be indicated: [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

(A) <u>FARM LAND TRACT</u> - Uses permitted as conditional uses on a tract where the predominate use has been determined to be farm use:

DWELLINGS

- (1) <u>Nonfarm Dwelling Not High-Value Farmland</u>, (except as noted) [OAR 660-033-0130(4)(a)]. A nonfarm dwelling may be authorized on a parcel, <u>not</u> classified as high-value farmland, except as noted, subject to the following criteria:
 - (a) The dwelling will not force a significant change in accepted farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm and forest use;
 - (b) The dwelling will not significantly increase the cost of farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm and forest use;
 - (c) The dwelling will be placed on a lot or parcel created before January 1, 1993;
 - (d) The dwelling will be located on a parcel that is predominately composed of NRCS Class IV through VIII soils that, when irrigated, would not be classified as prime or unique, Class I or II soils (Note: This includes those Class IV soils defined as high-value farmland in OAR 660-033-0020(c));

- (e) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed nonfarm dwelling will not materially alter the stability of the overall land use pattern of the area. To address this standard, the applicant shall prepare a cumulative impact study that:
 - (i) Includes at least 2,000 acres or a smaller area not less than 1,000 acres, if the smaller area is a distinct agricultural area based on topography, soil types, land use pattern, or the type of farm or ranch operations or practices that distinguish it from other, adjacent agricultural areas. Findings shall described the study area its boundaries, the location of the subject parcel within this area, why the selected area is representative of the land use pattern surrounding the subject parcels and is adequate to conduct the analysis required by this standard. Lands zoned for rural residential or other urban or non-resource uses shall be identified but not be included in the study area;
 - (ii) The cumulative impacts study shall identify the broad types of farm uses (irrigated or non-irrigated corps, pasture or grazing lands), the number, location and type of existing dwellings (farm, nonfarm, hardship, etc), and the dwelling development trends since 1993. Determine the potential number of nonfarm / lot-of-record dwellings that could be approved under Subsections 138.080(A)(8) and (10) and 138.090(A)(1). The study shall identify the predominant soil classifications, the parcels created prior to January 1, 1993 and the parcels larger than the minimum lot size that may be divided to create new parcels for nonfarm dwellings under Section 138.090(A)(2) and Section 138.140(A)(2)(c). Findings shall describe the existing land use pattern of the study area including the distribution and arrangement of existing uses and the land use pattern that could result from approval of the possible nonfarm dwellings under this subparagraph;
 - (iii) Describes whether the proposed dwelling in conjunction with the dwellings identified in (ii) above will make it more difficult for the existing types of farms in the area to continue operation due to diminished opportunities to expand, purchase or lease farmland, acquire water rights or diminish the number of tracts or acreage in farm use in a manner that will destabilize the overall character of the study area. Determine whether approval of the proposed nonfarm dwelling together with existing nonfarm dwellings will materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area. (Note: The stability of the land use pattern will be materially altered if the cumulative effect of existing and potential nonfarm dwellings will make it more difficult for the existing types of farms in the area to continue operation due to diminished opportunities to expand, purchase or lease farmland, acquire water rights or diminish the number of tracts or acreage in farm use in a manner that will destabilize the overall character of the study area).
- (f) The county shall consider the cumulative impact of possible new nonfarm and lot-of-record dwellings together with existing nonfarm dwellings on other lots or parcels in the area when determining whether the proposed nonfarm dwelling will alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area.
- (g) The dwelling complies with other applicable conditions.
- <u>Note</u>: The parcel qualifying for a dwelling under this section shall be disqualified for Farm Use Assessment pursuant to ORS 215.236.
- (2) <u>Nonfarm Dwelling on a Nonfarm Parcel Not High-Value Farmland</u> [OAR 660-033-0130(4)(b)]. A nonfarm dwelling may be authorized on a nonfarm parcel created under Section 138.130(A)(2)(c), subject to the following criteria:
 - (a) The dwelling will not force a significant change in accepted farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm and forest use;

- (b) The dwelling will not significantly increase the cost of farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm and forest use;
- (c) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed nonfarm dwelling will not materially alter the stability of the overall land use pattern of the area. To address this standard, the applicant shall prepare a cumulative impact study that:
 - (i) Includes at least 2,000 acres or a smaller area not less than 1,000 acres, if the smaller area is a distinct agricultural area based on topography, soil types, land use pattern, or the type of farm or ranch operations or practices that distinguish it from other, adjacent agricultural areas. Findings shall described the study area its boundaries, the location of the subject parcel within this area, why the selected area is representative of the land use pattern surrounding the subject parcels and is adequate to conduct the analysis required by this standard. Lands zoned for rural residential or other urban or non-resource uses shall be identified, but not included in the study area;
 - (ii) The cumulative impacts study shall identify the broad types of farm uses (irrigated or non-irrigated corps, pasture or grazing lands), the number, location and type of existing dwellings (farm, nonfarm, hardship, etc), and the dwelling development trends since 1993. Determine the potential number of nonfarm / lot-of-record dwellings that could be approved under Subsections 138.080(A)(8) and (10) and 138.090(A)(1). The study shall identify the predominant soil classifications, the parcels created prior to January 1, 1993 and the parcels larger than the minimum lot size that may be divided to create new parcels for nonfarm dwellings under Section 138.090(A)(2) and Section 138.140(A)(2)(c). Findings shall describe the existing land use pattern of the study area including the distribution and arrangement of existing uses and the land use pattern that could result from approval of the possible nonfarm dwellings under this subparagraph;
 - (iii) Describes whether the proposed dwelling in conjunction with the dwellings identified in (ii) above will make it more difficult for the existing types of farms in the area to continue operation due to diminished opportunities to expand, purchase or lease farmland, acquire water rights or diminish the number of tracts or acreage in farm use in a manner that will destabilize the overall character of the study area. Determine whether approval of the proposed nonfarm dwelling together with existing nonfarm dwellings will materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area. (Note: The stability of the land use pattern will be materially altered if the cumulative effect of existing and potential nonfarm dwellings will make it more difficult for the existing types of farms in the area to continue operation due to diminished opportunities to expand, purchase or lease farmland, acquire water rights or diminish the number of tracts or acreage in farm use in a manner that will destabilize the overall character of the study area).
- (d) The county shall consider the cumulative impact of possible new nonfarm and lot-of-record dwellings together with existing nonfarm dwellings on other lots or parcels in the area when determining whether the proposed nonfarm dwelling will alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area.
- (e) The dwelling complies with other applicable conditions.

<u>Note</u>: The parcel qualifying for a dwelling under this section shall be disqualified for Farm Use Assessment pursuant to ORS 215.236.

(B) <u>FOREST LAND TRACT</u> - Uses permitted as conditional uses on a tract where the predominate use has been determined to be forest use.

PARKS/PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC FACILITIES

- (1) Youth Camp A youth camp may be established pursuant to the standards and limitations in OAR 660-006-0031. Changes to or expansions of youth camps established prior to June 14, 2000 shall be subject to the provisions of ORS 215.130.

 [Amended by Ordinances 01-10 and 11-03]
- **138.100 GENERAL REVIEW STANDARDS** [OAR 660-033-0130(5) and OAR 660-006-0025(5)]. To ensure compatibility with farming and forest activities, the Planning Director or hearings body shall determine that the proposed use meets the following requirements:
- (A) The use will not force a significant change in, or significantly increase the cost of, accepted farming or forest practices on agriculture or forest lands.
- (B) The use will not significantly increase fire hazard or significantly increase fire suppression costs or significantly increase risks to fire suppression personnel;
- (C) A written statement recorded with the deed or written contract with the county or its equivalent shall be obtained from the land owner that recognizes the rights of adjacent and nearby land owners to conduct forest operations consistent with the Forest Practices Act and Rules. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

138.105 EXPANSION AND UGB PROXIMITY STANDARDS [OAR 660-033-0130(2)].

- (A) No enclosed structure with a design capacity greater than 100 people, or group of structures with a total design capacity of greater than 100 people, shall be approved in connection with the use within three miles of an urban growth boundary, unless an exception is approved pursuant to ORS 197.732 and OAR chapter 660, division 4, or unless the structure is described in a master plan adopted under the provisions of OAR chapter 660, division 34.
- (B) Any enclosed structures or group of enclosed structures described in subsection (a) within a tract must be separated by at least one-half mile. For purposes of this section, "tract" means a tract as defined by ORS 215.010(2) that is in existence as of June 17, 2010.
- (C) Existing facilities wholly within a farm use zone may be maintained, enhanced or expanded on the same tract, subject to other requirements of law, but enclosed existing structures within a farm use zone within three miles of an urban growth boundary may not be expanded beyond the requirements of this rule. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

138.110 GENERAL SITING STANDARDS FOR DWELLINGS AND STRUCTURES [OAR 660-006-0029]. The following standards apply to all new dwellings and structures: [Amended by Ordinance 11-03 and 23-01]

- (A) The following siting criteria or their equivalent shall apply to all new dwellings and structures in forest and agriculture/forest zones. These criteria are designed to make such uses compatible with forest operations and agriculture, to minimize wildfire hazards and risks and to conserve values found on forest lands. Dwellings and structures shall be sited on the parcel so that:
 - (1) They have the least impact on nearby or adjoining forest or agricultural lands;
 - (2) The siting ensures that adverse impacts on forest operations and accepted farming practices on the tract will be minimized;
 - (3) The amount of forest lands used to site access roads, service corridors, the dwelling and structures is minimized; and
 - (4) The risks associated with wildfire are minimized.
- (B) Siting criteria satisfying subsection (A) may include setbacks from adjoining properties, clustering near or among existing structures, siting close to existing roads and siting on that portion of the parcel least suited for growing trees.

- (C) The applicant shall provide evidence to the governing body that the domestic water supply is from a source authorized in accordance with the Water Resources Department's administrative rules for the appropriation of ground water or surface water and not from a Class II stream as defined in the Forest Practices rules (OAR chapter 629). For purposes of this section, evidence of a domestic water supply means:
 - (1) Verification from a water purveyor that the use described in the application will be served by the purveyor under the purveyor's rights to appropriate water;
 - (2) A water use permit issued by the Water Resources Department for the use described in the application; or
 - (3) Verification from the Water Resources Department that a water use permit is not required for the use described in the application. If the proposed water supply is from a well and is exempt from permitting requirements under ORS 537.545, the applicant shall submit the well constructor's report to the county upon completion of the well.
- (D) As a condition of approval, if road access to the dwelling is by a road owned and maintained by a private party or by the Oregon Department of Forestry, the U.S. Bureau of Land Management or the U.S. Forest Service, then the applicant shall provide proof of a long-term road access use permit or agreement. The road use permit may require the applicant to agree to accept responsibility for road maintenance.
- (E) Approval of a dwelling on a parcel or tract which is larger than 10 acres in size shall be subject to the following requirements:
 - (1) Approval of a dwelling requires the owner of the tract to plant a sufficient number of trees on the tract to demonstrate that the tract is reasonably expected to meet Department of Forestry stocking requirements at the time specified in the Department of Forestry administrative rules.
 - (2) The Planning Department shall notify the Polk County Assessor of the above condition at the time the dwelling is approved.
 - (3) The property owner shall submit a stocking survey report to the Polk County Assessor and the Assessor shall verify that the minimum stocking requirements have been met by the time required by the Department of Forestry Rules.
 - (4) Upon notification by the Assessor, the Department of Forestry will determine whether the tract meets minimum stocking requirements of the Forest Practices Act. If the Department determines that the tract does not meet those requirements, the department will notify the owner and the Assessor that the land is not being managed as forest land. The Assessor will then remove the forest land designation pursuant to ORS 321.359 and impose additional tax.

138.120 FIRE SITING STANDARDS FOR DWELLINGS AND STRUCTURES [OAR 660-006-0035]. The following standards apply to all new dwellings and structures: [Amended by Ordinance 11-03 and 23-01]

(A) The dwelling shall be located upon a parcel within a fire protection district or shall be provided with residential fire protection by contract. If the dwelling is not within a fire protection district, the applicant shall provide evidence that the applicant has asked to be included within the nearest such district. If the governing body determines that inclusion within a fire protection district or contracting for residential fire protection is impracticable, the governing body may provide an alternative means for protecting the dwelling from fire hazards. The means selected may include a fire sprinkling system, onsite equipment and water storage or other methods that are reasonable, given the site conditions. If a water supply is required for fire protection, it shall be a swimming pool, pond, lake, or similar body of water that at all times contains at least 4,000 gallons or a

stream that has a continuous year round flow of at least one cubic foot per second. The applicant shall provide verification from the Water Resources Department that any permits or registrations required for water diversion or storage have been obtained or that permits or registrations are not required for the use. Road access shall be provided to within 15 feet of the water's edge for firefighting pumping units. The road access shall accommodate the turnaround of firefighting equipment during the fires season. Permanent signs shall be posted along the access route to indicate the location of the emergency water source.

- (B) Road access to the structure shall meet the County road design standards.
- (C) The owners of the dwellings and structures shall maintain a primary fuel-free break area surrounding all structures and clear and maintain a secondary fuel-free break area on land surrounding the dwelling that is owned or controlled by the owner in accordance with the provisions in "Recommended Fire Siting Standards for Dwellings and Structures and Fire Safety Design Standards for Roads" dated March 1, 1991, and published by the Oregon Department of Forestry.
- (D) The dwelling shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) The dwelling has a fire retardant roof.
 - (2) The dwelling will not be sited on a slope of greater than 40 percent.
 - (3) If the dwelling has a chimney or chimneys, each chimney has a spark arrester.

138.130 LAND DIVISION REQUIREMENTS [OAR 660-006-055, OAR 660-006-0026, and OAR 660-033-0100]. No land(s) located within the Farm/Forest Zoning District shall be divided without the expressed approval of Polk County under the provisions of Chapter 138 and the Polk County Subdivision and Partition Ordinance. A plat shall be prepared by a registered surveyor to document the land partition. Upon final approval of the plat, the survey shall be recorded by the Polk County Clerk. A deed or instrument conveying land in lieu of foreclosure shall not constitute a foreclosure action.

- (A) Except as provided in Section 138.130(B-L), the minimum parcel size within the Farm/Forest Zoning District shall be 40 acres, and the minimum parcel size within the Farm/Forest Overlay Zone shall be 80 acres; or
- (B) <u>Nonfarm, Nonresidential Parcels</u> [OAR 660-033-0100(10)]. A parcel for nonfarm, nonresidential uses authorized by this Ordinance may be created, subject to compliance with the procedural and technical requirements of ORS Chapter 92, the Polk County Subdivision and Partitioning Ordinance and the following criteria:
 - (1) A preliminary site plan shall be submitted that depicts the proposed lot boundaries and the location of all existing and proposed buildings, structures and related facilities, to include the on-site septic system and repair areas, water facilities, utility easements, vehicular access, circulation, parking and loading areas;
 - (2) The proposed parcel shall be sized to meet, but shall not exceed, the requirements of the nonfarm use and development as depicted on the preliminary site plan;
 - (3) Each parcel shall be provided legal access to a public road by frontage or easement. The minimum frontage or easement width shall be 50 feet;
 - (4) Prior to filing the partition plat, each parcel shall be evaluated for on-site septic use, or a waiver submitted from a party that has agreed to purchase the parcel, subject to approval of the land partition. The owner may also waive the evaluation, subject to the filing of a restriction on the deed which precludes the placement of a dwelling on the parcel;

- (5) A partition plat shall be filed within two (2) years from the effective date of preliminary approval for each parcel (Note: One year extensions may be requested prior to expiration of the approval).
- (C) <u>Parcel for a Nonfarm Single-Family Residence Not High-Value</u> [OAR 660-033-0100(11)]. A parcel for nonfarm residential use may be created, subject to compliance with the requirements of the Polk County Subdivision and Partitioning Ordinance and the following criteria:
 - (1) The proposed nonfarm parcel is intended for the siting of a nonfarm dwelling authorized by this Ordinance;
 - (2) The proposed parcel is not less than 20 acres in size;
 - (3) The parent parcel is not stocked to the requirements of ORS 527.610 to 527.770;
 - (4) The parent parcel is composed of at least 95 percent NRCS Class VI through VIII soils;
 - (5) The parcel is composed of at least 95 percent soils not capable of producing 50 cubic feet per acre per year of wood fiber; and
 - (6) The proposed nonfarm parcel is disqualified from special farm use tax assessment, as required under ORS 215.236.
 - (7) A subdivision or series partition, to create non-farm, residential parcels is prohibited. "Series partition" is defined as a series of partitions of land which results in the creation of four or more parcels over a period of more than one calendar year.
- (D) <u>Nonfarm Parcel for Public Parks or Open Space</u> [ORS 215.263(10)]. A parcel for public parks or open space may be created when the land partition is for the purpose of allowing a provider of public parks or open space, or a not-for-profit land conservation organization, to purchase at least one of the resulting parcels subject to the following criteria:
 - (1) A parcel created by the land partition that contains a dwelling is large enough to support continued residential use of the parcel.
 - (2) A parcel created pursuant to this subsection that does not contain a dwelling:
 - (a) Is not eligible for siting a dwelling, except as may be authorized under ORS 195.120;
 - (b) May not be considered in approving or denying an application for siting any other dwelling;
 - (c) May not be considered in approving a redesignation or rezoning of forestlands or farmlands except for a redesignation or rezoning to allow a public park, open space or other natural resource use; and
 - (3) A parcel created pursuant to this subsection may not be smaller than 25 acres unless the purpose of the land partition is:
 - (a) To facilitate the creation of a wildlife or pedestrian corridor or the implementation of a wildlife habitat protection plan; or
 - (b) To allow a transaction in which at least one party is a public park or open space provider, or a not-for-profit land conservation organization, that has cumulative ownership of at least 2,000 acres of open space or park property.
 - (4) A partition plat shall be filed within two years from the effective date of preliminary approval for each parcel (Note: One year extensions may be requested prior to expiration of the approval).

- (E) <u>Nonfarm Parcel for Historic Property</u> [ORS 215.263(9)(b)]. A parcel for historic property may be created if the historic property would contain a dwelling listed on the Polk County Historic Inventory and on the National Register of Historic Places.
 - (1) A partition plat shall be filed within two years from the effective date of preliminary approval for each parcel (Note: One year extensions may be requested prior to expiration of the approval).
- (F) Nonfarm Parcel for a Residential Home [ORS 215.263(9)(a)]. A parcel for a residential home as defined in ORS 197.660(2) may be created for a residential home approved under Section 138.060(I) if the dwelling has been approved under Section 138.090(A)(1), or Section 138.090(A)(2). A partition plat shall be filed within two years from the effective date of preliminary approval for each parcel (Note: One year extensions may be requested prior to expiration of the approval).
- (G) Nonfarm Parcel for a Church [ORS 215.263(11)]. A parcel may be created to establish a church including cemeteries in conjunction with the church if they meet the following requirements:
 - (1) The church has been approved under Section 138.050(I);
 - (2) The newly created parcel is not larger than five acres; and
 - (3) The remaining parcel, not including the church, meets the minimum parcel size described in Section 138.130(A)(1) OR 138.130(F)(1) either by itself or after it is consolidated with another parcel or lot.
 - (4) A partition plat shall be filed within two years from the effective date of preliminary approval for each parcel. (Note: One year extensions may be requested prior to expiration of the approval.)
- (H)Land Divisions Creating Parcels Less Than the Minimum Parcel Size of the Zone, listed in Section 138.130(A) or (B), may only be approved for uses listed in Sections 138.040 (F), (N), (V) and (Z), 138.050(H), 138.060 (A-C), (L), (S), (T), (V), (W), (Y), (Z-BB) and (GG), provided that those uses have been approved pursuant to Section 138.100 of this Ordinance. Such divisions shall create a parcel that is the minimum size necessary for the use. Required building setbacks for these parcels will be determined on a case-by-case basis through the conditional use process and may vary from those required under Section 138.060, 138.090 and Chapter 112 based upon the specific use authorized by the land use decision. The landowner of a parcel created under this subsection shall provide evidence that a restrictive covenant has been recorded with the County Clerk's Office for the subject property. The restrictive covenant shall prohibit the landowner and the landowner's successor's in interest from further dividing the parcel. The restrictive covenant shall be irrevocable unless a statement of release is signed by the Polk County Planning Director indicating that the comprehensive plan designation is no longer applicable to the parcel and that the property is no longer subject to Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 4 (Forest Lands). The restrictive covenant shall also be irrevocable unless the land division is subsequently authorized by law or by change in Goal 4. The property owner shall also record a deed restriction in the office of the Polk County Clerk as required by Section 138.140.
- (I) <u>A Land Division Creating a Parcel for an Existing Dwelling</u> subject to the following requirements:
 - (1) The parcel shall not be larger than five acres, except as necessary to recognize physical factors such as roads or streams, in which case the parcel shall not be larger than ten acres;
 - (2) The dwelling existed prior to June 1, 1995;

- (3) The remaining parcel, not containing the dwelling, meets the minimum land division standards of the zone, or when consolidated with another parcel, meets the minimum land division standards of the zone;
- (4) The remaining parcel, not containing the dwelling, is not entitled to a dwelling unless subsequently authorized by law or goal; and
- (5) The tract shall be predominantly in forest use and that portion in forest use qualified for special assessment under a program under ORS chapter 321.
- (6) The landowner of a parcel created under this subsection shall provide evidence that a restrictive covenant has been recorded with the County Clerk's Office for the subject property. The restrictive covenant shall prohibit the landowner and the landowner's successors in interest from further dividing the parcel. The restrictive covenant shall be irrevocable unless a statement of release is signed by the Polk County Planning Director indicating that the comprehensive plan designation is no longer applicable to the parcel and that the property is no longer subject to Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 4 (Forest Lands). The restrictive covenant shall also be irrevocable unless the land division is subsequently authorized by law or by change in Goal 4. The property owner shall also record a deed restriction in the office of the Polk County Clerk as required by Section 138.140.
- (7) The landowner of a parcel created under this subsection section shall provide evidence that a restrictive covenant on the remaining parcel, not containing the dwelling, has been recorded with the county clerk of the county where the property is located. The restriction shall allow no dwellings unless authorized by law or goal on land zoned for forest use except as permitted under subsection (2) of this section.
- (8) The remainder of the tract shall not qualify for any uses allowed under ORS 215.213 and 215.283 that are not allowed on forestland.
- (J) <u>A Land Division to Facilitate a Forest Practice</u>, as defined in ORS 527.620 that results in a parcel that does not meet the minimum area requirement of subsection 138.130(A)(1). The applicant shall provide evidence to demonstrate that there are unique property specific characteristics present in the proposed parcel that require an amount of land smaller than the minimum parcel size for the zone in order to conduct the forest practice. Parcels created pursuant to this subsection:
 - (1) Shall not be eligible for siting a new dwelling;
 - (2) Shall not serve as the justification for the siting of a future dwelling on other parcels;
 - (3) Shall not result in a parcel of less than 35 acres, except:
 - (a) Where the purpose of the land division is to facilitate an exchange of lands involving a governmental agency, or
 - (b) Where the purpose of the land division is to allow transactions in which at least one participant is a person with a cumulative ownership of at least 2,000 acres of forestland in Oregon; and
 - (4) If associated with the creation of a parcel where a dwelling is involved, shall not result in a parcel less than the minimum parcel size of the zone.
 - (5) A partition plat shall be filed within two years from the effective date of preliminary approval for each parcel. (Note: One year extensions may be requested prior to expiration of the approval.)
- (K) A Division of a Lot or Parcel that Contains Two or More Dwellings if:
 - (1) At least two dwellings lawfully existed on the lot or parcel prior to November 4, 1993;

- (2) Each dwelling complies with the criteria for a replacement dwelling under Section 138.050(I);
- (3) Except for one lot or parcel, each lot or parcel created under this section is between two and five acres in size;
- (4) At least one dwelling is located on each lot or parcel created under this section; and
- (5) The landowner of a lot or parcel created under this paragraph provides evidence that a restriction prohibiting the landowner and the landowner's successors in interest from further dividing the lot or parcel has been recorded with the Polk County Clerk. A restriction imposed under this paragraph shall be irrevocable unless a statement of release is signed by the Planning Director indicating that the comprehensive plan or land use regulations applicable to the lot or parcel have been changed so that the lot or parcel is no longer subject to Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 4 (Forest Lands). The restrictive covenant shall also be irrevocable unless the land division is subsequently authorized by law or by change in Goal 4. The property owner shall also record a deed restriction in the office of the Polk County Clerk as required by Section 177.120. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (6) A lot or parcel may not be divided under this section if an existing dwelling on the lot or parcel was approved under:
 - (a) A statute, an administrative rule or a land use regulation as defined in ORS 197.015 that required removal of the dwelling or that prohibited subsequent division of the lot or parcel; or
 - (b) A farm use zone provision that allowed both farm and forest uses in a mixed farm and forest use zone under Goal 4 (Forest Lands). [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- (L) <u>Partition along an Urban Growth Boundary</u> [ORS 215.785] A parcel that is located partially within the F/F or FFO zone and partially within an urban growth boundary and is designated for urban uses, may be partitioned subject to the following criteria:
 - (1) The partition occurs along the urban growth boundary; and
 - (2) If the parcel contains a dwelling, the parcel must be large enough to support continued residential use;
 - (3) If the parcel does not contain a dwelling, the parcel:
 - (a) Is not eligible for a dwelling, except as authorized by ORS 195.120;
 - (b) May not be considered in approving or denying an application for siting any other dwelling; and
 - (c) May not be considered in approving or redesignation or rezoning of forestlands under the acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations, except for a redesignation or rezoning to allow a public park, open space or other natural resource use.
 - (4) The owner of the parcel not containing a dwelling shall record with the County Clerk an irrevocable deed restriction prohibiting the owner and all successors in interest from pursuing a cause of action or claim of relief alleging injury from farming or forest practices for which a claim or action is not allowed under ORS 30.936 or 30.937. [Amended by Ordinance 19-01]
- **138.140 NON-REMONSTRANCE DEED RESTRICTION** Pursuant to OAR 660-006-0029 (4)(e), for any dwelling, residential facility, private park, reservoir or water impoundment, home occupation, or private fishing or hunting accommodations approved under sections 138.050, 138.060, 138.080 and 138.090, and partitions approved under subsections 138.130(D) and (H)

through (K), the landowner for the property shall be required to sign and record a deed restriction binding the landowner and the landowner's successors in interest, prohibiting them from pursuing a claim for relief or cause of action alleging injury from farming or forest practices for which no action or claim is allowed under ORS 30.936 to 30.937. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]

- **138.150 NONCONFORMING USES** The lawful use of any building, structure or land at the time of the enactment of this ordinance may be continued. Alteration of any such use shall be permitted when necessary to comply with local, state or federal regulations pertaining to the use and development of land and the buildings and structures thereon. A nonconforming use is transferable, however, any significant change in, or replacement of, the nonconforming use may require permits under current building and land development codes.
- **138.160 PROHIBITED USES** It is unlawful to erect, alter or establish in the Farm/Forest Zoning District any building, structure or use not authorized and approved under the standards and procedures in this Ordinance.
- **138.170 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS** All uses that occur in this zone are subject to development standards adopted by Polk County.

138.180 PERIOD OF VALIDITY FOR ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW USES [OAR 660-033-0140(1) through (4)]

- (A) A land use application authorizing a use subject to administrative review, except for a land division and those residential uses specified in Section 138.190, shall be valid for two (2) years from the effective date of the land use decision. The land use approval authorizing such use shall be void at the end of the validity period if development action is not initiated in that period. The Planning Director may grant an extension to the validity period for an additional year if:
 - (1) The applicant makes a written request for an extension of the development approval period;
 - (2) The written request is submitted to the Planning Division, on the form provided by the Planning Division, prior to the expiration of the approval period;
 - (3) The applicant states reasons that prevented the applicant from beginning or continuing development within the approval period; and
 - (4) The Planning Director determines that the applicant was unable to begin or continue development during the approval period for reasons for which the applicant was not responsible.
- (B) The Planning Director may authorize additional one-year extensions where the applicable criteria for the decision have not changed.
- (C) Approval of an extension granted under this section is an administrative decision, is not a land use decision as described in ORS 197.015 and is not subject to appeal as a land use decision. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- Note: A land use decision granted herein does not vest (guarantee) the right of the property owner to use the property as authorized in the land use decision in perpetuity. The property owner is responsible for completing required conditions and establishing and continuing the use in order to retain a vested right. The property owner is advised to consult with an attorney to determine the appropriate actions necessary to obtain and retain rights of use authorized by a land use decision.

138.190 PERIOD OF VALIDITY FOR SPECIFIC RESIDENTIAL USES. [OAR 660-033-0140(5) and (6)]

- (A) A land use application authorizing a dwelling, outside of an urban growth boundary pursuant to the provisions of Sections 138.040(X); 138.050(I); 138.080(A)(2), (6), and (7); 138.080(B)(1) through (4); and 138.090(A)(1) and (2), shall be valid for four (4) years from the effective date of the land use decision. The land use approval authorizing such use shall be void at the end of the validity period if development action is not initiated in that period.
- (B) The Planning Director may grant an extension for two additional years if the applicant makes a written request for an extension of the development approval period. The extension request shall be submitted on the form provided by the Planning Division and shall be submitted to the Planning Division prior to the expiration of the approval period.
- (C) Approval of an extension granted under this section is an administrative decision, is not a land use decision as described in ORS 197.015 and is not subject to appeal as a land use decision. [Amended by Ordinance 11-03]
- Note: A land use decision granted herein does not vest (guarantee) the right of the property owner to use the property as authorized in the land use decision in perpetuity. The property owner is responsible for completing required conditions and establishing and continuing the use in order to retain a vested right. The property owner is advised to consult with an attorney to determine the appropriate actions necessary to obtain and retain rights of use authorized by a land use decision.